

# MAECCANO.

(TRADE MARK 296321)

## INSTRUCTIONS

BOOK No. 1.

1/3

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No: 16

**ENGLISH EDITION** 

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Bryn-Jaw

# **MECCANO**

Hornby's Original System, First Patented 1901

PATENTS & DESIGNS, GREAT BRITAIN:

577,207 648,958

577,272

22,962-13 20,535-13

21,117-12

4564-15

2085-11

4183-14

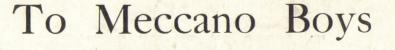
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PATENTED THROUGHOUT THE WORLD ( )

Morrison des manderes



YOUR Meccano Outfit contains a number of accurately made and finished engineering parts, which enable you to duplicate any and every movement known to mechanism.

The value of a constructional system does not lie in the number of parts which it contains, but entirely in the uses to which the various parts can be put. It is a sweeping statement to make, but a perfectly true one, that Meccano will do all and more than all other constructional toys put together, and that no other system will do the same as Meccano. Every other metal constructional toy is an imitation of Meccano, which was the first toy of its kind. The genius and knowledge and experience are in the Meccano parts. Each part will fill a hundred different purposes in a perfect manner, and there is no limit to the uses to which they can be applied.

Meccano is sold as a children's toy, to give them fun, interest them, and instruct them in the fascinating wonders of engineering, but every day sees a fresh use for it. Engineers and architects use it for designing models and inventing movements. Professors and teachers in technical schools use it to demonstrate mechanical principles to their students. We have received enthusiastic letters from inventors who have designed practical commercial machines with Meccano parts for weaving and other purposes. It is largely used in institutions for the blind, for teaching patients, and in very many children's hospitals it brings happiness and relief to thousands of afflicted ones.

## To Meccano Boys—(continued).

There is no hard work attached to building Meccano models. All the work and thought have been put into the parts when they were designed, and all you have to do is to follow the instructions, and screw the parts together.

Bright boys are inventing new Meccano models every day, and sending them in to win prizes in our big competitions. Already we have very many more than can be included in this book, and another edition is in preparation, which you should secure when it is ready. Further editions will follow, in order to keep pace with the new models, and you should ask your dealer, or ourselves, if you have any difficulty, to keep you up to date with these, so that you may miss none of the pleasures of Meccano.

## MECCANO PRIZE COMPETITIONS

MONEY AND FAME FOR MECCANO BOYS. Each year there is a big Meccano Prize Competition, in which we offer big prizes in money, and new Meccano Outfits to clever boys, who are able to design new models. Send your own ideas in, and get your share of the prize money. Be sure to ask your dealer for full particulars and entry forms. If you have any difficulty send us a postcard, and we will see that you get what you want. There are no entrance fees or restrictions of any kind.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.—In some of the models throughout this manual we have made use of the Meccano Braced Girder, large wheels, sprocket wheels and chain, etc., which are only supplied in the Inventor's Accessory Outfit, or as separate parts. We have employed these parts, as they improve the appearance and working of the models, and they also form a suggestion for the use of the Inventor's Accessory Outfit; but in every case the same models may be effectively built with the parts contained in the regular Meccano outfits.

## Particulars and Prices of Meccano Parts

Commence of the Commence of th		
		1 (
No. 1. Perforated Strips, 12½" long . ½ doz. 2. ,, ,, 5½" ,, . ,, ,, 3. ,, ,, 3½" ,, . , ,, 4. ,, ,, 3½" ,, . , ,, 5. ,, ,, 2½" ,, ,, 6. ,, ,, 2″ ,, ,,	s. 1 0 0 0	d. 0 6 4 4 4
8. Angle Girders, 12½" long ½ doz. 9. ". ". ". ". ". ". ". ". ". ". ". ". ".	1 0	6 9
10. Flat Brackets ½ doz.	0	3
11. Double Brackets each	0	1
0		
12. Angle Brackets doz.	0	6
13. Silver Steel Axle Rod, 11½" long, each 13A. Axle Rods 8" long	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	5 3 2 2 2 1 1
19. Crank Handles each	0 0	3

No. 19a. Wheels, 3" diam	each	s. 0	d. 4
20. Flanged and Grooved Wheels	each	0	9
(3)			
Pulley Wheels. 20A. 2" diam., with set screw	each	0	6
21. $1\frac{1}{2}''$ ,, , ,	"	0	6
22. 1" ,, ,, ,, ,, 22A. 1" ,, without ,,	,,	0	4
	,,	0	2
23. $\frac{1}{2}''$ ,, with ,,	,,	0	4
24. Bush Wheels	each	0	6
25. Pinion Wheels, $\frac{3}{4}''$ diam	each	1	0
26. ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	,,	0	8
Gear Wheels.			
27. 50 teeth to gear with \(\frac{3}{4}\)" pinion	each	0	10
27A. 56 ,, ,, ,, ½" ,,		1	0

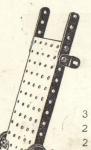
No. 28. Contrate Wheels, 1½" diam each 29. " " "	s. 1	
32. Worm Wheels each	0	10
33. Pawls each	0	3
34. Spanners each	0	3
N		
35. Spring Clips per box (doz.)	0	6
36. Screw Drivers each	0	3
37. Nuts and Bolts per box (doz.) 37A. Nuts , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0 0 0	

## Particulars and Prices of Meccano Parts (continued)

No.	S.	d.
41. Propeller Blades per pair	0	6
43. Springs each	0	2
44. Cranked Bent Strips each	0	2
45. Double Bent Strips each	0	2
46. Large Bent Strips each	0	3
47A. Dynometers (tension) each	2	6
50. Eve Piece each	0	2
50. Eye Piece each	Ų	4.

No.	s.	d.
52. Perforated Flanged Plates, $5\frac{1}{2}'' \times 2\frac{1}{2}''$ each	0	5
N		
<b>y</b>		
Vocation		
53. Perforated Flanged Plates, $3\frac{1}{2}'' \times 2\frac{1}{2}''$ each	0	4
90		
54 Perforated Sector Plates each	0	4
56. Instruction Manual,	1	3
		#
57. Hooks each	0	1
Gomes a source		
58. Spring Cords, per length each	0	0
58. Spring Cords, per length each	U	7
59. Collars and Set Screws each	0	2
60. Bent Strips, 2½" long per ½ doz.	0	9





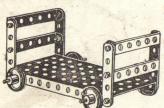
## Types of Trucks and Luggage Carts

#### Model No. 1

#### Parts Required:

3 of No. 5 | 1 of No. 15A 2 ,, ,, 10 2 ,, ,, 22 2 ,, ,, 12 8 ,, ,, 37 1 of No. 52

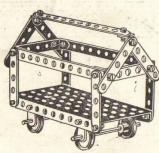
## Model No. 2



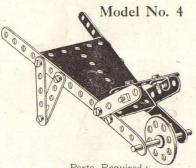
Parts Required: 4 of No. 5

## Model No. 3

Parts Required: 3 of No. 2 8 ,, ,, 5



2 ,, ,, 60 4 ,, ,, 22 20 ,, ,, 37 1 ,, ,, 52



#### Parts Required:

2	of	No	2	1 of No.	24
9	OI	140.	5	2 ,, ,,	35
				14 ,, ,,	
1	"	"	17	1 ,, ,,	54

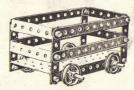


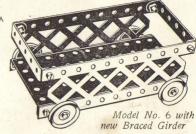
Parts Required: 4 of No. 2

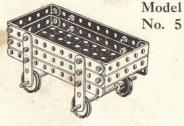
4 ,, ,, 5 4 ,, ,, 60

2 ,, ,, 15A ,, ,, 22

12 ,, ,, 37 1 ,, ,, 52



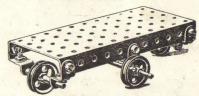




Parts Required:

4	of	No.	2	1 4	of	No	22	
			5					
			60					
2	"	,,,	15A		,,	"	-	

#### Model No. 7



Parts Required:

2	of	No	10	2	0.5	NI	22.
600	OI	140.	10	2	UI	140.	ZZA
8	,,	,,	12	4	,,	,,	35
1	,,	,,	15A	10	,,	"	37
2	,,,	,,	17	1	,,	,,	52
2			22				

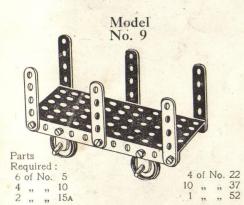


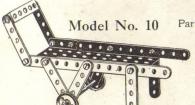


## Types of Trucks and Luggage Carts (continued)

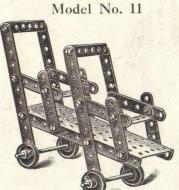
# Regaired:

2	of	No.	2	16	1	of	No.	24
4	22	22	5	1	9		"	
1	,,		15A	1	4	,,	"	
2	22		17	200	1	77	,,	
2	"	22	22		1		,,	52
			2 of	No.	.6	00		





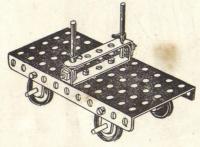
Parts Required: 2 of No. 2



Required: 4 of No. 2 8 ,, ,, 5 2 ,, ,, 15A 4 ,, ,; 22 20 ,, 37 1 ,, ,, 52

Parts

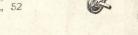
## Model No. 12



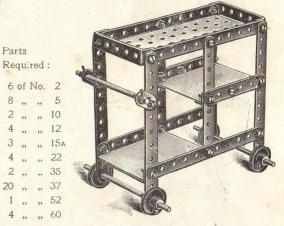
Parts Required:			No.	
4 of No. 10	2		"	35
2 ,, ,, 15A	1	22	2.7	52
2 ,, ,, 17	2	22	22	60

#### Model No. 13





#### Model No. 14

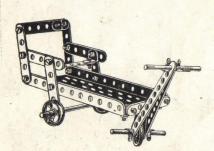


The two lower platforms are constructed out of pieces of ordinary cardboard, their outer edges resting on 21" bent strips and their inner edges on angle brackets.



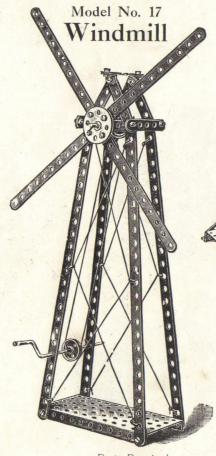
Model No. 15
Swing

Parts
Required:
4 of No. 1
1 ,, ,, 2
6 ,, ,, 5
4 ,, ,, 12
12 ,, ,, 37
1 ,, ,, 52
3 ,, ,, 60



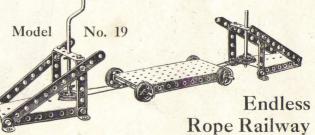
## Model No. 16 Bath Chair

Parts Required:	2 of 6 ,, 1 ., 2 ,, 3	"	5 15 <sub>A</sub> 17	4 of 14 ,, 1 ,, 3	,, ,,	37 44
recquirea.	2 ,,	"	17 22	3 ,,		



Model No. 18 Well Windlass

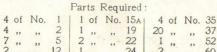
2 of No 2 8 , , , 5 Parts 4 , , , 12 Required: 1 , , 12 2 , , 22 12 , , 37

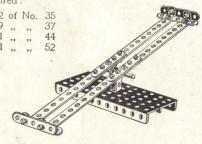


Model No. 20 Seesaw

#### Parts Required:

4	of	No.	2	2	of	No.	35	
6	,,	,,	5	19	,,	,,	37	
6	,,	,,	12	1 1	,,	,,	44	
1	,,	11.	17	1	"	,,,	52	



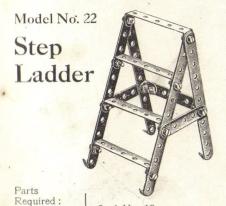


Model No. 21

Travelling

Ladder

Parts
Required:
6 of No. 2
4 ,, , 5
2 ,, , 15A
4 ,, 22
16 ,, , 37
1 ,, , 52
4 ,, ,, 60



2 of No. 12

4 of No. 2

## Model No. 23 Telpher Span

Parts Required:

2 of No. 1 | 1 of No. 17 | 20 of No. 37

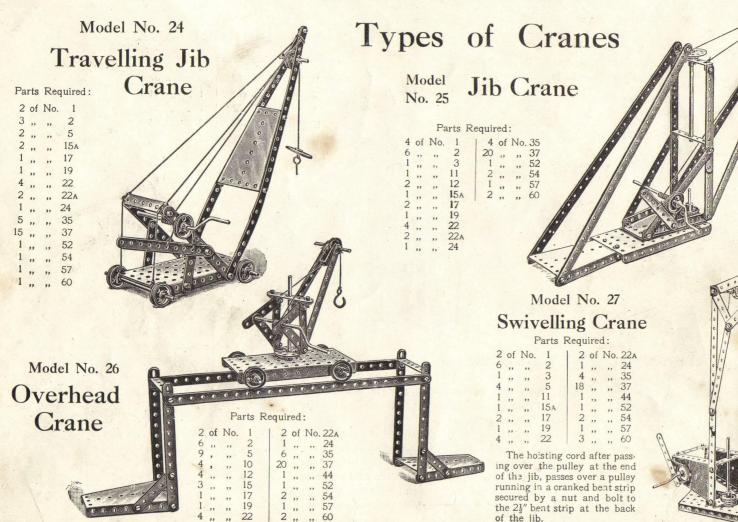
2 ,, 2 | 1 ,, 19 | 1 ,, 44

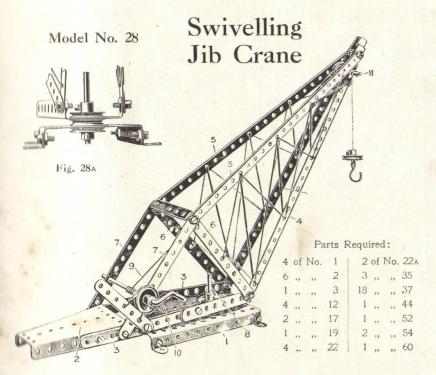
6 ,, 5 | 3 ,, 22 | 1 ,, 52

4 ,, 12 | 2 ,, 22A | 2 ,, 54

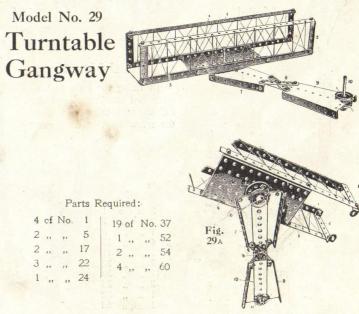
2 ,, 15A | 6 ,, 35 | 3 ,, 60

Many hours of enjoyment can be obtained from this model. The illustration shows just how it is worked. The cords may be made to any length, and the load carried from one side of the room to the other. In order to give a better grip, the operating cord should be wound twice round the crank handle pulley. The open sides of the bucket may be filled in with cardboard, so that it can be loaded with marbles, or beads, etc. The body of the Telpher should be screwed down on to a solid base with ordinary wood screws, and the pulley bracket, and that to which the cord on which the bucket travels, are screwed in a suitable position on the opposite side of the room.



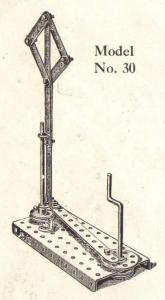


The fixed base of this Crane is a perforated flanged plate 1, and the swivelling base of the Crane is formed by two sector plates 2 and 3. The jib is formed from two  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 4 bolted to the ends of the sector plate 3, two other  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 5 being bolted to the top of the strips 4 and to cross strips 6, the outer ends of these latter strips being stayed by strips 7 bolted to the other sector plate. The upper structure of the Crane swivels about a rod 8, and is secured as shown in Fig. 28a. The winding rope 9 is operated by the crank handle 10 and passes over a pulley in the head of the Crane on a short rod 11.



The side frames of the gangway are made of  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 1 bolted by means of  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " bent strips 2 to lower strips 3, the strips 3 and 1 being set at right angles to each other, and the side frames being connected by a perforated flanged plate 4. A bush wheel 5 is bolted to the underside of the flanged plate and fitted with a rod on which is mounted a 1" pulley 6, the rod passing through one of the end holes of a sector plate 7. This sector plate 7 is connected by diagonal strips 8 to another sector plate 9, through the end hole of which a rod 10 is threaded carrying two 1" pulleys 11. An operating cord 12 passes from the pulley 11 to the pulley 6. In this way the gangway may be rotated by operating the spindle 10.

Types of Railway Signals



#### Parts Required .

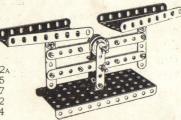
		· cert	3 110	quirec	4 .		
3	of	No.	2	3	of	No.	22
4	,,			1	,,	"	24
4	,,	,,	12	14	,,	,,	37
1	"	"	15A	1	,,	"	52

Model No. 33

## Scales

#### Parts Required:

4	of	No.	2	2	of	No.	22
8	,,	,,	5	4	,,	,,	35
	,,		11			,,	
	,,		12			,,	
2	27	,,	17	2	"	77	54



## Model No. 31

In fixing the lever to the lower end of the sector plate, lock the nuts, so as to prevent the screw from working out.

#### Parts Required:

## Model No. 32

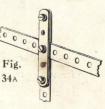
#### Parts Required:

3	of	No.	2	1 1	of	No	22
. 9	,,	,,	5	1	,,	,,	
1	"	,,	11	16	,,	,,	37
-1	,,	**	1/	1	2.7	**	52

The two outside signals of this Model are operated by the levers pivoted to the upright, and the centre signal by the pulley wheel. The cord operating this latter signal is securely tied round the pulley wheel so that when the wheel is turned the signal is raised or lowered



and the standard before screwing up. These nuts hold the strip and the standard at the required distance apart to give the beam free play.

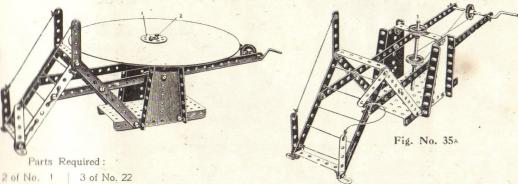


Parts Required:

2	of	No.	1	19	of	No.	37
3	,,	,,	2	1	,,	,,	52
1	,,	,,	5	2	,,	,,	54
4	"	,,	12	2			60



## Model No. 35 Joy Wheel



3 of No. 22 1 , , , 24 3 , , , 35 20 , 37

20 " " 37

2 " " 54

" " 52

The driving mechanism and construction of the framework of this model are clearly brought out in Fig. 35A. Cut out a circular piece of cardboard, 8" in diameter, and in the centre of the disc fix a bush wheel 1 by nuts and bolts 2. The eye of the bush wheel is then threaded over the top of the vertical spindle 3, and secured by its set-screw. The rotating table is cut out of a piece of ordinary cardboard.

Model No. 36

Go Chair

Parts Required:

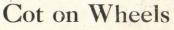
2 of No. 2

7 ,, ,, 5 2 ,, ,, 15A

4 " " 22

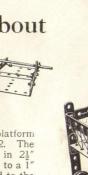
13 ,, ,, 37

Model No. 38



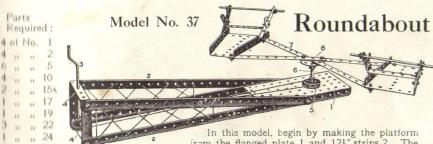
Parts Required:

4 of No. 2 | 4 of No. 22 6 ,, 5 | 17 ,, 37 2 ,, 12 | 3 ,, 60



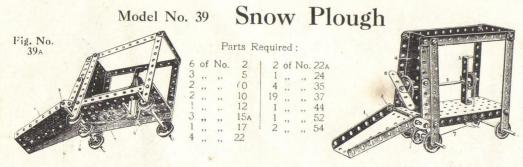






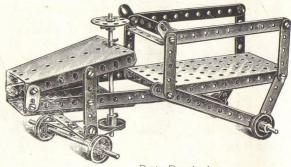
from the flanged plate 1 and 12½" strips 2. The bearings of the crank handle 3 are formed in 2½" then strips 4. The drive from the pulley on the crank is taken to a 1"

bent strips 4. The drive from the pulley on the crank is taken to a 1" pulley 5, fast on the spindle 6, another similar pulley being secured to the spindle beneath the flanged plate. The arms 7, formed of four 5½" strips, are bolted to a bush wheel 8 fast on the spindle 6.



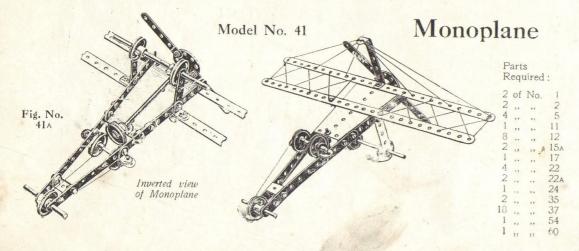
The construction of the framework of this Model presents no difficulty. The sector plate 1 forming the plough is loosely pivoted on the bolts 2. The axle 3 is mounted in the front sector plate 4 and the  $2\frac{1}{3}$  bent strip 5. A  $2\frac{1}{3}$  strip 6 is bolted by angle brackets to a bush wheel on the front of the axle and forms a dispersing propeller for the snow after it rises up the inclined sector plate 1. A continuous cord 7 is passed round a 1" pulley wheel 8 and round a short axle 9 and a 1" pulley wheel on the propeller axle. In this way, as the plough is moved along the track, the propeller is revolved.

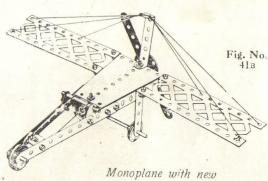
## Model No. 40 Motor Cart



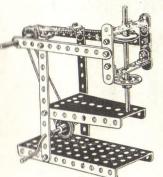
#### Parts Required:

6	of	No.	2	1	of	No.	24
8	,,	* *	5	3		,,	
4	,,	,,		20	,,	,,	
3	"	.,,	15A	1	,,	.,	52
0	2.2	12	22	2	,,	,,	54
2	,,	. 17 1	22A	-1	,,	,,	60





Meccano Braced Girder



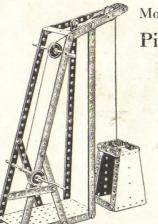
Model No. 42

Drilling

Machine

Parts Required:

4 of No. 2
5 ,, 5
6 ,, 12
2 ,, 15A
1 ,, 19
4 ,, 22
1 ,, 24
-4 ,, 35
18 ,, 37
1 ,, 52
1 ,, 54



Model No. 43

Pit Headgear

Parts Required:

4 of No. 1

4 " " 2

1 " " 3

4 " " 5

1 " 11

1 " 15A

1 " 17

1 " 19

3 " 22

2 " 35

24 " 37

1 " 52

2 " 54

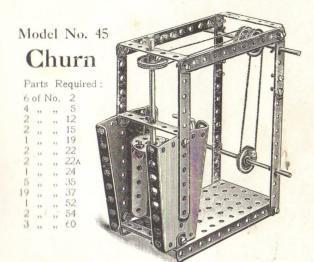
Model No. 44

Hoisting Block

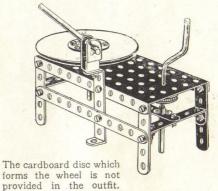
Parts Required:

4 of No. 2 3 ,, , , 5 8 ,, , , 12 1 ,, , , 17 1 ,, , 22 1 ,, , 24 22 ,, , 37 1 ,, , 52 1 ,, , , 56 1 ,, , , 60





Model No. 46 Potter's Wheel



Parts
Required:
2 of No.

2 of No. 2 4 " " 5 1 " " 15A 1 " " 17 1 " " 19 2 " " 22 1 " 24 3 " 35 16 " " 37

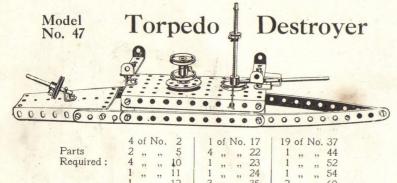
1 ,, ,, 44 1 ,, ,, 52 3 ,, ,, 60

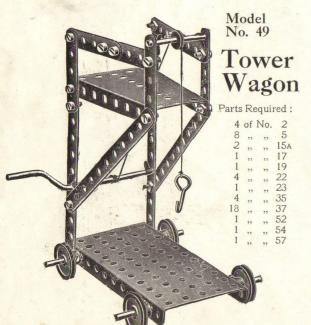
Potter's

Wheel

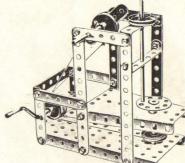


Fig. 46A





Model No. 50
Automatic
Dial Press



Parts Required:

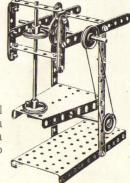
			1					
4	of	No.	2	2	of	No.	22A	
7	22	,,	5	1	,,	,,,	24	
2	,,	"	15A	6	,,	,,	35	
1	"	"	17	18	,,	,,	37	
1	"	"	19	1	,,	"	52	
4	"	,,,	22	1	"	"	54	
				3	"	"	60	

## Model No. 48 Drop Stamp

#### Parts Required:

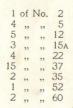
4	of	No.	2	4	of	No.	22
7	"	"	5	. 1	,,	,,	24
4	22	**	12	2	"	,,	35
1	22	"	15A	20	" "	"	37 52
1	77	"	17	1	"	,,,,	60

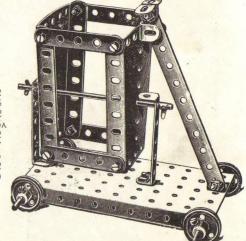
The stamp of this model is raised and dropped by a  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " strip attached to a bush wheel similar to Model No. 55.



Model No. 51 Tip Wagon







## Model Polishing Spindle No. 52

#### High Level Bridge Model No. 53

Parts Required: 1 of No. 2 4 ,, ,, 5 2 ,, ,, 10

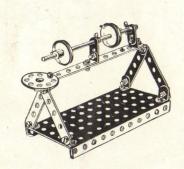
8 ,, ,, 12

1 ,, ,, 15A 2 ,, ,, 22

1 ,, ,, 24 2 ,, ,, 35

15 ,, ,, 37

1 ,, ,, 52



#### Model Level Crossing No. 54

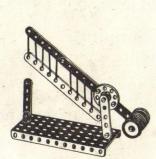
#### Parts Required:

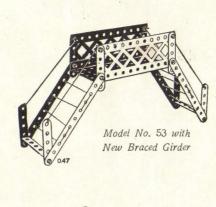
3 of No. 2 2 ,, ,, 5

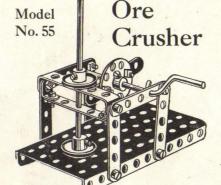
2 ,, ,, 12 1 ,, ,, 17

4 ,, ,, 22

1 ,, ,, 24 9 ,, ,, 37 1 ,, ,, 52

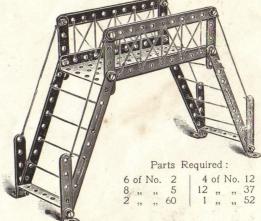






#### Parts Required:

2 of No. 35 8 of No. 5 | 1 of No. 19 2 ,, ,, 12 2 ,, ,, 22 1 ,, ,, 15A 1 ,, ,, 24

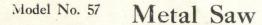


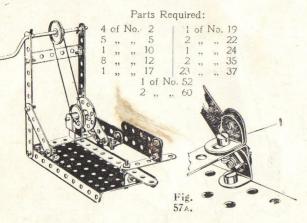
Model Buffing No. 56 Spindle

#### Parts Required:

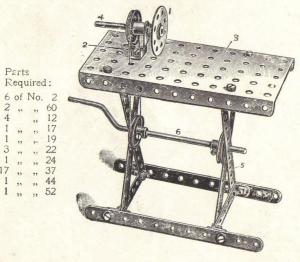
6 of No. 5 | 1 of No. 24 1 ,, ,, 15A 8 ,, ,, 37 1 ,, ,, 22 1 ,, ,, 52

Parts

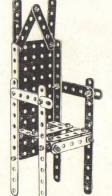




Model No. 60 Lathe



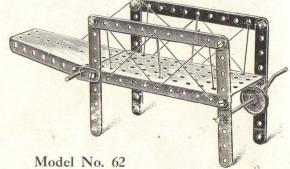
#### Model Coronation No. 58 Chair



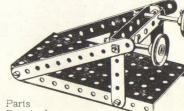
Parts Required: 4 of No. 2 9 ,, ,, 5 2 ,, ,, 12 19 " " 37 1 ,, ,, 52



With new MECCANO Braced Girder



Model Buffers No. 61

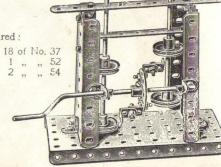


Required:

Parts Required:

Mill

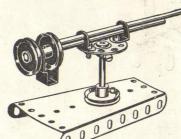
Stamping





## Sharpshooter Gun

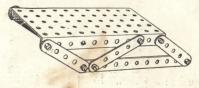
# Model No. 64



Parts Required: 2 of No. 12

Required:

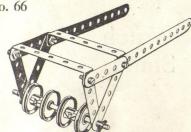
## Model No. 65 Sleigh



2 of No. 2 6 ,, 5

4 of No. 22

Model No. 66



## Furrowing Roller

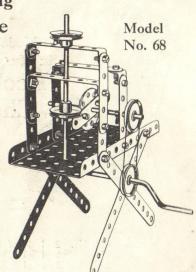
	2	of	N	0.	2	2	of	No.	35
Parts	6	22		,	5	4	,,	,,	37
Required:	1	"		,	15a	2	,,,	. 99	60
	4				22				

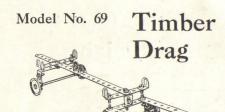


2	of	No.	2	1 4	of	No.	22	1	of	No.	44	
6	,,,	22	5	1	22	22	24	1	22	22	52	
			12					1				
2	,,	"	15A	23	77	,,	37	2	"	99	60	

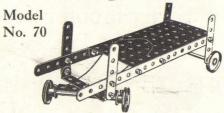
Stamping Machine







## Steering Truck



Parts 2 of No. 2 | 11 of No. 37 4 ,, ,, 5 | 1 ,, ,, 52 Required: 2 ,, ,, 15A | 2 ,, ,, 60 4 of No. 22

## Model No. 73 Lurry



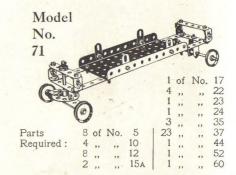
Parts
Required: 2 of No. 2 | 13 of No. 37
4, ,, 10 | 1, ,, 24
2, ,, 12 | 1, ,, 52
2, ,, 15A | 2, ,, 60
4 of No. 22

Model Telegraph No. 75 Code Key

Parts Required:

3 of No. 2 | 1 of No. 22 1 ,, 10 | 12 ,, 37 5 ,, 12 | 1 ,, 52

## Boiler Truck





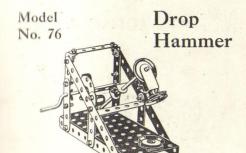
Parts 4 of No. 2 | 1 of No. 35
Required: 1 ,, ,, 17 | 8 ,, ,, 37
1 ,, ,, 22 | 1 ,, ,, 52
1 ,, ,, 23 | 1 ,, ,, 57
1 ,, ,, 24 | 1 ,, ,, 60

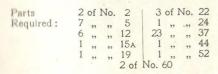
# Model No. 72 Rocking Chair

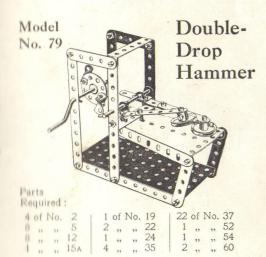
Parts Required:

4 of No. 2 | 18 of No. 37 9 ,, ,, 5 | 1 ,, ,, 52 2 ,, ,, 12 | 1 ,, ,, 60

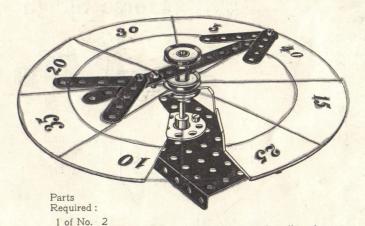








## Model No. 77 Roulette Wheel



Cut out a circular piece of cardboard

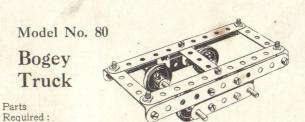
1 ", 15A and mark as shown to form scoring

3 ", 22 board. This is clamped between two 1"

1 ", 24 pulley wheels. The pointer revolves

5 ", 37 freely on the upright spindle and is held

1 ", 52 in position by another 1" pulley wheel.

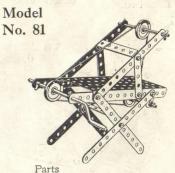


4 of No. 2 3 " " 5 4 " " 10 2 " " 15A Model Spinning
No. 78
Top



Parts 1 of No. 17
Required: 1 , , , 22
1 , , , 24

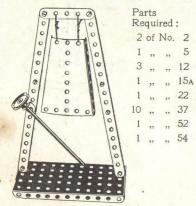
## Band Saw



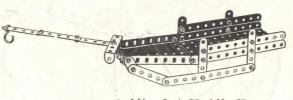
Required:

6 of No. 2 | 3 of No. 22
4 ,, ,, 5 | 6 ,, ,, 35
2 ,, ,, 10 | 10 ,, ,, 37
2 ,, ,, 15A | 1 ,, ,, 52
1 ,, ,, 19 | 2 ,, ,, 60

## Gong Model No. 82

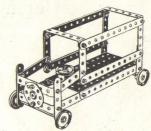


## Model Horse Sleigh



Parts	4	of	No.	2	25		No.	
	7	99	22	O	1	22	22	
Required:	4	"	**	10	. 1	**	>>	54
	2	22	**	12	1	99	"	57

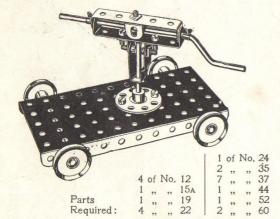
## Model Motor Van

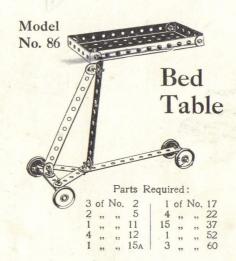


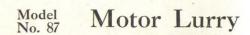
Parts Required:

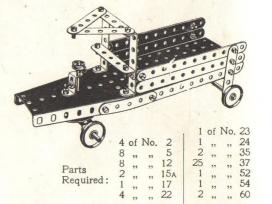
6	of	No.	2	1 4	2	of	No.	15A .	1 22	of l	No.	37
		>>	3					. 22.	1			
9	,,	"	5 .		1	22	"	22 <sub>A</sub>	4	"	22	60
1	22	22	11	1	1	12	22	24	1			

## Model Rock Drill

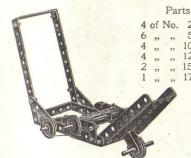








## Model No. 88 Lawn Mower

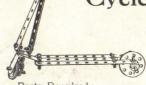


Parts Required:

			010		-			
1	of	No.	2	1	4	of	No.	22
		55			21	22	22	37
		"			1	"	22	44
		22			1	27	22	54
		"		1	2	"	"	60
1	99	,,	17					

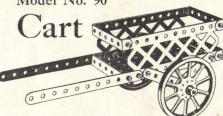


Foot Cycle



		ı cu c	0 100	quire				
5	of	No.	2	1	of	No.	22	
		,,		1	22	. ,,	24	
		"			,,	,,	35	
	22			15	,,	- "	37	
3	,,			1	"	,,	44	
2	22	99	17	2				

Model No. 90



#### Parts Required:

	*	
4 of No. 2	2 of No. 22	2 of No. 59
4 ,, ,, 5	15 ,, ,, 37	4 ,, ,, 60
1 ,, ,, 15	15 ,, ,, 37	2 ,, ,, 100
2 19A	1 52	

Model No. 91 Deck Chair



Parts Required:

4	of	No.	1	1	of	No.	15A
4	**	11	2	30	,,	"	37
1	,,	33	3	1	22	, ,,	52
6	11	13	5	2	"	22	60
6	11	11	12				

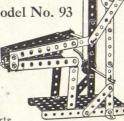
Model Invalid Chair



Parts Required:

	94	1100						
4	of	No.	2	22	of	No.	37	
8	,,	"	5	1	. ,,	,,	52	
2	. ,,	"	10	1	,,	,,	54	
2	"	"	15A	2	,,	"	60	
4		11	22					

Forge Bellows Model No. 93



Required:

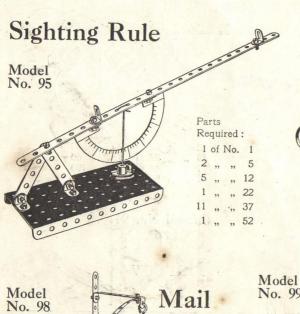
4	of	No.	2	1	of	No.	19	
1	,,	12	3	2	. ,,	,,	22	
2	,,	,,	5	1	"	"	24	
2	,,	"	10	5	,,,	. "	35	
		- 99	11	25	,,	,,	37	
2	**	"	12	1	"	,,	52	
	* **	"	15A	2	, ,,	"		
1	22	"	17	3	""	"	60	

Model No. 94 Coster's



Parts Required:

4	of	No.	2	4	of	No.	35
8	,,	,,	5	16	- 99	"	37
2	,,	,,	10	1	,,	"	52
1	,,	,,	15A	2	,,,	"	60
2	,,	"	19A	1			



Mail

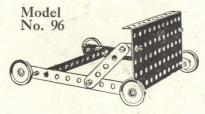
Bag

Hanger

4 of No. 2 4 ,, ,, 12 10 ,, ,, 37 1 ,, ,, 52

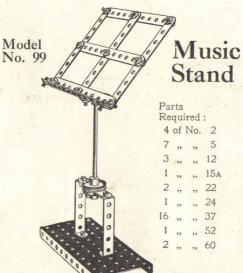
Parts Required:

## Devil Wall



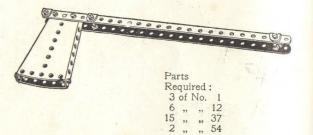
## Parts Required:

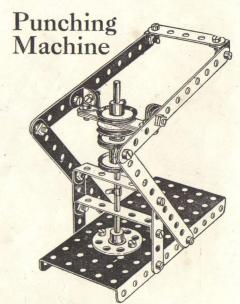
3	of	No.	2	4	of	No.	22	
		"	5	18	"	22	37	
6	"	99	12	1	22	22	52	



Model No. 97

## Hatchet





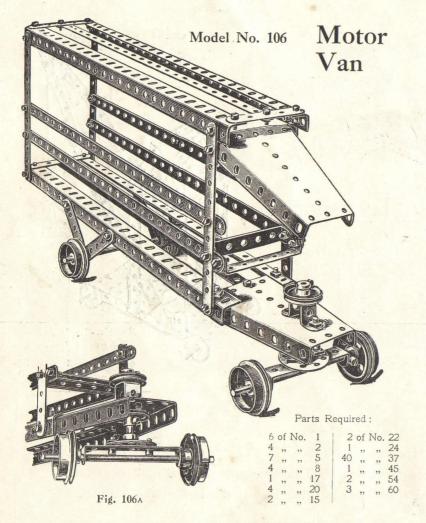
Model No. 100

Parts Required ! 4 of No.

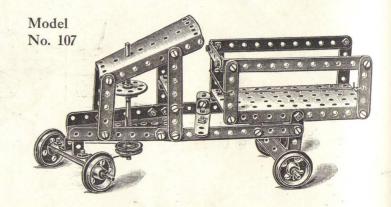


## HOW TO CONTINUE

This completes the Models which may be made with Meccano Outfit No. 1. The next Models are a little more advanced, requiring a number of extra parts to construct them. The necessary parts are all contained in a No. 1A Accessory Outfit, the cost of which will be found in the Price List at the end of the Manual.



## Tipping Motor Wagon



Parts
Required:

4 of No. 2
2 " " 3
12 " " 55
5 ", " 12
3 " " 15
4 " " 20
1 " " 22
1 " " 24
1 " " 34
1 " " 45
1 " " 52
2 " 54

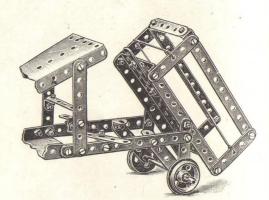
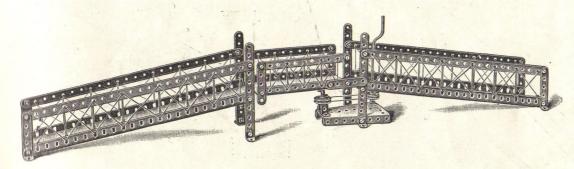
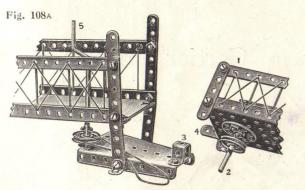


Fig. 107A

## Model No. 108 Swing Bridge





#### Parts Required:

4	of	No.	1	1	1	of l	No.	24	
6	,,	,,	2		1	,,	,,	35	
9	,,	,,	5		31	,,	,,	37	
4	,,	,,	8		1	"	"	45	
8	"	"	12		1	"	"	52	
1	,,	,,	17		1	,,		54	
1	"	"	19	1	4	"	"	60	
2	,,	,,,	22						

The action for swinging the middle section of the Bridge will be made clearer by the detail Fig. 108A, the middle section 1 being fitted with a spindle 2 journalled in the double bent strip 3; the upper end of the spindle being secured to a bush wheel.

A short strip 4 acts as a stop against the middle section of the Bridge swinging past the central position.

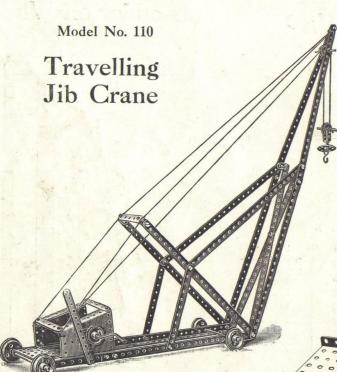
The operating cord passes round pulleys on the spindles 2 and crank handle 5.

## Ladder on Wheels

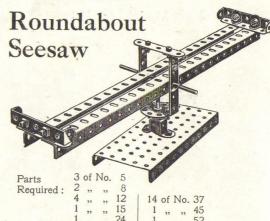


#### Parts Required:

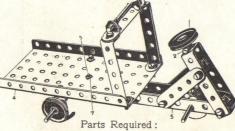
6 of No. 1	24 of No. 37
4 ,, ,, 5	1 ,, ,, 52
2 ,, ,, 15	6 ,, ,, 60
4 ,, ,, 20	



Model No. 111



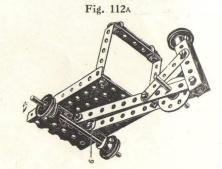
## Model No. 112 Carrier Tricycle

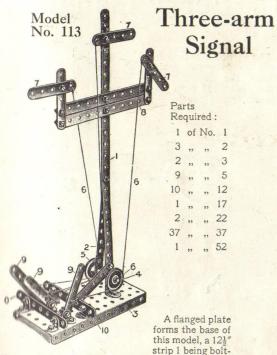


Parts Required:

Mary Street of the Street of t		1 01 140. 24
10 of No. 1,	2 of No. 15A	35 ,, ,, 37
3 ,, ,, 2	2 ,, ,, 17	1 ,, ,, 57
3 ,, ,, 5	1 ,, ,, 19	5 ,, ,, 35
1 ,, ,, 60	4 ,, ,, 20	1 ,, ,, 44
2 ,, ,, 8	2 ,, ,, 22	1 ,, ,, 52
4 ,, ,, 12	1 " " 22A	2 ,, ,, 54

2	of	No.	2	-	3	of	No.	22
3	22	"	5		1	22	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	24
1	,,	. ,,	11		2	22	"	35
2	"	"	12		16	22		37
1	,,	"	15		1	22		52
2	, 22	"	17		5	22	, ,,	60





to a 51" strip 2, the feet of both these strips being connected to the flanged plate 3 by angle brackets. A rod 4 is passed through the lower holes of the strips 1 and 2 and is fitted with ruide pulleys 5 leading the actuating cords 6 to the signal arms 7. The cord operating the entral arm is run under the rod 4. The signal arms 7 are carried from transverse strips 8. The operating cords 6 are led to three strips 9, pivoted to angle brackets bolted to the flanged late, and transverse strips 10 are bolted to the perforated plate in the front and rear of the pivoted strips 9 to limit their movement.

## Types of Windmills

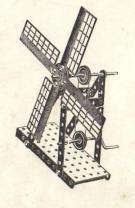


#### Parts Required:

		1 ai	ro	1/1	quii	cu		
10	of	No.	1		1	of	No.	19
13	,,	"	2		2	"	"	22
		,,,					"	
	"	"	5				"	35
	",,		8		45	,,		37
	"		12		2	22	,,	54
1	"	"	15					

#### Model No. 115

Pa		ired		
re	qu.	nea		
4	of	No.	2	
2	,,	"	60	
1	,,	"	15	
1	"	"	19	
2	99	. ,,	22	
1	"	"	24	
12	77	,,	37	
3	"	"	35	
1	,,,	,,,	52	
4			61	



## Model No. 116

	arts		
R	equ	ired	:
	4 of	No.	1
1	7 ,,	"	5
2	2 ,,	,,	60
1	2 ,,	,,	12
	۱ ,,	"	15
1	1 ,,	,,	19
2	2 ,,	,,	22
. 1	١ ,,	"	24
20	) ,,	**	37
4	1 ,,	"	35

1 ,, ,, 52

4 ,, ,, 61

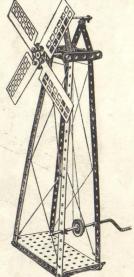
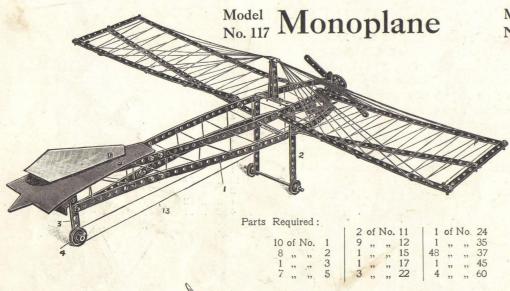
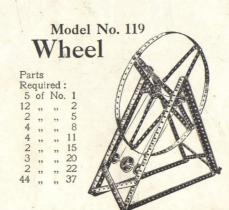


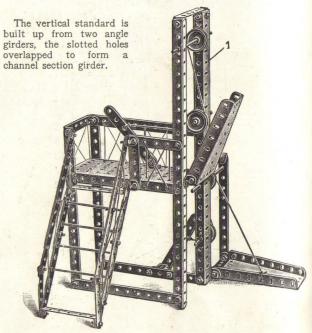
Fig. 117A

#### These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 2, or No. 1 and No. 1A



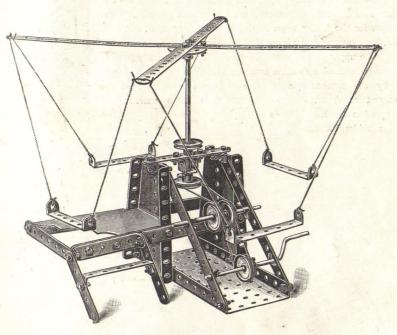


## Model No. 118 Ferry Gangway



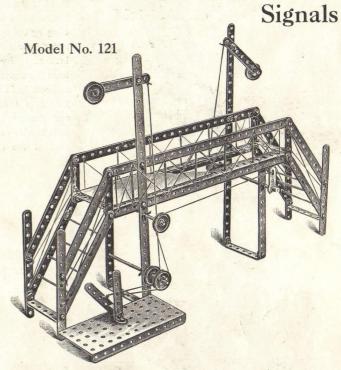
#### Parts Required:

of	No.	2	2	of	No.	15	50	of	No.	37
,,	,,	3	2	,,	"	17	1	,,	"	45
22	"	5	2	,,	"	22	1	,,	,,	52
,,	**	8	2	"	"	22A	2	,,	,,	54
,,	"	10	6	"	,,	35	6	"	"	60
,,	"	12	1				1			
	?? ?? ??	)) )) )) )) )) )) )) ))	of No. 2 ,, ,, 3 ,, ,, 5 ,, ,, 8 ,, ,, 10 ,, ,, 12	" " 3 2 " " 5 2 " " 8 2 " " 10 6	" " 3 2 " " " 5 2 " " " 8 2 " " " 10 6 "	", ", 3 2 ", ", ", ", 5 2 ", ", ", ", 8 2 ", ", ", ", 10 6 ", ",	", ", 3 2 ", ", 17 ", ", 5 2 ", ", 22 ", ", 8 2 ", ", 22A ", ", 10 6 ", ", 35	", ", 3 2 ", ", 17 1 ", ", 5 2 ", ", 22 1 ", ", 8 2 ", ", 22A 2 ", ", 10 6 ", ", 35 6	", ", 3 2 ", ", 17 1 ", ", ", 5 2 ", ", 22 1 ", ", ", 8 2 ", ", 22A 2 ", ", ", 10 6 ", ", 35 6 ",	", ", 3



Parts		2	of	No.	1	2	of	No.	22
Required:		4	22	"	2	1	22	"	24
		2	99	"	3	4	"	"	35
		4	99	"	5	33	,,	22	37
		3	,,	"	12	1	"	22	45
		1	"	"	15	1	"	"	52
		I	"	"	16	2	"	"	54
	Algeria.	1	"	"	19	6	"	"	60

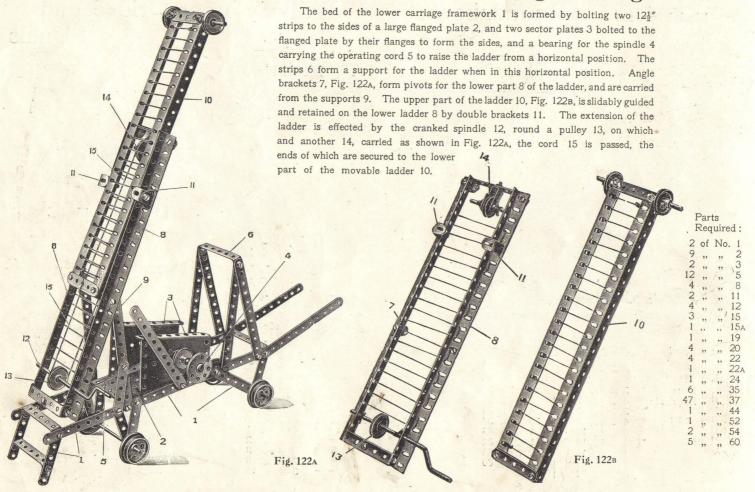
Model No. 120 Roundabout Railway Foot Bridge and



#### Parts Required:

4	of	No.	1	2	of :	No.	8	1	6	of	No.	35
14	22	22	2	2	"	22	22A		1	22	79	45
		"					22	et de			,,	
8	22	"	5	43	22	"	37	- 1	2	,,	"	62
3	11	**	15	1	22		52	100				

## Model No. 122 Extending Ladder on Running Carriage

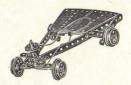


## Model No. 123 Mat Frame



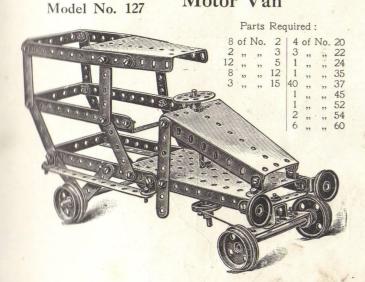
Parts Required:

## Model No. 124 Coaster

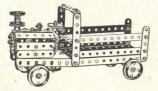


Parts Required:

## Motor Van

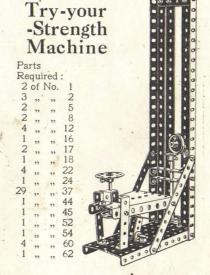


## Model No. 125 Locomotive



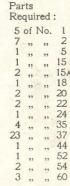
				F	art	ts R	equi	ired	:			
4	of	No.	2	1	of	No.	16	146	of	No.	37	
2	"	"	3	1	"	,,	17	1		22	45	
7	,,	"	5	4	23	"	20	1		"	52	
4	22	"	10	4	,,	,,		1	,,	22	54	
1	99	"	11	1	,,	,,,	23	6	,,	**	60	
8	"	,,	12	1	"		24	2	22	""	62	
2	"	"	15A	3	"	"	35	1				

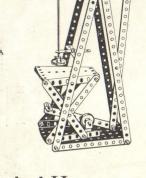
Model No. 128



## Model No. 126

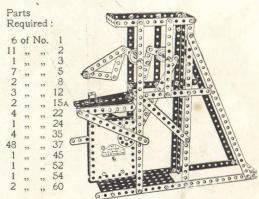
**Embossing** Machine



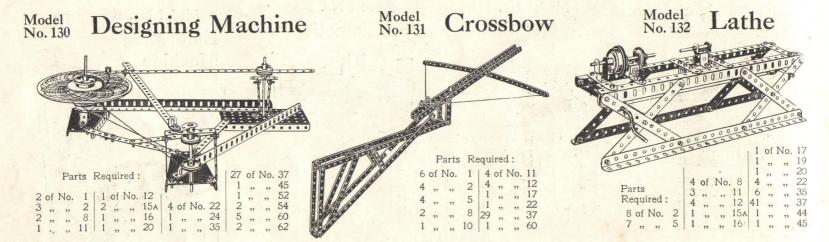


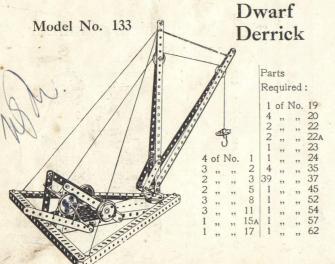
## Mechanical Hammer

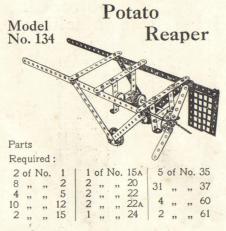
Model No. 129

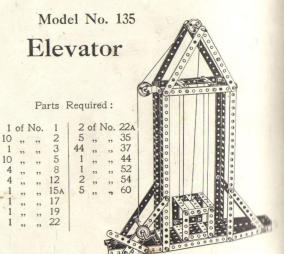






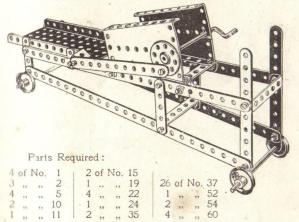






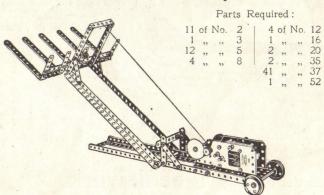
Model No. 136

## Maize Sheller



#### Model No. 137

## Hay Stacker

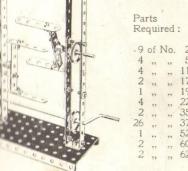


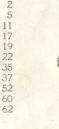
Model No. 139

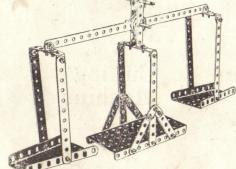
## Beam Scales

#### Model No. 138

## Candy Puller







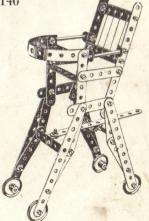
#### Parts Required:

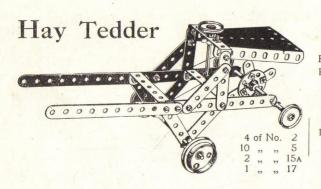
1	of	No.	1		4	of	No.	12	32	of	No.	37
6	,,	99	2		1	22	22	17	1	"	,,	52
								22A				
4	99	. 59	iU	8.8	2	"	22	35	5	55	22	60

Model No. 140

## Baby Chair

8	of	No.	2
2	,,	,,	3
10	,,	55	5
6	"	,,	12
2	,,	22	17
4	"	, ,,	22
32	, 99	"	37
6	"	"	60



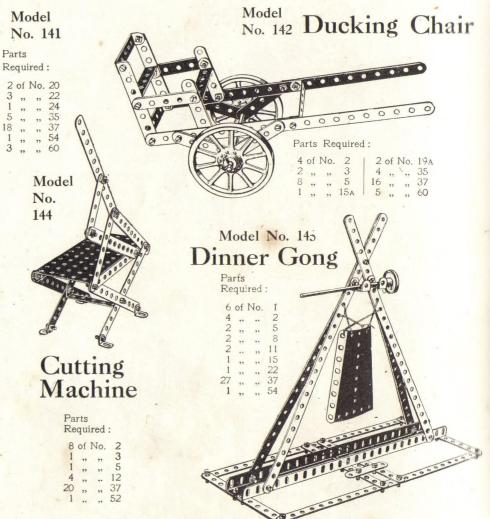


Model No. 143 Needlework
Basket

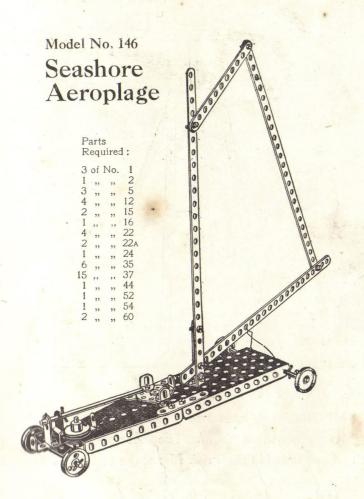


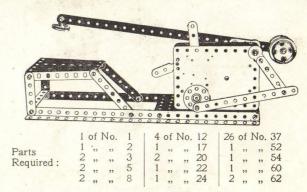
Parts
Required:

4 of No. 1
6 , , 2
2 , , 3
6 , , 5
12 , , 12
46 , , 37
1 , , 52
3 , , 60

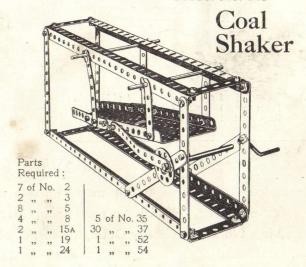


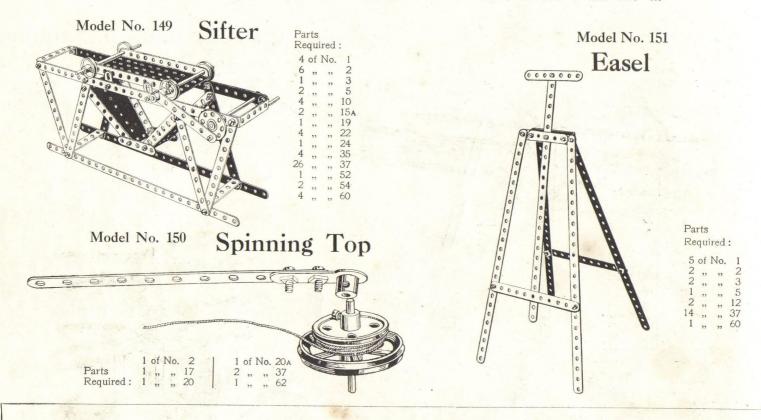
## Model No. 147 Mechanical Hammer





Model No. 148

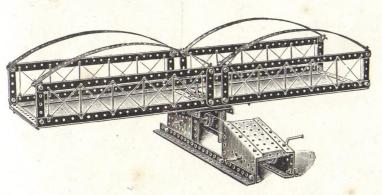




#### HOW TO CONTINUE

This completes the Models which may be made with MECCANO Outfit No. 2. The next Models are a little more advanced, requiring a number of extra parts to construct them. The necessary parts are all contained in a No. 2A Accessory Outfit, the cost of which will be found in the Price List at the end of the Manual.

## Model No. 152 Swing Bridge



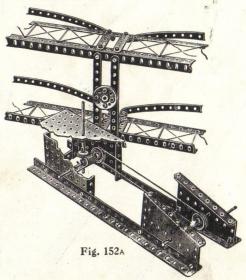
				Par	τ	s h	cequ	ure	1:					
8	of	No.	1	1	1	of	No.	19	-	(	50	of	No.	37
4	"	79	2	- 2	2	"	"	22			1	"	,,,	52
8	"	,,	5		1	"	"	24			3	"	,,	53
6	"	"	8		1	"	22	26			2	,,	12	54
10	25	"	12		1	,,	,,	32			2	,,	"	59
2	,,	37	15		3	,,	,,	35			1	,,	22	60

This is a fine engineering model of the highest value to the young student, and any thought

and care expended on its construction will be well repaid.

The base portion containing the perpendicular axle actuated by the worm and pinion should be constructed first. This, as will be seen by the illustration, Fig. 152A, is formed by connecting a small flanged plate to an angle girder three holes from one end and a sector plate at the other end to form one side of the base. The other side is constructed in a similar manner. These two sides are then connected together at one end by a large flanged plate containing the spindle, upon which the bridge swings, and at the other by a small flanged plate. A  $2\frac{1}{2}$  bent strip is connected to the angle girders to carry the lower portion of the perpendicular axle upon which the bridge swings. A plulley wheel is also secured by the horizontal spindle upon which is secured worm wheel. A pulley wheel is also secured to this spindle around which a driving rope passes from the pulley at the other end of the base secured to a crank handle, as shown in the illustration.

The platform is constructed by connecting two angle girders in the third holes. Two  $2\frac{1}{2}''$  strips are attached to these in the centre and one at each end, with two  $12\frac{1}{2}''$  strips along the top. Two  $12\frac{1}{4}''$  strips are curved and connected by four angle brackets to form one side of the bridge. The other side is formed in a similar manner, and both are connected together by  $5\frac{1}{2}''$  strips at the and in the centre. Attached to the two  $5\frac{1}{2}''$  strips in the centre is a bush wheel upon which platform rotates.



Parts Required:

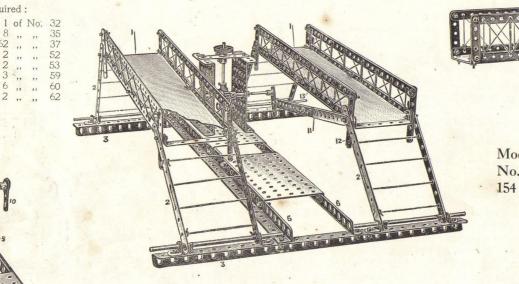
8 of No. 1

Fig. 153A

## Model No. 153 Cake Walk

## Tower Wagon

Model No.



This model comprises two side platforms 1 carried upon 51" strips 2 pivoted to angle brackets bolted to angle girders 3. The gear box, Fig. 153A, consists of small flanged plates 4 bolted to a large flanged plate 5, which in turn is bolted to angle girders 6 overlapped 14 holes. It is necessary to bolt the flanges to the flanged plate 5 outside the vertical parts of the angle girders 6 so that the end holes 7 shall register with the holes in the angle girders 3. The platforms 1 are rocked from a vertical shaft 8 gearing with a shaft 9 by a worm and pinion, the ends of the shaft 9 being fitted with cranks 10 pivotally bolted to connecting rods 11 formed of two  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " strips overlapped two holes. The strips 11 are also pivotally bolted to the end strips 2, a vertical 2½" strip 12, and the lower end hole of the lower strip 13 of each side platform, so as to give free rocking movement.

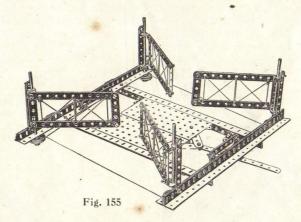
8	of	No.	1	4	of	No.	15	1	of	No.	33
4	,,	,,	2	1		4	15A	. 6			35
0	,,	"	3	1	,,	••	19	69		**	37
11	,,	"	4	4	,,	, ,,	20 .	2	,,	, ,	52
8	,,	,,	8	2	,,	"	22 26 ·	2	,,	,,	54
14	"	"	12	1	"	"	27A	2	* 7	,,	00
	,,	"		•	"	11	LIA				

## Model No. 155 Level Crossing Gate

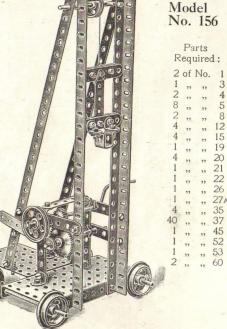
# Parts Required: 9 of No. 2 | 6 of No. 8 | 4 of No. 22 4 n n 3 | 16 n n 12 | 54 n n 37 2 n 4 4 n n 15 | 2 n n 50

This Model, if constructed with care, is a most admirable one, as the gates are opened simultaneously by the operation of one lever.

To construct it, commence by taking two angle girders and connecting them together in the second hole from each end with a  $3\frac{1}{2}''$  strip placed perpendicularly between them to form the supports of one pair of gates as shown in Fig. 155. The supports for the other pair of gates are arranged in a similar manner. These two structures are connected by two other angle girders and two flanged plates, as shown in the illustration.



Pile Driver



The gates are formed by connecting two  $5\frac{1}{2}''$  strips with a  $2\frac{1}{2}''$  strip at the outer end of the gate and a  $2\frac{1}{4}''$  bent strip at the inner end, to permit the axle rods to pass through upon which the gates awing.

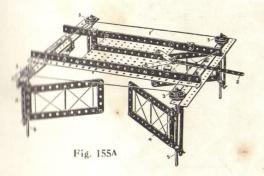
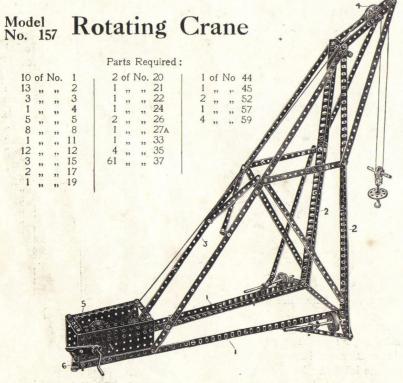


Fig. 155A is an inverted view showing the arrangement of operating cord 1 which is passed from the operating lever 2, around the corner pulleys 3, and back to the lever 2. In order to obtain a better grip on the pulleys it is desirable to wind the operating cord twice around them. It is to be noted that the cord 1 is wound in opposite directions around the diagonal pairs of pulleys 3.

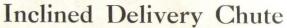
Pinching screws 4 are fitted in the inner sides of the gates to grip them to the spindles 5 so that all rotate together.

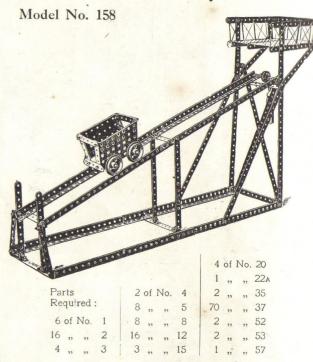
This illustration shows a model pile driver in which the pile head is guided on the two vertical angle girders. The raising of the pile head is controlled from the main driving shaft through the pinion and gear wheel. This latter is mounted on the end of the pivoted lever, and in order to drop the pile head the lever is raised to free the gear wheel. A grooved pulley is fitted on the pinion shaft to enable the model to be driven from an engine.



The lower horizontal ribs 1 and main vertical members 2 are made of angle girders overlapping nine holes; and the diagonal ties 3 of two  $12\frac{1}{2}''$  strips and one  $5\frac{1}{2}''$  strip, the  $12\frac{1}{2}''$  strips being overlapped three holes, and the lower  $5\frac{1}{2}''$  strip seven holes.

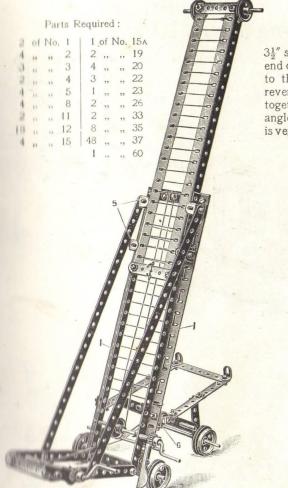
The pulley 4 is carried in a nosing made of two  $5\frac{1}{2}''$  strips and two  $12\frac{1}{2}''$  strips connected at their apex by angle brackets. The rear swivel point of the crane is made by bolting the gear box 5 to a double bent strip 6 secured to the floor. The crane runs on the flanged wheels 7, the spindles of which are secured in their position by collars and set-screws.





This model furnishes an illustration of the inclined plane. The loading platform at the extreme right delivers a load into the truck, which being now heavier than the balance weight, runs down the incline, and when at the bottom discharges its load by tipping. The weight immediately overcoming the empty truck returns it quickly to the loading platform.

This Model Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 3, or No. 2 and No. 2A

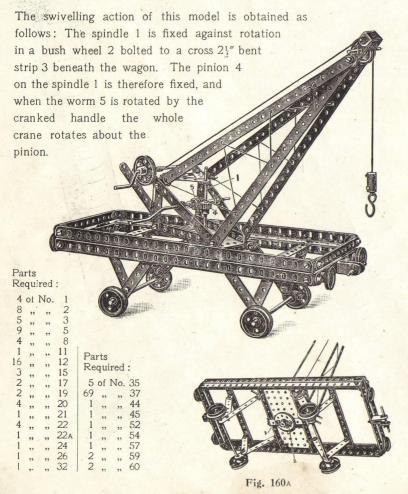


#### Fire Escape Model No. 159

In constructing this model, take two angle girders 1 and tie these together with  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 2 at top and bottom.  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 3 are then attached at right angles to one end of the frame, diagonal stays 4 tying these short strips to the angle brackets attached to the frame. The sliding ladder, Fig. 159B, is constructed from two angle girders reversed to those of the main frame, the angle girders of the sliding ladder being tied together by two 21" strips, and being retained and guided in the main carriage by the short angle brackets 5 which act as clips. The framework of the running truck, Fig. 159A, is very simply constructed, and is pivotally attached by angle brackets 6 to the main frame. Fig. No. 159B Fig. No. 159A

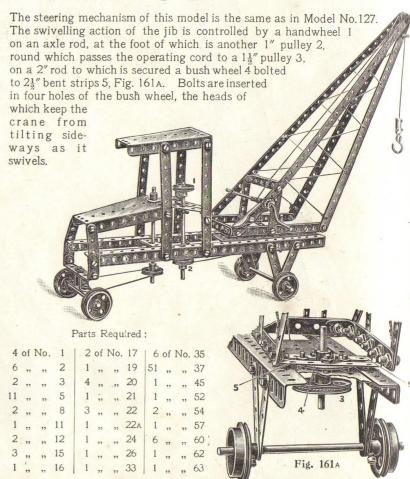
Model No. 160

## Railway Wagon Swivel Crane

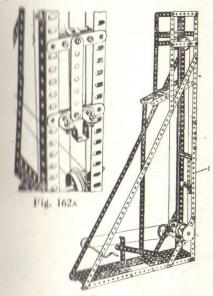


Model No. 161

## Travelling Swivel Crane



## Model No. 162 Pile Driver

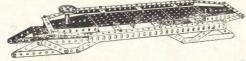


#### Parts Required:

B	91	No.	1	3	of	No.	15 <sub>A</sub>	6	of	No.	35	
10	11	11	2	2	11	- "	17	69	,,	22	37	
0	11	. 11	3	1	22	77	19	1	,,	,,	45	
18	11	11	4	4	22	"	20	2	22	22	52	
9	11	11	- 5	1	9.9	"	21	1	22	22	53	
0	11	11	- 13	1	* *	2.2	22	1	,,	22	60_	
0	11	11	15	1	9.9	"	26	2	22	"	62	
- 27	11	11	10	1	11	22	27A					

#### Model No. 163

## Bob Sleigh

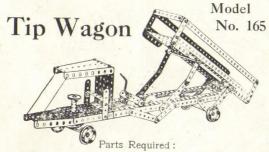


#### Parts Required:

7	of	No.	2	1	1	01	No.	24
		,,		1			,,	
12	"	,,					,,	
2	"	22	8	-		22	- 22	
		,,			3		22	
		,,		1	2	,,	"	54
1	22	22	21		1	11	**	63



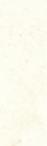
F.g. 163A



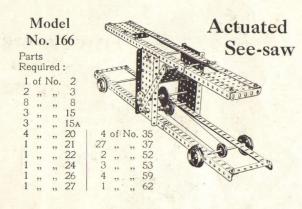
2	of	No.	1	4	of	No.	15	1	of	No.	23	1 2	of	No.	52
1	,,	,,		2											
			3	1	,,	,,	16	1	22	22	26	1	22	22	54
		"		1	">>>	22	17	1	,,	- 22	27	4	"	"	59
11	,,	,,,	5	4	,,	22	20	4	22	22	35	6	,,	,,,	60
4	"	"	8	1	"	22	21	65	22	22	37	2	. ,,	,,	62
9	"	22	12	3	- >>	22	22	1	22	22	45	150			

# Model No. 164 Tower Wagon The rear rod at to foot of the lazy ton

The rear rod at the foot of the lazy tones slides in a groove for med by the two reversed angle girders having washers between.

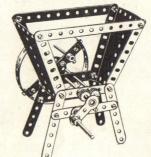


							1	-1	-						
2	of	No.	1	3	of	No.	15	4	of	No.	22	1	of	No.	45
12	,,	22	2	- 2	22	22	15A	1	**	**	24	1			52
0	22	"	3	1	"	**	17	2	25	"	26	1	"	,,	53
4	"	"	4	1	,,,	22	19	1	"	,,	27	2	22	"	54
4	27	"	8	4	"	,,	20	1	,,	"	33	4	,,	"	59
1	"	. >>	10	1	"	"	21	65	"	22	37	2	"	22	62
4	22	22	14	1											

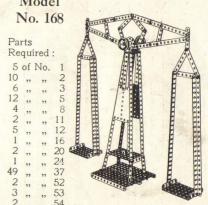


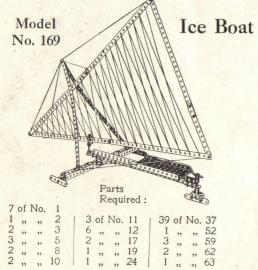
#### Model No. 167 Coffee Grinder

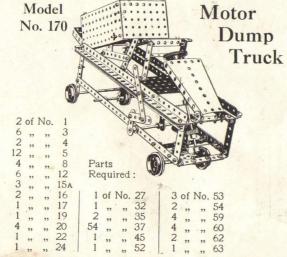
			Req	uired	:			
1	of	No.	1	2	of	No.	17	
2	"	,,	2	1	,,	,,	24	
6	,,	,,	3	2	,,	,,	26	
		,,	4	28	,,	,,,	37	
4	,,	,,	5	2	,,	- "	54	
4	,,,	,,	12	4	,,	,,	59	
1	"	"	15	2	99	,,	62	
1			16					

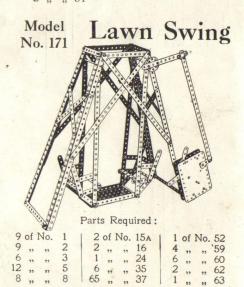


#### Demonstration Scales Model

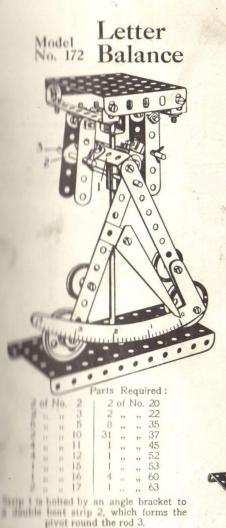


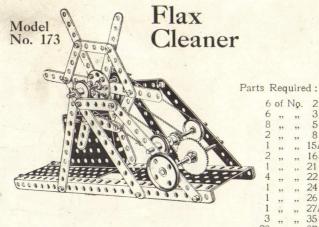


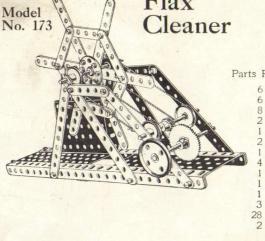


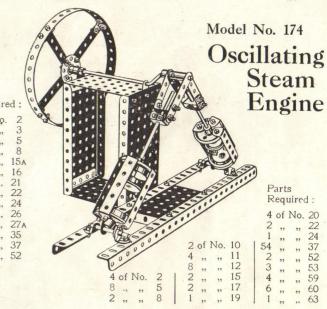


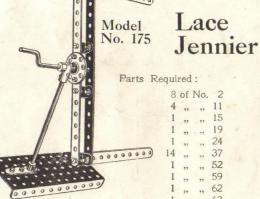
Parts Required: 4 of No. 20

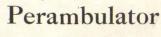










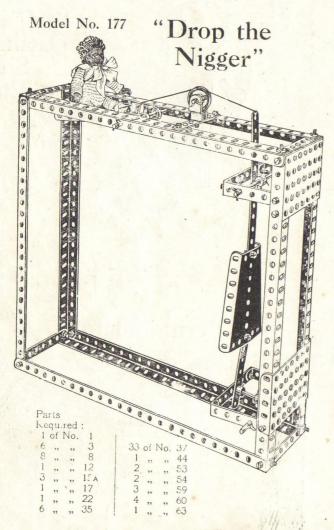


Model No. 176

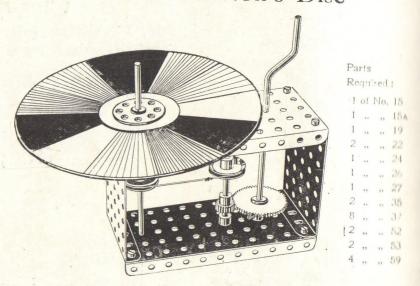
	1	arts	Re	quire	a:		
3	of	No.	1	, 1	of	No.	16
10	,,,	. ,,	2	4	,,	,,	
12	77	,,	5	2	22		22
2		"	10	10	,,		35
12	11	,,	12	45	,,		37 52
3	22		15A	3		"	60



These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 3, or No. 2 and No. 2A

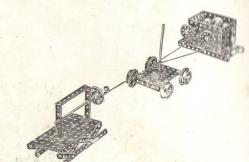


## Model No. 178 Newton's Disc

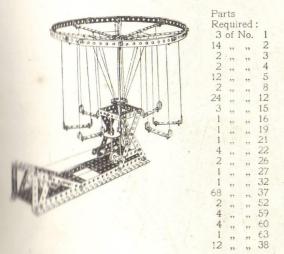


## Model No. 179 Wire Rope Maker

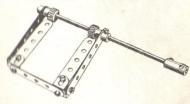
2	of	No.			.2	of	No.	26
1	22	- 77	3	18	1	22	, ,,	27A
10	59	,,	5		2	. * *	"	35
3	22	"	11		38	,,	,,	37
8	22	"	12		1	77	. 29	45
3 2	19	,,	15		2	"	22	52
2	"	"	15 <sub>A</sub>		3	. 22	"	53
4	"	"	20		4	19	"	59
1	"	"	24		2	"	"	60
	"	>>	24		2	29	"	62



#### Model No. 180 Roundabout



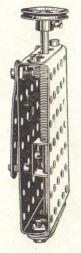
#### Model Rattle No. 183



	2 of No. 4	2 of No. 26
Parts	3 ,, ,, 5	6 ,, ,, 37
Required:	4 ,, ,, 12	2 ,, ,, 59
and the second	15.	1 63

Model No. 181

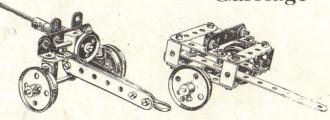
## Conductor's Punch



F	a	rts		
F	Re	qu	ired	:
	3	of	No.	5
	1	22	99	11
	1	"	33	15A
	1	22	,,	22
	9	22	,, .	37
	1	"	,,	43
	2	"	"	53

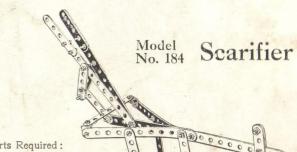
1 ,, ,, 59

## Model No. 182 Field Gun and Carriage



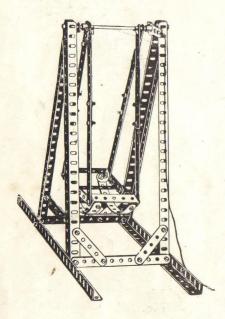
#### Parts Required

1	of	No.	2	2	of I	No.	15A		27	of	No.	37
5	,,	"	3	1	"	22.	16		1	"	22	45
12	"	,,	5	1	,,	77	17		1	22	22	57
2	"	,,	10	4	22	"	2)		2	,,,	"	59
4	22	,,	11	1	,,	,,	22		2	"	"	60
5			12	 1	22	22	32	- 17	1	52	22	63



6	of	No.	2	1	of	No.	17	
3	"	22	3	1	99	22	22	
10	"	"	5	22	. "	"	37	
6	22	- 11	12	2	"	,,	59	

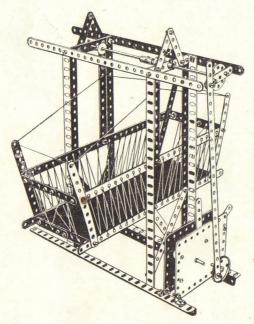
#### Model No. 185 Swing



#### Parts Required:

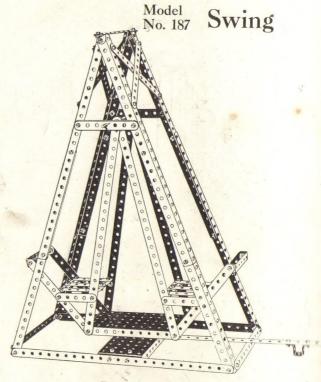
12	of	No.	2	1	1	of	No	15
10	"	"	5		45	,,	,,	37
6	"	"	8		4	"	"	60
2	,,	,,	11		2	99	"	62
4			12					

## Model Automatic No. 186 Swing Boat



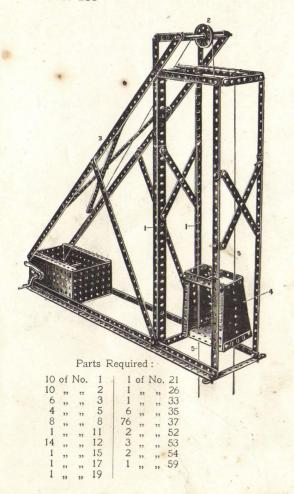
#### Parts Required:

					•				
7	of	No.	1	1	1	of	No.	21	
10	,,	,,	2		1	"	"	24	
3	"	"	3		66	"	"	37	
12	"	,,	5		2	"	,,	59	
4	"	"	8		2	"	,,	62	
12	"	22	12		1	"	,,	63	
2	22	,,	15	1					



7	of	No.	1	1	1	of	No.	15
11	,,	,,	2		6	,,	,,	35
2	"	,,	3	1.	67	,,	,,,	37
10	, ,,	"	5		1	"	"	45
8	"	"	8		2	"	,,	52
6	99	"	12	1	6	,,	"	60

## Model No. 188 Pit Head Gear

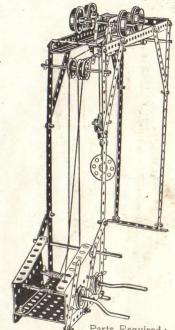




#### Parts Required:

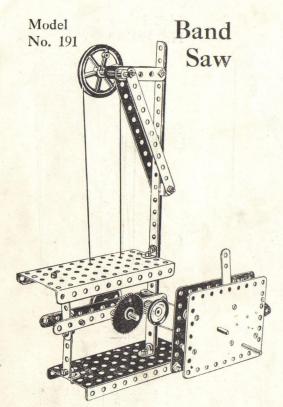
2	of	No.	1	1	of	No.	24	
2	"	"	2	1	"	"	26	
2	,,,	"	3	1	"	,,	33	
3	,,	"	11	. 2	,,	"	35	
2	,,	,,	12	38	22	,,	37	
2	,,	"	15A	2	"	,,,	52	
1	,,	"	17	3	99	"	53	
1	22	"	18	1	22	"	54	
1	99	99	19	1	"	"	57	
4	"	, 11	20	2	"	"	59	
1	99	97	21	5	,,	,,,	60	
1	22	22	22	1	**	12	63	

#### Model No. 190 Crane



		145	,	1	arts	KE	qui	rea:
	of	No.	1	1	4	of	No.	. 20
6	,,	,,,	2		1	,,	"	21
2	"	99	3		4	"	,,	22
10	,,	"	5		2	,,	,,	22A
2	"	"	8		1	"	,,	23
	"	55	11		1	22	22	24
4	,,	"	12		12	22	22	35
1	99	22	15		32	22	"	37
3	22	"	15A		1	22	22	44
1	22	22	16		1	22	77	52
1	22	22	17		2	27		54
1	22	27	18		1		"	57
2			19		3	99	27	60
God	99	22	4 /	- 1	0			00

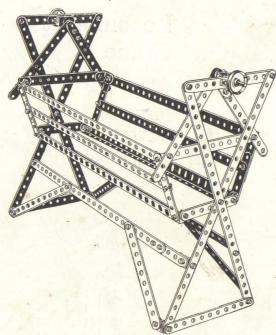
These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 3, or No. 2 and No. 2A



#### Parts Required:

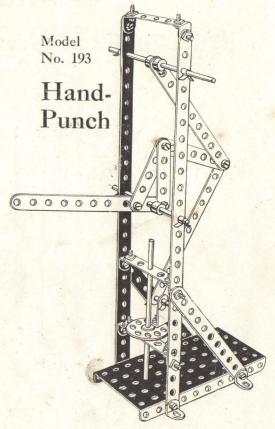
			_	CER CE	-	.oq u	II Ca				
4	of	No.	2	12	of	No	. 17	1	of	No.	271
4	,,,	"	5	1	,,	,,	20A	21	,,	,,	37
1	,,,	"	8	1	"	,,,	21	2	,,	,,	52
3	","	"	11	1	92	"	22	2	"	"	59
3	"	,, -	12	1	59	"	26	1	22	59	.60

## Model No. 192 Swing Cot



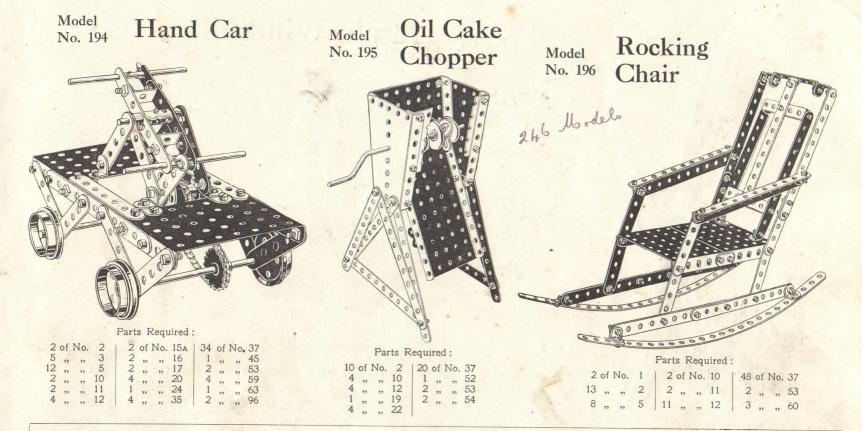
#### Parts Required:

10	of	No.	1	1 2	20	of	No.	12
		,,					,,	
		99		13 3	2	,,	. ,,	22
8	90	99		6		22		
2	27	99	8		2	22	"	62
2	22	22	1.1					



2	of	No.	1	1	of	No.	15	23	of	No.	37
5	"	,,	2	2	22	,,	16	1	,,	,,	44
1	99	"	3	1	99	"	18	1	,,	"	52
2	99	99	5	1	,,,	. 22	24	4	2.7	,,,	59
8	"	,,	12	16	"	"	35	13	"	29	60

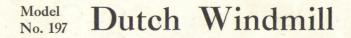
#### These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 3, or No. 2 and No. 2A

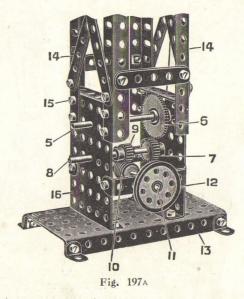


#### HOW TO CONTINUE

This completes the Models which may be made with MECCANO Outfit No. 3. The next Models are a little more advanced, requiring a number of extra parts to construct them. The necessary parts are all contained in a No. 3A Accessory Outfit, the cost of which will be found in the Price List at the end of the Manual.

This Model Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 4, or No. 3 and No. 3A





Parts
Required:

12 of No. 1
19 " " 2
4 " " 3
4 " " 4
14 " " 5
4 " " 8
22 " " 12
1 " " 14
3 " " 16
1 " " 21
2 " " 24
2 " " 26
1 " " 27
1 " " 32
1 " " 32
2 " " 53
3 " " 52
2 " " 53
3 " " 60

The construction of the sails 1 of the mill will be readily followed from the illustration. They are bolted to an inner strip frame 2 and to a bush wheel fixed on a spindle, on which is also mounted a pulley wheel 3, the driving cord passing round this pulley wheel to a lower pulley wheel 4, the driving of which will be followed from the detail. The pulley wheel 4 is on the outer end of the shaft 5, on which is fitted a gear wheel 6 driven by a pinion  $\frac{3}{4}$ . 7 on the axle 8, this axle also carrying a pinion  $\frac{1}{2}$  9 engaged by a worm 10 on the driving shaft 11, which carries the driving pulley 12. This driving gear is enclosed in two small side flanged plates 16 bolted to a base plate 13, the vertical stroke of the mill being made from corner angle girders 14 bolted at 15 to the side plates 16.

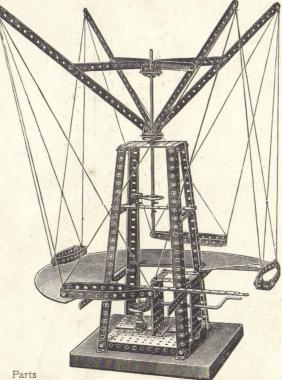
These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 4, or No. 3 and No. 3A

#### Model No. 198

Flying Machine

Most boys will have seen the Maxim Flying Machine at work, and will hardly fail to be interested in constructing a working model of it.

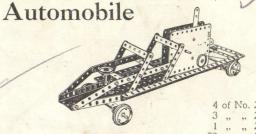
The main frame is composed of four angle girders connected at the bottom by two large flanged plates separated one hole apart and connected together by two small flanged plates carrying the crank handle, and at the top by a small flanged plate. Across the centre on opposite sides in the ninth hole down is attached a 33" strip connected together by a 51" strip. These transverse 3\frac{3}{2}" and 5\frac{1}{2}" strips and the small flanged plate at the top carry the perpendicular spindle upon which the upper structure revolves. A bush wheel is secured to this spindle to support the four arms, which are attached by four angle brackets. A pulley wheel is placed between this bush wheel and the perforated plate. The arms are supported by means of 51" strips connected to a bush wheel secured on to the spindle, and the boats are connected to these by cord arranged as shown in the illustration. The platform is supported by four 121" strips attached to the sides of the main framework. The manner of constructing the mechanism for operating the model is clearly shown in the illustration.



Parts Required

		· .											
- 8	of	No.	1	1	18	of	No.	12	1	1	of	No.	28
13	. "	"	2		2	,,	,,	13		74	. ,,	,,,	37
		"					,,		Tial o			"	
		"					"					"	
		"					"					"	
4	"	"	11		1	"	"	2/A		4	"	"	59

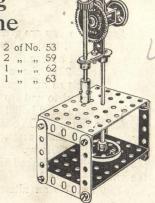
Model No. 199



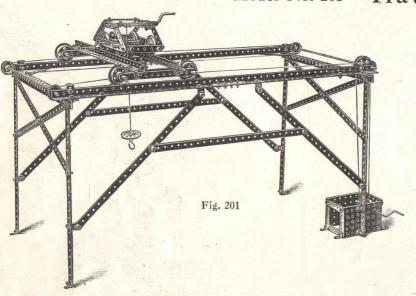
		1	99	22	21
		38	22	22	37
Parts	2 of No. 2	1	,,	,,	45
Required:	6 ,, ,, 3	1	"	"	46
	2 ,, ,, 8	1	"	,,	52
	4 ,, ,, 12	1	"	"	54
	2 ,, ,, 15	3	"	"	59
	2 ,, ,, 1/	1	99	22	60

# Model No. 200 Drilling Machine

1 alls												
Re	all	red										
	94											
4	of	No.	5									
	-											
1	22	. 99	15									
1	,,	12	15A									
	22	"										
1	22	**	17									
- 1	22	27	21									
St. Commission	22	27										
2	99	99	22.									
1	22	22	26									
1	99	11	28									
13	"	"	37									
	77	"										
1	99	22	45									
1	,,	**	46									
	99	"	10									



## Model No. 201 Travelling Crane



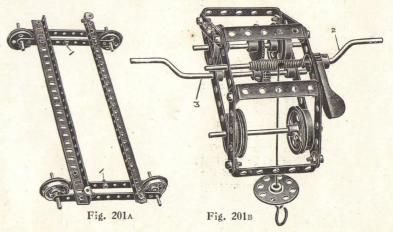
Parts Required:

14 of No. 1
6 ,, 2
11 ,, 22A
11 ,, 24
10 ,, 5
8 ,, 8
12 ,, 26
11 ,, 33
22 ,, 13 ,4 ,, 35
23 ,, 15 ,98 ,, 37
44 ,, 17 ,27
8 ,, 20 ,5 ,, 59



Separate views are given of two distinct parts composing the travelling crane. Fig. 201 is a complete view of the structure showing the braced gantry carrying a rail at each side. The rails are formed by angle girders butt-jointed. Fig. 201a shows the construction of the travelling gantry with two pairs of wheels so arranged as to fit the gauge of the rails. The gantry is caused to travel to and fro on the rails by a cord which is connected to the gantry by a nut and bolt 1 and passes over a pulley at each end of the rail, secured to the rod. On one of these rods is secured a 1½" pulley carrying the driving cord, which passes over a pulley wheel secured to the crank handle. The winch Fig. 201B again is arranged to run on the gantry rails of 201A, and is provided with a cranked hoisting axle 2 and another axle 3 for traversing the winch.

Fig. 201c is an alternative winch.



This Model Can be made with MECCANO Outfit No. 4, or No. 3 and No. 3A

### Model No. 202 Elevated Jib Crane

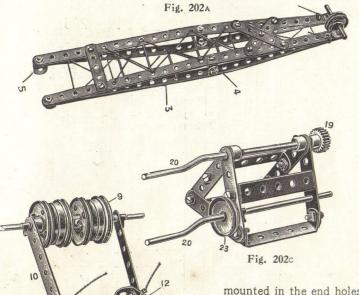


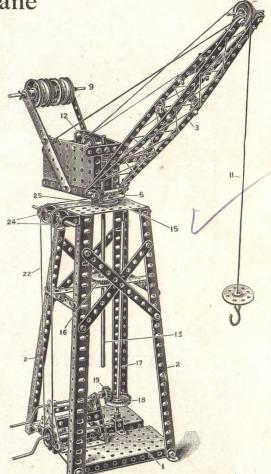
Fig. 202B

Parts Required:

4 of No. 1
7 ,, 2 2 2 ,, 26
2 ,, 3 1 ,, 27A
11 ,, 5 1 ,, 28
4 ,, 8 9 ,, 35
2 ,, 11 64 ,, 37
11 ,, 12 1 ,, 45
2 ,, 13 1 ,, 46
2 ,, 15 2 ,, 52
3 ,, 17 3 ,, 53
4 ,, 20 1 ,, 57
4 ,, 22 5 ,, 59

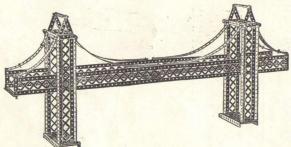
The base of the main frame is composed of two large flanged plates 1, to the outer corners of which are bolted the vertical angle girders 2. The jib, Fig. 202a, is made from  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 3 distended centrally by double brackets 4 and bolted together at the ends. Angle brackets 5 form the pivots for the jib about a spindle 6

mounted in the end holes 7 of the flanges of the sector plate 8 forming the base of the upper gear box, Fig. 202B. The balance weight 9 is composed of several flanged wheels carried from  $5\frac{1}{2}''$  strips 10. The hoisting cord 11 passes over the jib end pulley to the guide pulley 12, and winds on the upper end of the vertical spindle 13, carried in the angle bracket 14, and the top plate 15. The vertical spindle 13 is operated by a gear wheel 16 meshing with a  $\frac{1}{2}''$  pinion on the other vertical spindle 17, which is driven by a contrate wheel 18 from a  $\frac{1}{2}''$  pinion 19, Fig. 202c, on the cranked spindle 20. The swivelling of the jib is effected from the cranked spindle 21 by the continuous cord 22 which passes round the pulley wheel 23 over the pulley wheel 24, and round the  $1\frac{1}{2}''$  pulley wheel 25, bolted to the under surface of the base sector plate 8 of the upper gear box.



#### These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 4, or No. 3 and No. 3A

#### Model No. 203 Suspension Bridge



#### Parts Required:

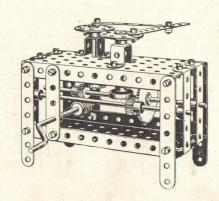
14 of No. 1	12 of No. 5	98 of No. 37
16 ,, ,, 2	8 ,, ,, 8	2 ,, ,, 52
2 ,, ,, 3	4 ,, ,, 11	3 ,, ,, 53
2 4	22 ,, ,, 12	THE THE STATE OF T

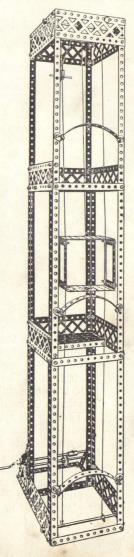
Model No. 204

## Harmonograph

#### Parts Required:

1	of	No.	2	1 1	of	No.	19	27	of	No.	37
4	,,	,,					24				
		"					26				
		"					27A			"	
		"		2					,,,	"	60
2	99	99	17	. 1	"	"	32				*



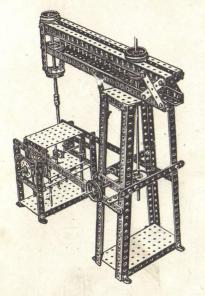


Model No. 205

## Elevator

4	of	No.	1
20	,,	. ,,	2
4	,,	"	3
2	, ,,	"	4
2	"	"	5
8	,,	"	8
9	"	"	12
2	,,	"	14
1	"	"	15
2	,,	,,	17
1	,,	"	19
3	,,	"	22
1	,,	"	26
1	,,	"	27A
1	"	,,	33
74	,,	,,	37
1	"	"	44
2	"	,,	52
2	,,	,,	53
5	,,	,,	59
1	,,	,,	63

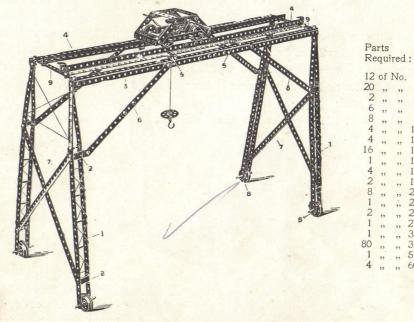
Model Drilling
No. 206 Machine



Parts Required

	atts resquired.												
2	of	No.	1	1 2	of	No.	14	1	of	No.	28	1	
9	"	,,	2	4	"	"	15	1	"	"	32	1	
3	"	"	3	2	,,	,,	15A	8	,,	"	35	U	
2	"	"	4	1	"	"	17	96	"	77	37		
9	"	99	5	4	"	,,	20	2	99	"	52		
8	"	"	8	1	"	"	21	3	,,	22	53		
2	"	22	11	2	"	,,	22	4	"	"	59		
22	"	"	12	1	,,	"	24	5	,,	,,	60		
1	"	,,	13	2	,,	77	26	1	22	22	63		

Model No. 207 Travelling Crane

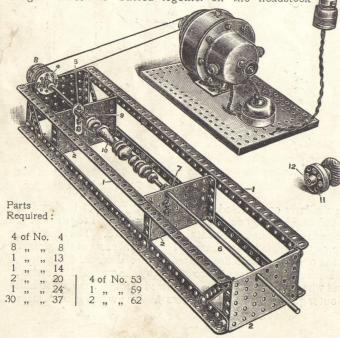


The side frames of this model are similarly constructed. Each leg 1 is made of  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " and  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " perforated strips overlapped two holes and distended by double brackets 2 and bolted together at the top, and to angle brackets bolted to the ends of the outer horizontal angle girders 3. The inner angle girders 4 are reversed with their webs up, to form rails for the crane. The central parts of the girders 4 are supported by flat brackets 5, and the outer girders 3 are braced by the diagonal  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 6 bolted to the legs 1 and the girders 3. Each end pair of legs is also braced by the crossed  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 7. The whole gantry travels on the flanged wheels 8 carried on 2" rods passed through the lowest holes of the legs 1.  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 9 connect the outer girders 3 and inner girders 4. The winch is constructed as shown in Fig. 201B.

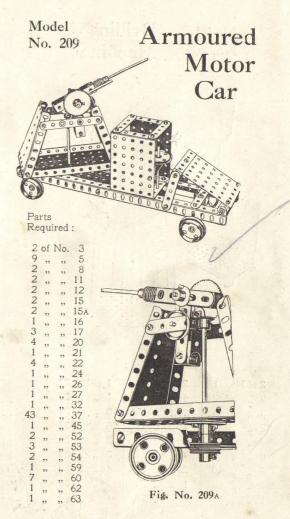
#### Model No. 208 Lathe

This model is but one example of the great practical possibilities to which the Meccano system of construction may be applied. The illustration shows a model lathe, the framework of which is built very rigidly of overlapped angle girders 1, to which are bolted by their flanges four small flanged plates 2, the fast headstock of the lathe being provided by a rod 3, one end journalled in a bush wheel 4 bolted to the end plate, and the other journalled in the boss of a crank

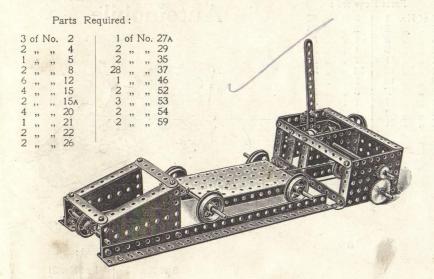
5. The loose headstock is formed by an axle 6 journalled in bolted to the inner plate. The drive from the flanged wheels 8 butted together on the headstock



the end plate 2, and a crank 7 motor is carried round two spindle 3, on the other end of which is gripped a coupling 9 by one of its screws, this coupling being also secured to a centre fork driven into the article 10 to be turned. The detail view to the right shows how a knob or other article may be screwed to a bush wheel 11, the base 12 of which is gripped by its screw to the headstock spindle 3 to form a chuck or face plate. The electric motor shown in the illustration is one-thirtieth horse-power.



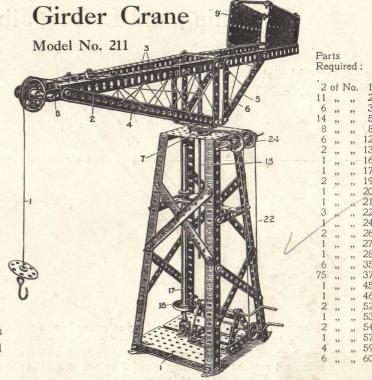
## Model No. 210 Cable Railway



Our illustration hardly does this excellent model justice, owing to the parts having to be so crowded together. This is a very fine model, both instructive and highly interesting.

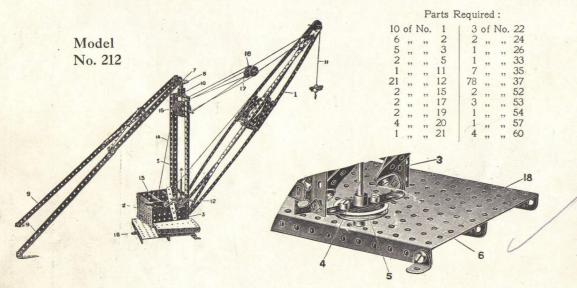
The driving power is received at the outer  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " pulley, and is transmitted through the clutch mechanism and the pinion and gear wheels to the lower spindle on which the driving pulley is fixed, the driving rope passing round this pulley and the second pulley at the end of the rails, all as shown in the drawing.

In fixing the lever for operating the clutch mechanism, the nuts should be locked to prevent the screw working out. Only one section of rails is shown in the design, but they may be extended as desired.



The lower structure of this model is identical with that of Fig. 202. The hoisting cord 1 after passing over the end jib pulley, winds on the  $11\frac{1}{2}$ " rod 13, as described in Fig. 202. The jib is built up of horizontal angle girders 3, overlapped 8 holes and strengthened by the diagonal  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 4 and  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 5 connected to the vertical  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 6 bolted at the bottom to  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " bent strips bolted to the flanged wheel 7.  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 8 extend from the angle girders 3 to carry the jib pulley. The balance weight is formed by two sector plates 9.

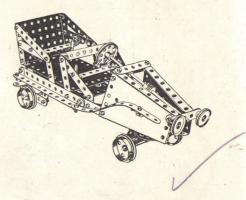
## Swivelling and Luffing Jib Crane



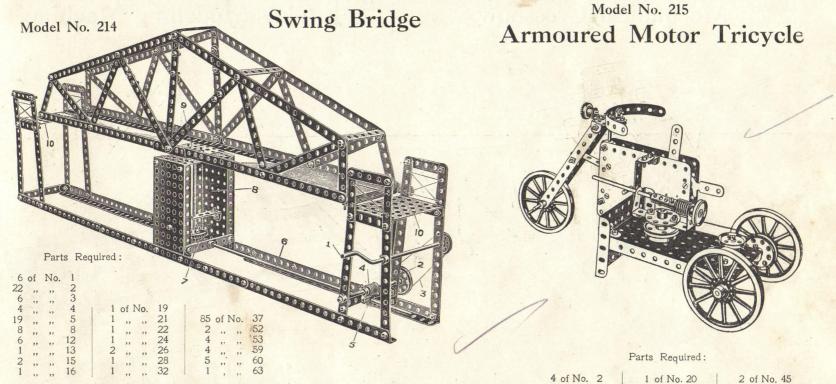
This model is interesting as affording an example of a crane used to transport the load from say a ship's deck on to a quay by "luffing" or altering the angle of the jib. The jib 1 and its gear box 2, as well as the vertical angle girders 3, all swivel about pivots, the lower one formed by a spindle 4 secured in a pulley wheel 5 bolted to a  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " bent strip 6, which is also bolted to the girders 3. The upper pivot is a spindle 7 fixed to a bush wheel 8 bolted by angle brackets to the shear legs 9. A double bent strip 10 forms a strong bearing for the spindle 7. The hoisting cord 11 passes round the end jib pulley on to the cranked winding spindle 12. The "luffing" or raising of the jib is controlled by the cranked spindle 13, the cord 14 from which passes over one of the flanged wheels 15 round one of the pair of pulley wheels 16, back round another flanged wheel 15, then round the remaining pulley wheel 16, again round the last flanged wheel 15, and is made fast to the single bent strip 17 between the pulley wheels 16. Cords are connected to the ends of the spindle of the pulley wheels 16 and the end of the jib. The feet of the shear legs 9, and the angle brackets on the flanges of the base flanged plates 18, carrying the spindle 4. should be screwed to some suitable wooden base.

Model No. 213

## Automobile



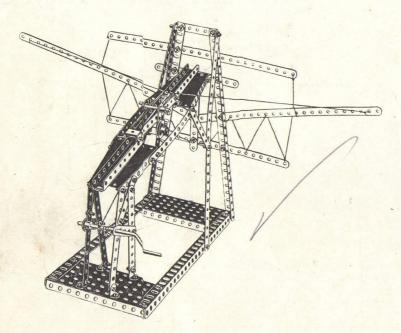
8	of	No.	2	1	of	No.	21
5	,,	59	3	2	,,	"	22
4	,,	"	4	1	,,	"	24
9	,,	,,	5	2	"	"	26
6	,,	"	10	1	"	,,	28
28	99	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	12	1	,,,	,,	29
1	•••	.,	14	17	,,	"	37
1			15	1	,,	"	45
	"	"		. 1	,,	,,	53
1	,,	"	15A	2			54
1	,,	"	17	4	"		59
4	"	,,	20	2	"	"	60



The construction of this model will be quite apparent from the illustration. The crank handle 1 drives a pulley 2 by means of the cord 3. On the pulley spindle 2 is fixed a worm 4 geared with a  $\frac{1}{2}$ " pinion 5 on the axle 6, another  $\frac{1}{2}$ " pinion on the end of which drives a contrate wheel 7 on the vertical spindle 8 which carries the bridge, this spindle being secured to a bush wheel fastened to the underside of the small flanged plate 9 in the centre of the bridge. By operating the handle 1 the bridge may be swung round to the open position, or its ends brought opposite to the landing platforms 10.

				1						
4 of No	. 2	1	of I	No.	20	1	2	of I	No.	45
1 ,, ,,	5	1	,,	,,	21	1	1	,,	,,	46
1 ,, .,	10	. 4	,,	,,	22		1	,,	,,	52
3 ,, ,,	11	1	,,	,,	22A	18	1	,,	,	53
6 ,,	12	2	,,	,,	24		. 8	,,	.,	59
2 ,, ,,	15	1	,,	21	29		1	,,	,,	60
1 ,, ,,	17	1	,,	,,	33		1	,,	,,	62
1	18	29	,,	.,	37	1	1	,,	,, (	63

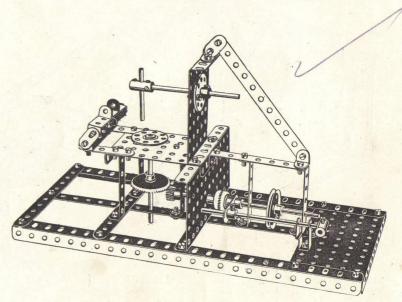
## Model No. 216 Mechanical Crossbow



#### Parts Feguired:

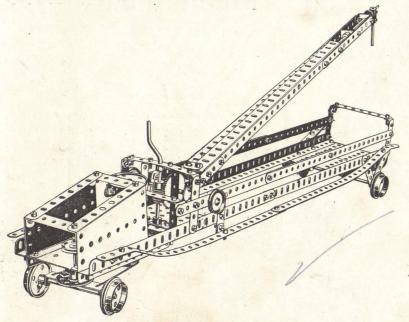
						24	41100				
6	of	No.	1	1	of	lo.	11	58	of	No.	37
10	,,	"	2	5	"	"	12	2	"	,,	52
			3								
5	"	,,	5	1	"	,,	17	4	,,	,,	59
4	,,	,,	8	1	,,	"	19	2	,,	"	62
				2	,,	22	22	1			

## Model No. 217 Clay Modelling Machine



4	of	No.	2	1	of	No.	15	1 :	2	of	No.	29
1	"	,,	3	2	,,	"	16	4	1	,,	"	37
2	"	"	5	1	"	, ,,	17	1	2	"	,,,	52
2	"	"	8	1	"	,,	21	1	2	,,	"	53
3	,,	22	10	2	,,	,,	24		2	,,	"	59
1	,,	"	11	1	,,	77	26	1 :	7	***	"	60
3	"	22	12	1	22	"	28		1	,,	77	62
1	"	"	14						2	"	"	63

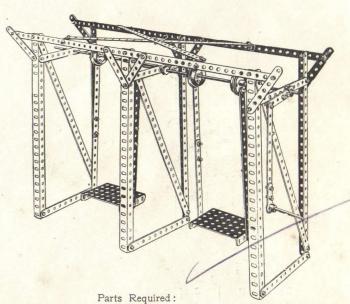
#### Model No. 218 Fire Watertower



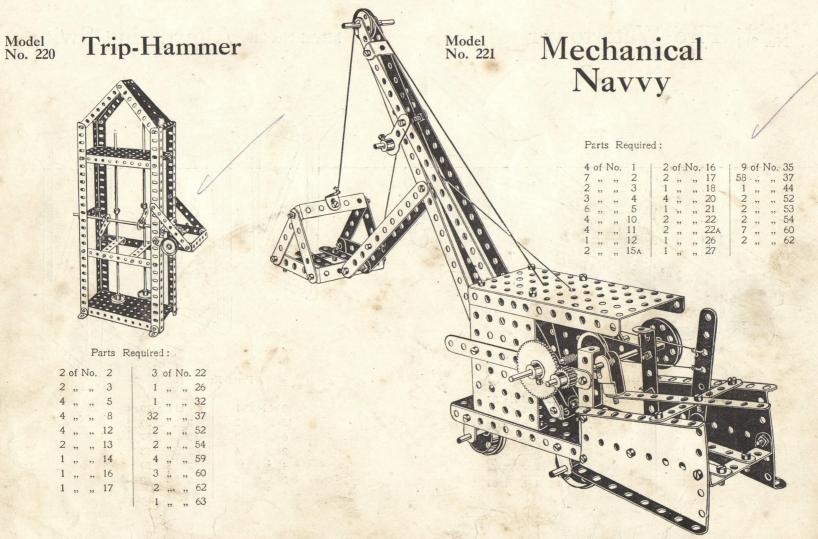
#### Parts Required:

4	of	No.	1	1	2	of i	No.	16	1	9	98	of	No.	37
2	"	"	2		2	"	"	17			1	27	"	45
5	"	"	3		1	,,	,,	19			1	"	,,	52
14	"	"	5		4	"	"	20			3	,,	,,	53
8 2	"	"	8		1	79	"	21			2	"	"	54
2		"	11	- 1	2	"	55	22 24			5	"	22	59
12	"	"	12	18	1	"	"	26			2	99	"	62
3	"	"	15A		i	"	22	27A			1	22	"	63
	,,				1	77		32	P. V			"	"	-

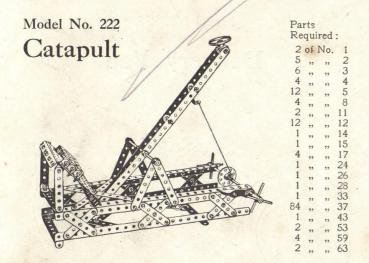
## Model No. 219 Alternating Swing



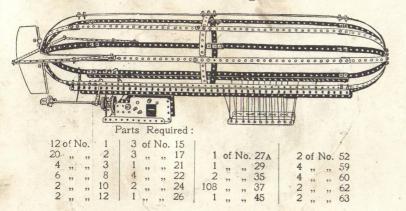
9	of	No.	1		4	of	No.	20
15	,,	"	2		2	"	"	26
6	99	,,	3	6	8	,,	"	37
2	"	"	4		2	"	"	53
4	,,	"	12		2	,,	"	59
2	,,	77	13		2	"	"	62
1	"	- 77	17				-	

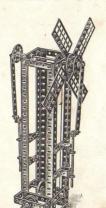


#### These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 4, or No. 3 and No. 3A



### Model No. 224 Airship





Model No. 223

## Double-action Windmill Pump

#### Parts Required:

2	of	No.	2	1	. 1	of	No.	24
14	22	"	5		1	,,		26
4	22	"	8	1	1	,,	2.3	28
2	"	- "	11	0	54	,,	"	37
10	"	"	12		2	,,	"	45
3	"	"	15		1	"	"	46
1	"	"	16	1	5	77	"	59
1	"	"	19	1	1	, "	"	60
2	"	"	22		4 2	"	"	61
4	99	99	22	1	4	22	"	02

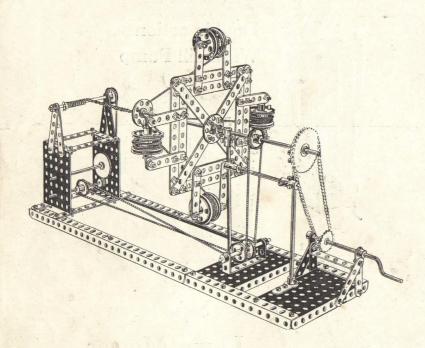
Model No. 225

## Lawn Mower

Parts Required:

4 of No. 2 1 of No. 23
2 ,, 3 2 ,, 24
10 ,, 5 1 ,, 26
4 ,, 10 1 ,, 27
10 ,, 12 50 ,, 37
3 ,, 15 3 ,, 53
2 ,, 22

## Model No. 226 Wire Rope Maker

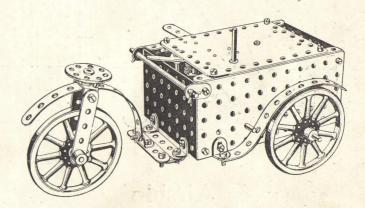


#### Parts Required:

								1					
10	of	No.	2	2	of	No	. 14		1	2	of	No.	22A
6	"	,,	3	4	,,	,,	15	No.	1	1	,,	"	24
4	,,	,,	4	, 1	,,	"	16			1	,,	,,,	26
12	***	,,	5	4	,,,	"	17			1	,,	"	27A
4	"	"	8	1	"	"	19			80	"	"	37
8	,,	"	12	8	,,	"	20			2	"	,,	52
1	,,	"	13	4	,,	""	22			7	,,	"	59

#### Model No. 227

## Delivery Van



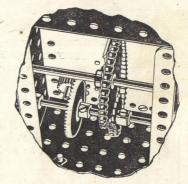
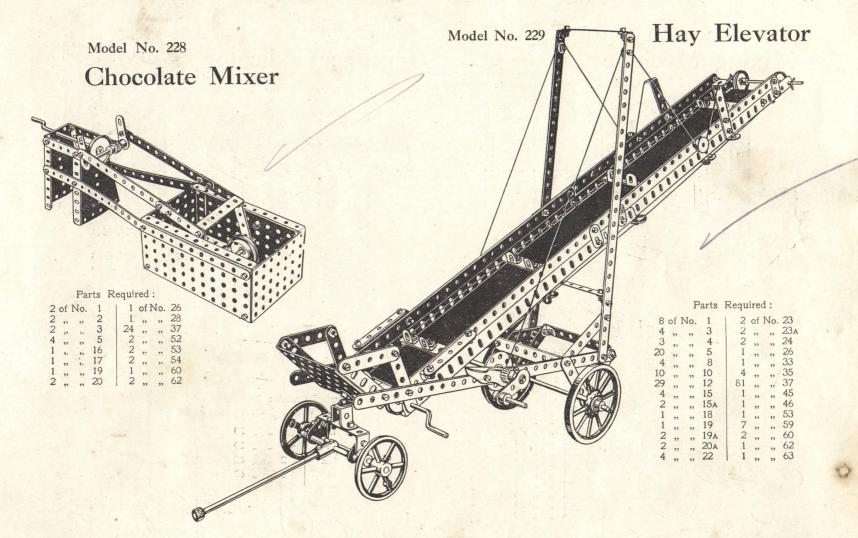
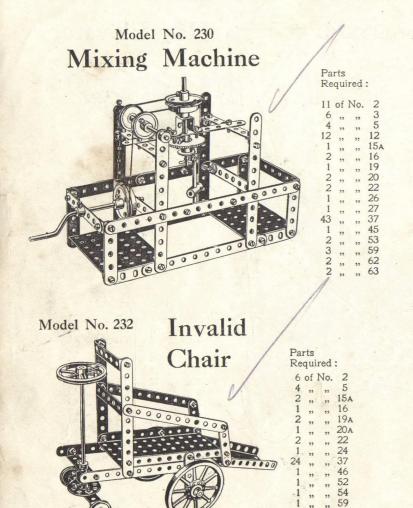


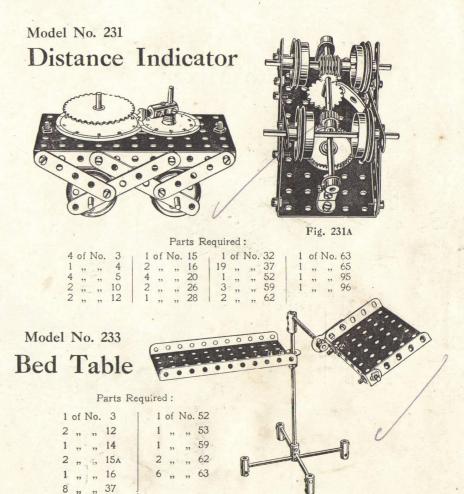
Fig. 227A

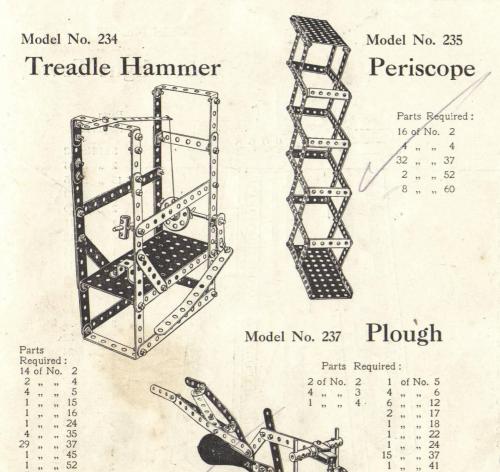
	3	of	No.	2	10	1	of	No.	28
	4	, ,,	,,	5		2	,,	,,	35
	4	,,	"	10		27	,,	,,	37
	1	,,	"	11		2	"	,,	52
	5	"	"	12		2	"	"	53
	1	,,	"	15		6	"	,,	59
un	1	,,	,,	15A		9"	"	,,	94
	1	,,	,,	18	18	1	"	,,	95
	1	,,	,,	24		1	,,	* **	96
	1	**	,,	26	)				

These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 4, or No. 3 and No. 3A



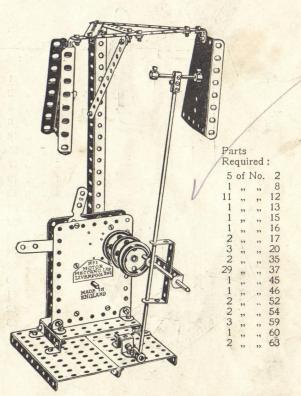






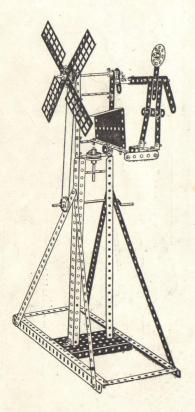
Model No. 236

Automatic Gong



Model No. 238

## Windmill Scare

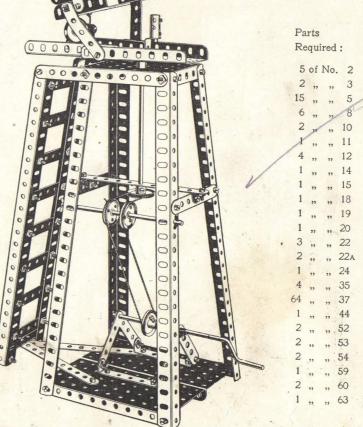


Parts
Required:

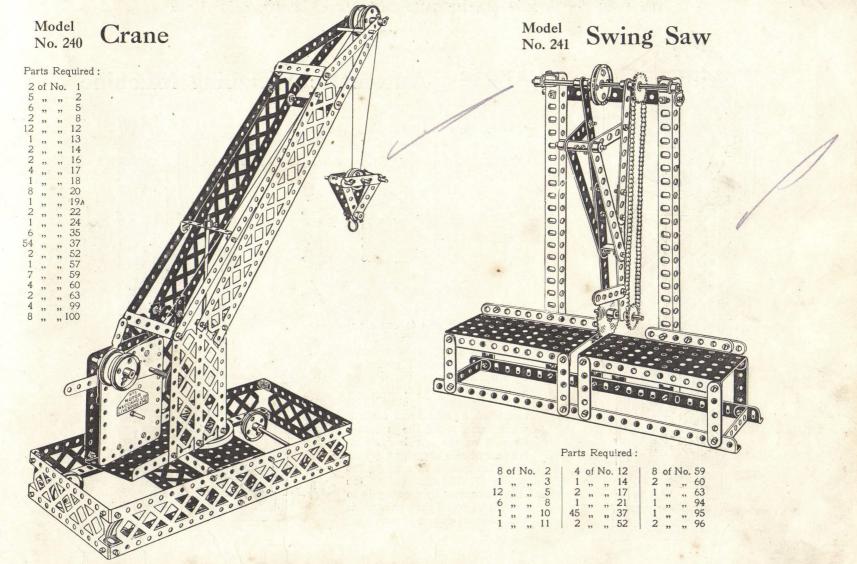
4 of No. 1
4 ,, ,, 2
10 ,, ,, 5
4 ,, ,, 8
4 ,, ,, 12
1 ,, ,, 15
2 ,, ,, 17
1 ,, ,, 19
4 ,, ,, 22
2 ,, ,, 24
49 ,, ,, 37
1 ,, ,, 52
1 ,, ,, 54
4 ,, ,, 59
6 ,, ,, 60
4 ,, ,, 61
1 ,, ,, 62

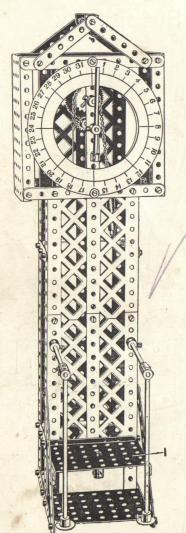
Model No. 239

Search-light Tower



These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 4, or No. 3 and No. 3A





Model No. 242 Automatic Weighing Machine

## Parts Required:

9	of	No.	2		61	of	No.	37
4	,,	"	3		6"	"	"	42
4	,,	"	4		1	"	"	43
4	,,	"	5		2	"	,,	52
4	"	,,	8		2	,,	","	53
4	"	,,,	12		6	"	"	59
1	"	"	13		1	,,	,,	60
2	"	"	15A		2	22	,,	62
4	, ,,	,,	16		3	"	"	63
1	"	,,,	24		1	"	,,,	96
1	"	"	26	9 6	2	"	,,	99
1	" "	"	27		6	,,	,, 1	00

The platform 1 is connected by cross rod and coupling 2A to a rod 2 passing up the centre of the machine and guided in 3½" strips 3 connected to side strips 4. At the upper end of this rod 2 is a bush wheel 5, to which is connected a cord 6 and chain 7 which passes round the sprocket wheel 8 on the spindle of which is a gear wheel 9 engaging a pinion 10 on the spindle 12 carrying the pointer 13. The other end of the chain is coupled by a spring 14 to the frame, and the pointer is thus always returned to zero.

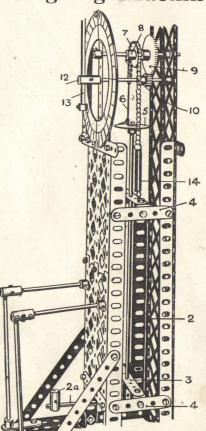
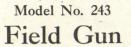
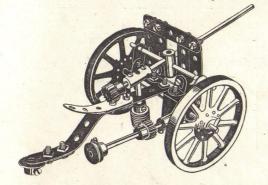


Fig. 242A.

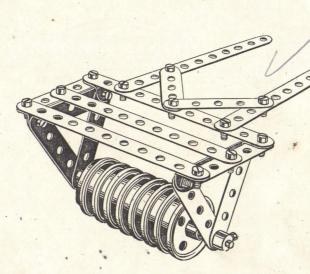




### Parts Required:

1 of No. 2	2 of No. 16	17 of No. 37
7 " " 5	1 ,, ,. 17	1 " " 44
2 " " 10	2 " " 19A	2 " " 59
6 " " 12	1 " " 23A	1 ,, ,, 60
1 " " 14	2 ,, 26	1 " " 62
1 " " 15	1 ,, ,, 32	2 ,, ,, 63
	6 ,, ,, 35	

## Model No. 244 Field Roller



### Parts Required:

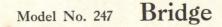
	5	of	No.	2	- 1	8	3	of	No.	20
•	10	99	,,,	5		15	5	,,,	,,	37
	4	22	1)	12		4	1	,,	99	59
	1	***	22	15					1 7.	

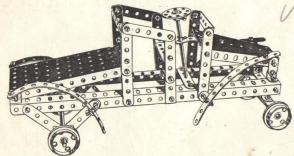
### Model No. 245 Potato Chopper



B	of	No	. 2	2	of	No.	16	12	of	No.	52	
2	99	. 99	- 8	4	,,	**	20	1	22	29	53	
4	95	"	12	1	,,,		24	6	22	"	60	
2	,,	"	13 15 <sub>A</sub>	5	**	**	35	1	99	22	63	
1	99	"	15A	38	- 99	92	37					

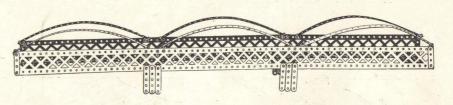
Model No. 246 Motor Car





### Parts Required:

5	of	No.	2	1	of	No.	15	55	of	No.	37
2	,,,	**	3	2	,,	1 17	15A	1	**		45
14	"	"	5	4	99	"	20	1	1)		52
2	22	"	8	1	"	"	24	1	,,	,,	54
2	"	,,	10	1	,,	"	35	6	"	"	60
12	,,	,,	12					1	97	12	62

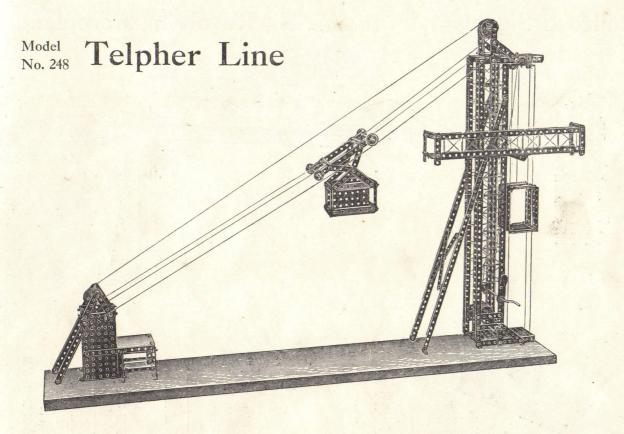


### Parts Required:

6 of No.	.1	12 of No. 12
12 ,, ,,	5	44 , , 37
4 ,, ,,	6	4 , 53
6 ,, ,,	8	6 " " 99

### HOW TO CONTINUE

This completes the Models which may be made with MECCANO Outfit No. 4. The next Models are a little more advanced, requiring a number of extra parts to construct them. The necessary parts are all contained in a No. 4a Accessory Outfit, the cost of which will be found in the Price List at the end of the Manual.



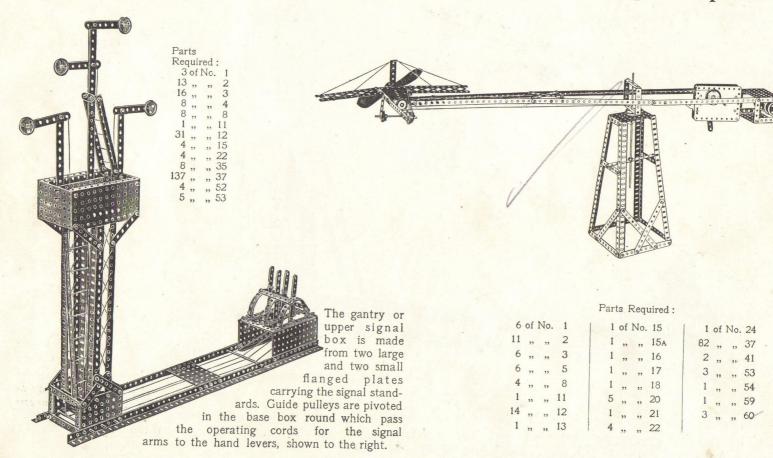
Parts Required:

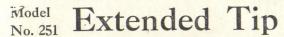
6 of No. 1
10 , , , , 2
2 , , , , 3
8 , , , 4
41 , , 5
9 , , 8
32 , , , 15
3 , , 15
3 , , 15
2 , , 16
2 , , 19
4 , , 20
2 , , 21
4 , , 22
2 , , 24
2 , , 26
1 , , 27
1 , , 33
9 , , 35
141 , , 37
1 , , 46
4 , , 52
3 , , 53
7 , , 60

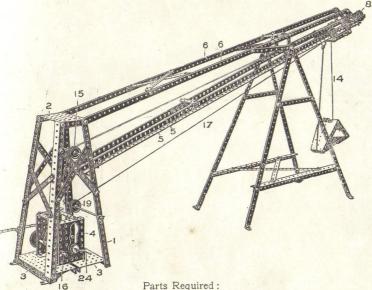
This figure represents a Telpher Line such as is used in hilly countries for transporting loads across intervening valleys. The travelling cage or bucket should be loosely pivoted from the roller cage, so that it may hang vertically when travelling down the inclined ropes. The drawing ropes should be wound once round the suspension pulleys of the bucket.

## Model No. 249 Railroad Signals

## Model No. 250 Revolving Aeroplane







				Parts	K	equ	nrea:				
14	of I	No.	1	2	of	No.	16	15	of l	No.	35
17	"	,,	2	2	,,	"	17	148	,,	,,	37
7	"	"	3	1	"	22	19	1	"	••	94
2	,,	"	4	1	,,	"	21	1	,,	17	44
8	,,	"	5	4	,,	: 7	22	2	,,	,,	46
6	,,	"	6	1	,,	,	22A	1	,,	,,,	50
12	"	"	8	4	,,	"	23	2	,,	77	52
2	,,	"	11	2	,;	29	26	3	"	22	53
26	,,	"	12	2	, ,,	22	27A	2	,,	,,	54
2	**	"	14	1	1,	,,	33	3	,,	,,	59
2			15					1			

The main tower of the tip is made from four  $12\frac{1}{2}$  angle girders 1 bolted at the top to a small flanged plate 2 and at the bottom to two large plates 3; the side plates 4 of the gear box being bolted to the flanged base plates.

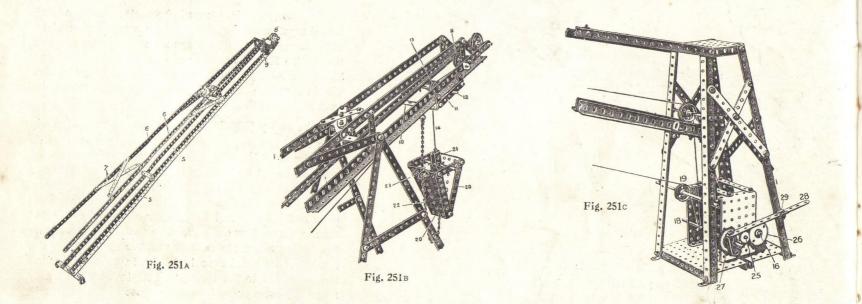
The jib (Fig. 251a) is made from sets of angle girders 5 butted together and coupled by strips, a pair of members 6 being formed from  $12\frac{1}{2}''$  strips strengthened by diagonal ties 7. To the ends of the angle girders 5 are bolted two  $3\frac{1}{2}''$  strips to carry the  $1\frac{1}{2}''$  pulley wheel 8, and the 1" pulley wheel 9 is carried on an axle passed through the third holes from the end of the angle girders.

The trolley (Fig. 251B) carrying the tip bucket is made from two large bent strips 10, in the upper ends of which are lock-nutted ½" pulley wheels, the bent ends of the strips being connected by 3" strips 11, in one of the central holes of which is the axle 12 carrying the pulley 13 for the operating cord 14 of the tip bucket. This cord passes round the inner end pulley 9 and back to one of the pulleys 15 and then to the winding shaft 16. The cord 17 for traversing the trolley along the rails is continuous, being given a complete turn round the spindle 18 (Fig. 251c) then round the pulley 19 to the trolley, and again from the trolley round the outer pulley 8 back over one of the pulleys 15 to the winding spindle 18.

The tip bucket, as will be seen from Fig. 251B, is made from two sector plates 20 bolted together at their lower edges, and coupled by  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " strips at their upper ends; the bucket is supported by a single bent strip 21 engaging the axle passed through the strips. A slack chain 22 connects the lower end of the tip bucket to a hook on the trolley, the chain passing between angle brackets 23.

Model No. 251

Extended Tip (continued)



To tip the bucket, the cord 14 is lowered until the chain 22 becomes taut, further lowering of the cord 14 then allowing the bracket to swing over.

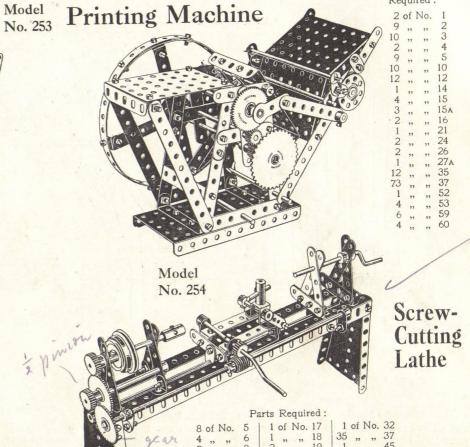
The cranked spindle 24 is provided at its opposite end with a pinion 25 which is permanently in gear with a  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " gear wheel 26 on the spindle 16 controlling the hoisting cord 14. Another gear wheel 27 is mounted on the spindle 18 and is so controlled by the lever 28 that it may be thrown in or out of gear with the pinion 25. The lever 28 is supported in an eye piece 29 carried from the corner girder 1.

To cause the bucket trolley to traverse the rails without raising or lowering the bucket, the gear wheel 27 is engaged with the pinion 25, but to lift or lower the bucket, the gear wheel 27 is disengaged, the hoisting wheel 26 only being operated.

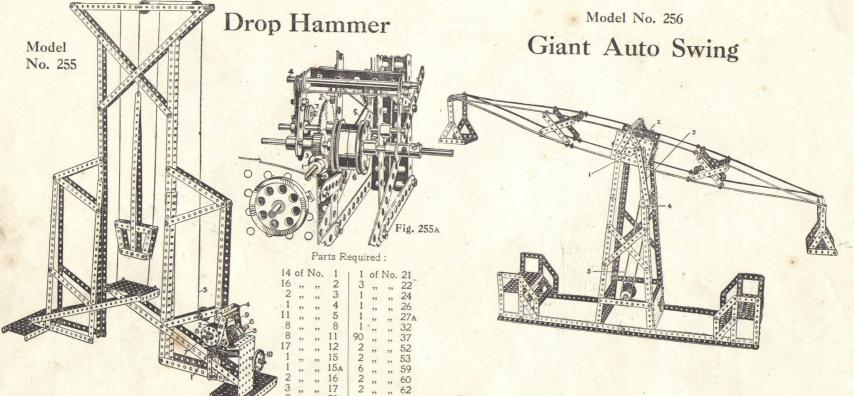
Parts Required:



						-									
8	of	No.	1	10	of	No.	8	1 1	of	No.	19	2	of	No.	52
13			2	1 2			1()	4		44	44	0	22	22	00
1			. 3	1 4			1/	- 1			20	0	22	99	0,
2			4	2	-		16	1	11	22	ZIA	4	"	"	62
1	•••	11	5	2	99	"	17	65	,,	, ,,	31				



These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 5, or No. 4 and No. 4A

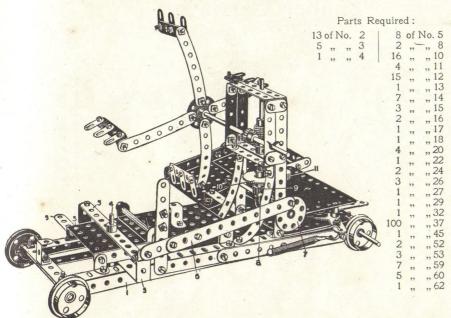


The worm 1 on the driving spindle engages and rotates the gear wheel 2. which drives the pinion 3 on a spindle carried in crank bearings bolted to reversed  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " bent strips, which hang from an upper rod 4. The winding rope 5 passing round the wheels 6 keeps the pinion in gear with the gear wheel 2 when raising the hammer. A  $\frac{1}{2}$ " pulley 7 bolted to the bush wheel 8 eventually engages a strip 9 carried from the crank piece, and, by swinging the latter out, disengages the pinion 3 from the gear wheel 2, releasing the wheels 6 and permitting the rope to unwind and the hammer to drop. The driving pulley 10 must be driven anti-clockwise.

The spindle 1 of the swing frame is fitted with a crank 2 connected by a strip 3 to another crank 4, the spindle of which is journalled in the vertical supports and carries a sprocket wheel driven by the chain 5.

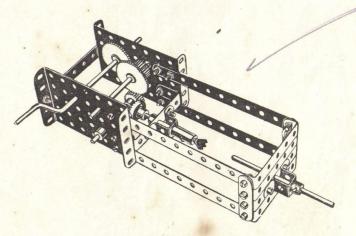
						-		
		No.		-	1	of	No.	. 21
		"			1	,,	,,	24
		"					. ,,	
		"					"	
		>>				"		35
12 46			8		166			37
2			12		4			52
2			15		5			53
2	"	"	15A		2			59
-	"	99	·Un	1	4	22	22	02

## Model No. 257 Mowing and Reaping Machine



Begin by building the base frame 1 from angle girders bolted to flanged plates 2, a flanged perforated plate 3 being also bolted by angle brackets on the top of frame 1. This forms the bearing for a short rod 4 which is the pivot of the cutter 5, which is oscillated by the strips 6 which form a connecting rod operated by the bush wheel 7. The spindle of this wheel is driven by a contrate wheel 8 from the pinion 9, which is on the same spindle as the gear wheel 10 driven by two pinions 11 on the driving spindle of the motor.

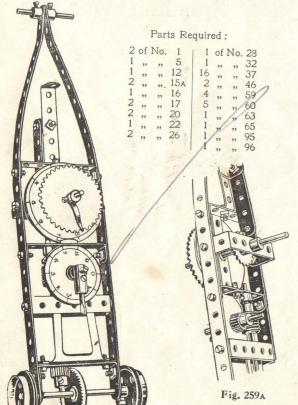
## Model No. 258 Spooling Machine



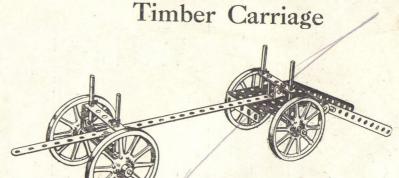
4	of	No.	2	1 2	of l	No.	27	1	1	of	No.	46
1	22	"	3	1	,,	"	29				"	
3	,,,	22	16	26				- 18			,,	
		. ,,		2	"	"	45		4	"	"	60
			19A						1	"	"	63
2	, ,,	22	26	1					1	22	99	65

### Model No. 259

## Measuring Machine



Model No. 260



Sweeper

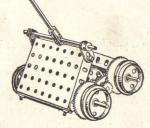
Model No. 261

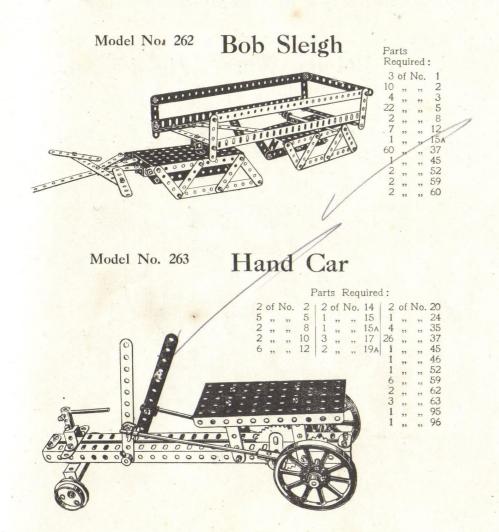
Carpet

### Parts Required:

ľ

Parts Required: 1 of No. 1





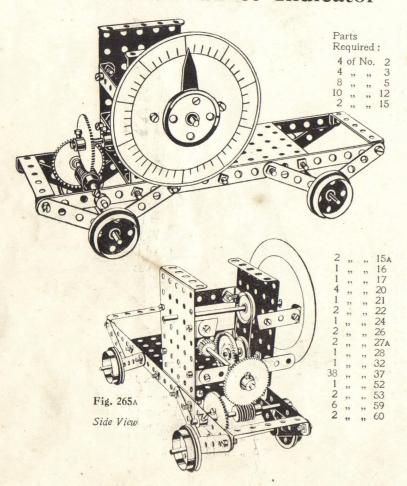
## Model No. 264 Ladder



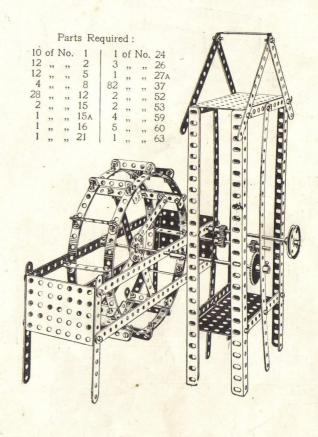
				and any	-		
4	of	No.	1	1	of	No.	16
8	,,,	"	2	2	99	"	17
2	- 99	,,,	3	10	,,	,,	35
3	,,,	"	5	44	"	,,	37
2	,,	,,	10	2	,,	,,	59
8	,,,	. 22	12	9	99	99	60

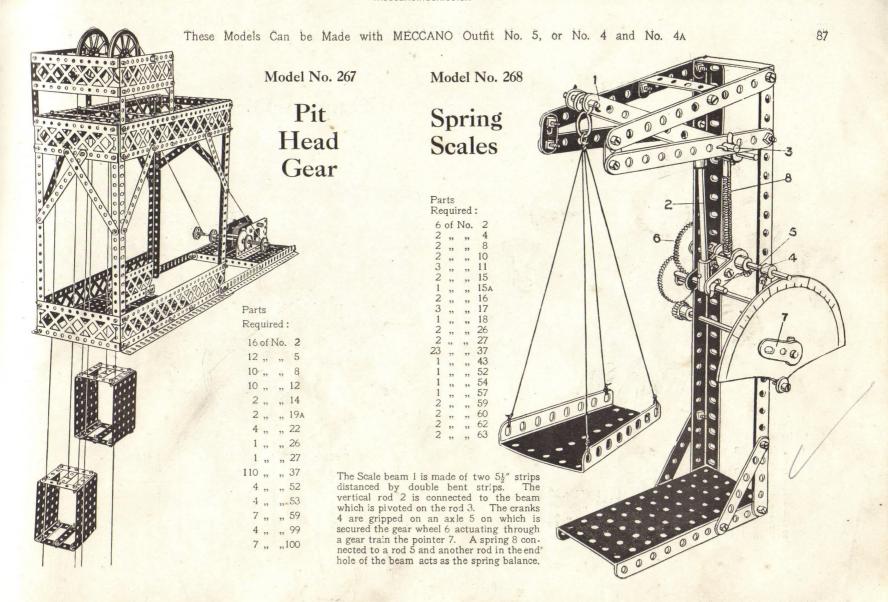
These Models can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 5, or No. 4 and No. 4A

## Model No. 265 Distance Indicator

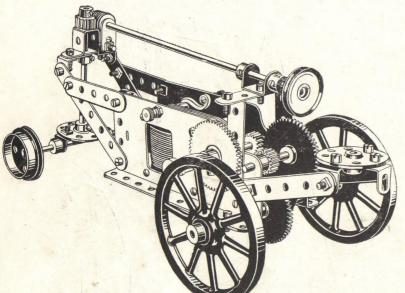


## Model No. 266 Belgian Water Wheel





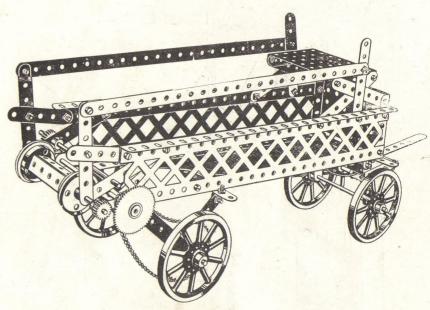
## Model No. 269 Farm Tractor



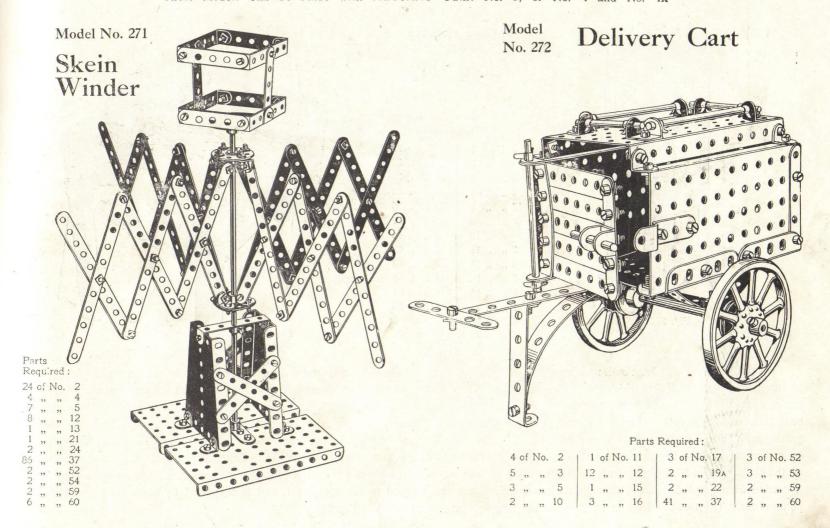
#### Parts Required:

		140.	0	100									
5	"	22	5										
3	"	,,,	10										
1	,,	,,	11										
7	"	,,	12		2	of	No.	20	1	1	of	No.	3
1	"	"	13	-	1	,,	,,	22		24	22		3
1	,,	"	15	38	2	99	22	24		1	,,	- 22	4
2			15A		2	,,	77	26		8			5
2	99	99	19A	-1	2	, ,,	"	27		2	22		6

# Manure Distributing Cart



					Pari	SF	ceq	uired					
		No.						15A	1	1	of	No.	46
0	22	"	2		2	"	99.	17	3			22	53
0	"	"	3 5		4	23	,,	19A		8	,,	22	59
4	"	"	8			99		20		4	22		60
	"	22	12	1	3	,,,	,,	24		1	99	",	94
	,,,		14	1	1	22	"	26 27 <sub>A</sub>		1	99	22	95
		99	15		4	22		35		2	99	"	96
	37	"			per des					4	"	22	99



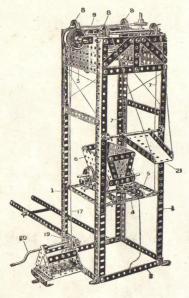


Fig. 273

Model No. 273

## Coal Tip

### Parts Required:

2 of No. 1	2 of No. 22A
19 ,, ,, 2	3 ,, ,, 26
3 " " 3	1 " " 27A
4 ,, ,, 4	1 ,, ,, 32
13 " " 5	15 ,, ,, 35
8 ,, ,, 8	110 ,, ,, 37
28 " " 12	1 ,, ,, 46
2 ,, ,, 14	2 ,, ,, 52
4 ,, ,, 15	3 ,, ,, 53
3 " " 15A	1 ,, ,, 54
1 ,, ,, 16	4 ,, ,, 59
1 ,, ,, 19	4 ,, ,, 60
4 ,, ,, 22	

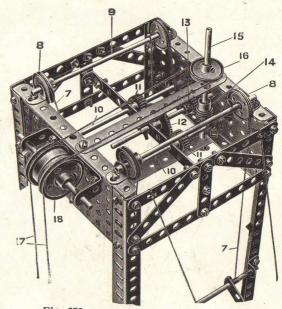
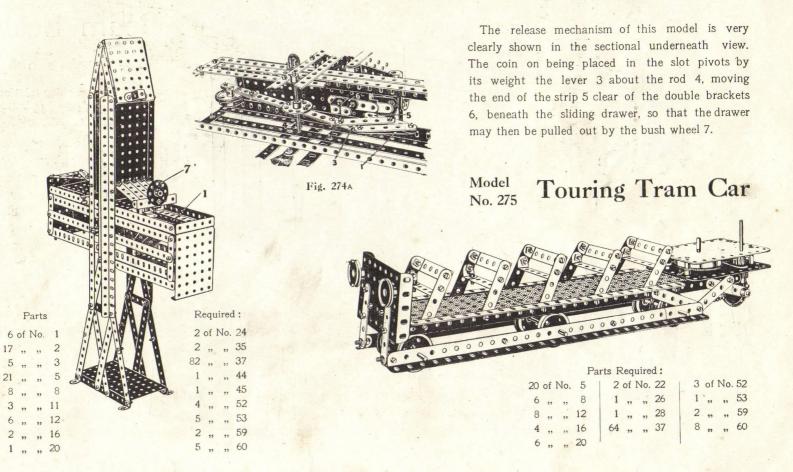
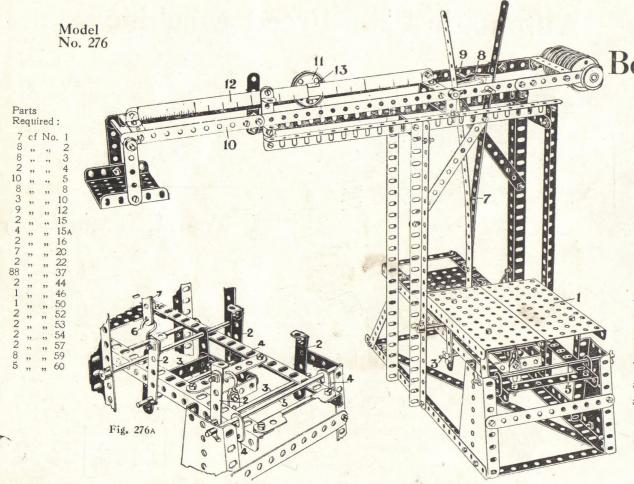


Fig. 273A

The vertical standards I are built up from overlapped angle girders, connected by cross strips 2 and flanged plates 3. The rising and falling platform 4, upon the rails 5 of which the truck 6 is carried, is arranged to be raised or lowered in the framework I by the suspension cords 7, one at each corner. These suspension cords are connected to the corners of the platform 4, and pass over four pulleys 8 carried in the head of the frame on spindles 9. The cords 7 after passing over the pulleys 8 are wound on lower spindles 10 (Fig. 273A), fitted with pinions 11 gearing with and being driven by a gear wheel 12. On the same spindle which carries the gear wheel 12 is a pinion 13, driven by a worm 14 on a vertical spindle 15 carrying a pulley 16. The operating cord 17 passes round the pulley 16 and the flange pulleys 18, to a pulley 19 on the crank spindle 20, by means of which the raising or lowering of the platform 4 is controlled. The chute 21, made from a sector plate, is carried from a spindle passed through its inner perforations and secured to the uprights 1, and is supported by cords from its outer perforations. The truck is held in position on the tipping platform as shown in Fig. 273.

## Model No. 274 Automatic Coin-Freed Machine



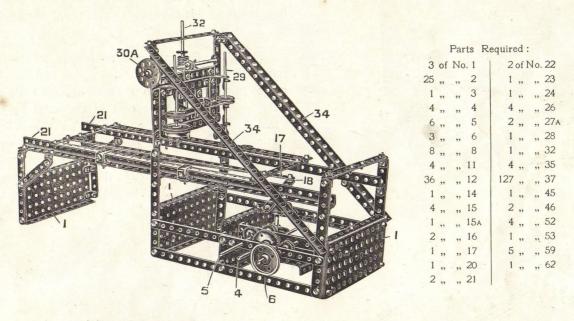


Beam Scales

The weighing platform 1 is bolted to the four uprights 2, which engage over transverse rods 3, to permit of a parallel movement. The frame 4 of the platform is pivotally slung by flat brackets from the rod 5, and is coupled by hook 6, pull rods 7, which are connected by a pair of cranked bent strips 8 to a rod 9, passing through the side strips 10 to the main weight beam. The sliding weight 11 is adjustable on the graduated arm by an eye piece 13.

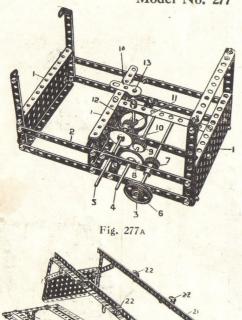
These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 5, or No. 4 and No. 4A

## Model No. 277 Planing Machine



Begin by constructing the gear box, Fig. 277A, consisting of three large flanged plates 1 joined by pairs of  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 2 overlapped three holes. The strips 2 form bearings for the spindles 3, 4, and 5. The spindle 3, on which is the driving pulley 6, carries a pinion 7 meshing with the gear wheel 8 secured with the pinion 9 on the spindle 4. This pinion 9 meshes with the gear wheel 10 on the spindle 5, which also carries a pinion 11 engaging the contrate wheel 12 on the vertical spindle 13. A crank piece 14 is secured to the spindle 13, and is pivotally connected to the link 16, Fig. 277B, the other extremity of which is pivotally connected to the connecting rod 17 by a lock-nutted attachment 18. The rod 17 is coupled to the table 19 by the double bent strip 20. The table 19 runs upon the angle girders 21. The double brackets 22 forming guides for the table are first

### Planing Machine (continued) Model No. 277



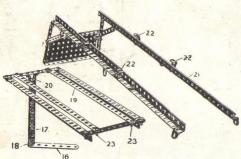
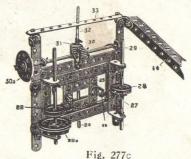


Fig. 277B

bolted in position, and the end nuts and bolts 23 of the table removed to enable the table to pass under the angle brackets initially.

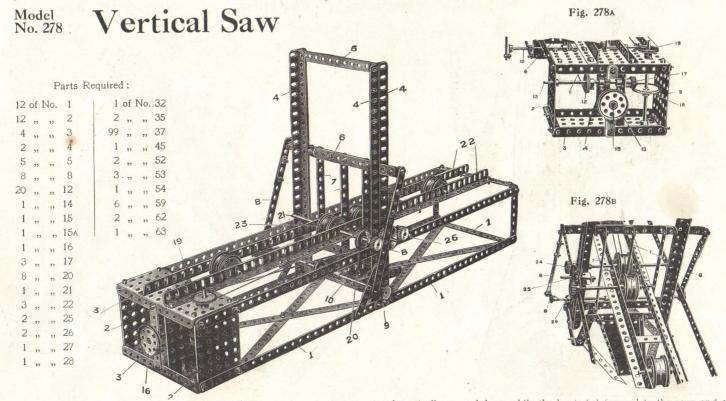
Fig. 277c illustrates the mechanism for controlling the traversing and vertical movement of the tool 24. The tool is carried in the plate 25, to which are secured angle brackets 26 from which the operating cord 27 controlled by the flanged wheel 28a passes round the pulleys 28 on the spindles 29. The vertical movement of the plate is regulated through the bush wheel 30a by means of the pinion 30 engaging the worm 31 here acting as a rack, and secured to the vertically moving spindle 32 guided in the strip 33. The tool head is stayed to the rear plate 1 by the diagonal girders 34.



### HOW TO CONTINUE

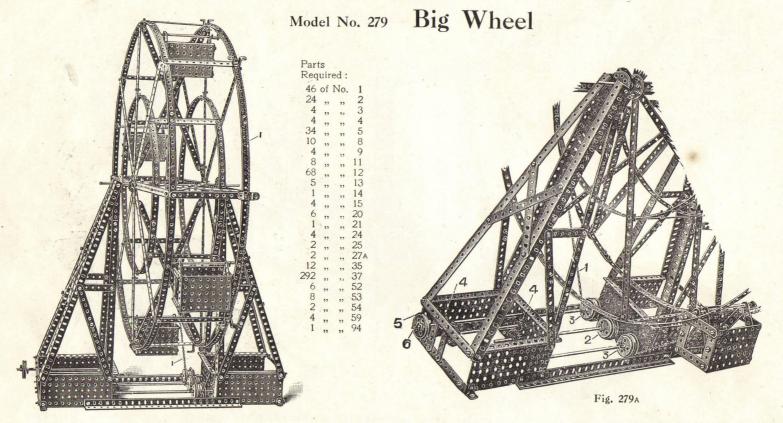
This completes the Models which may be made with MECCANO Outfit No. 5. The next Models are a little more advanced, requiring a number of extra parts to construct them. The necessary parts are all contained in a No. 5a Accessory Outfit, the cost of which will be found in the Price List at the end of the Manual.

This Model Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A



This model represents a log-sawing machine in which a number of saws are moved vertically up and down while the log is fed forward to the saws and cut into planks. The base framework of the model is formed of strips 1 connected to small flanged plates 2, forming the sides, and large flanged plates 3 forming the top and bottom of the gear box. Angle girders 4 are bolted to the strips 1 to form vertical guides for the saw frame, a strip 5 being bolted between the flanges and the angle girders to give clearance for the frame strips 6 carrying saws 7 which slide between the angle girders 4. The frame 6 is moved vertically up and down by the connecting rods 8 lock-nutted to the ends of the upper strips 6, and cranks 9 secured on the end of an axle rod 10. This rod 10 is driven by a cord 11 passing over a pulley wheel 12 on a rod 13, which is driven by a pinion 14 engaging with a worm on the driving shaft 15, this driving shaft being fitted with a driving pulley 16. To provide for the travel of the logs, the other end of the rod 13 is fitted with a pinion 17 engaging a contrate wheel 18 on a vertical spindle. the upper end of which is fitted with a pulley wheel 19, the driving cord passing round this pulley 19 to a similar pulley 20 on an axle 21 journalled in the vertical webs of the angle girder rails 22. This rod 21 carries the flanged wheels 23 and is geared by a pinion 24 engaging a gear wheel 25 to another pinion 26 carrying another pair of flanged wheels. The log is carried along on these flanged wheels through the saws 7.

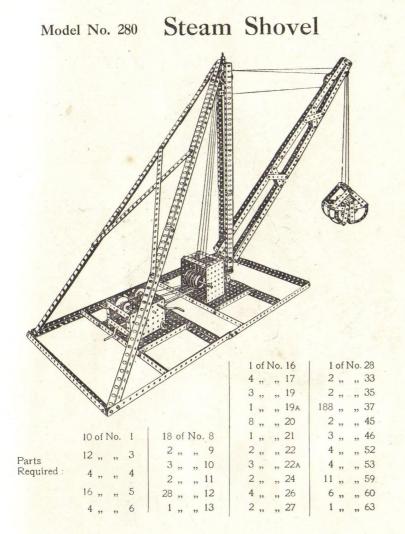
This Model Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A

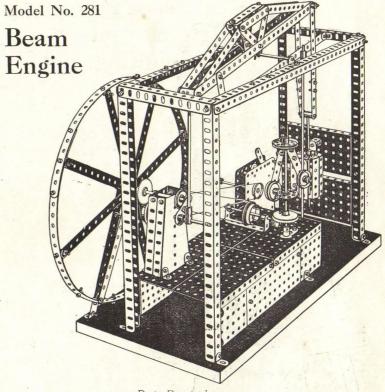


In constructing this model flanged plates are used to form the sides and inner part of the base of the side pedestals and also to form the suspended cages on the wheel.

The driving chain is conveniently kept in position round the periphery of one of the side elements of the wheel by a series of double angle brackets bolted on the ends of the spokes.

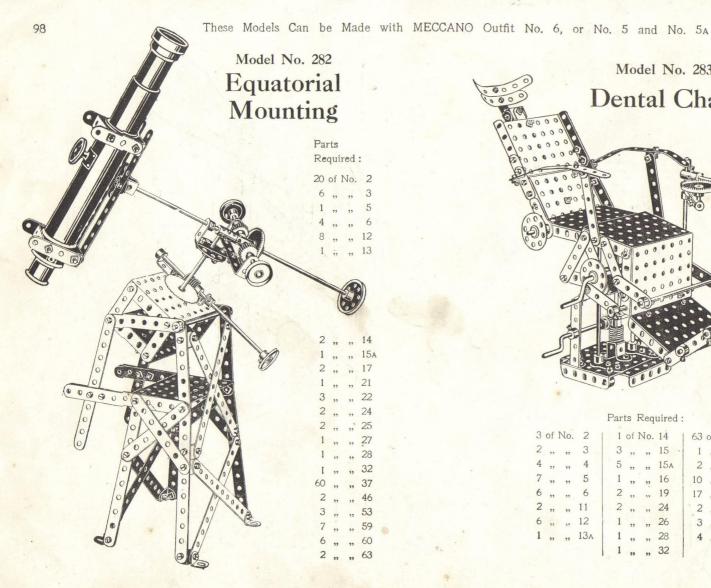
In Fig. 279A is shown how the driving chain 1, passing round the driving wheel 2, is held around the circumference thereof by the guide wheels 3. The driving wheel 2 is driven through the gear wheel 4 from a  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " pulley wheel 5 carried on the spindle 6.

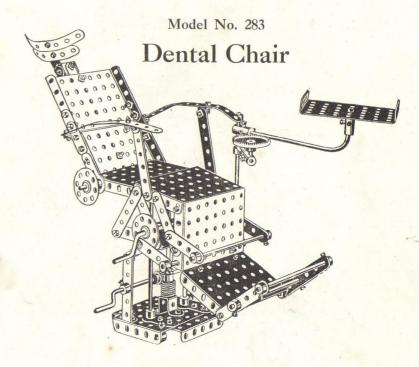




Parts Required

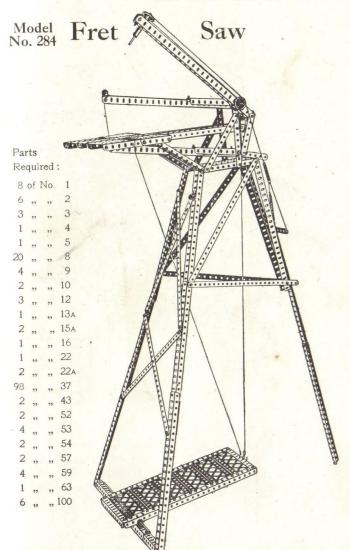
7 of No. 1	27 of No. 12	2 of No. 21	1 of No. 50
18 ,, ,, 2	1 ,, ,, 13	5 ,, ,, 22	7 ,, ,, 52
	1 " " 13A	2 ,, ,, 23	4 ,, ,, 53
10 ,, ,, 5	1 ,, ,, 14	4 ,, ,, 24	2 ,, ,, 54
1 ,, ,, 6	3 ,, ,, 15	2 ,, ,, 26	7 , , , 59
8 ,, ,, 8	1 ,, ,, 16	1 ,, ,, 27	6 ,, ,, 60
4 ,, ,, 9	2 ,, ,, 17	1 ,, ,, 28	3 ,, , 62
6 ,, ,, 10	2 ,, ,, 18	149 ,, ,, 37	5 , , 63
4 ,, ,, 11	2 " " 20	1 ,, ,, 46	0 ,, ,, 00



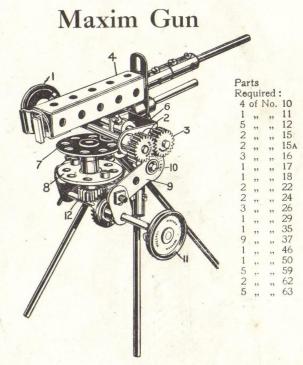


of	No.	2	1	of	No.	14	63	of	No.	37
, ,,	,,	3	3	,,	"	15	1	22	22	45
,,	"	4	5	,,	,,	15A	2	22	22	50
"	,,	5	1	,,	"	16	10	22	11	53
,,	"	6	2	99	"	19	17	11	"	59
,,	"	11	2	,,	,,	24	. 2			
"	>:	12	1	"	"	26	15			
,,	22	13 <sub>A</sub>	1	99	"	28				
			1	99	22	32				
	;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	;; ;; ;; ;; ;; ;; ;; ;;		", ", 3 3 3 3 3 5 5 1 5 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	", ", 3 3 3 ,", ", 4 5 ,", ", 5 1 ,", ", 6 2 ,", ", 11 2 ,", ", 12 1 ,", ", 13A 1 ,",	" " 3	", ", 3	", ", 3	", ", 3	", ", 3

These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A

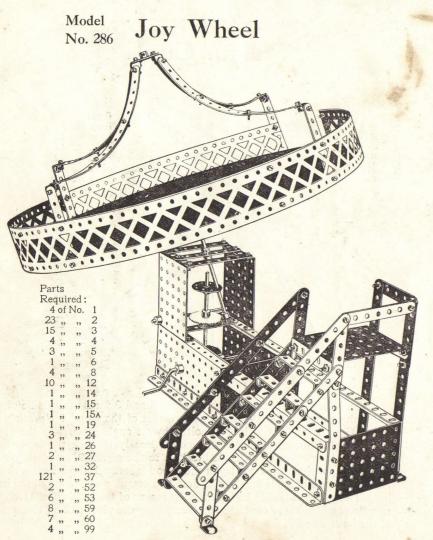


Model No. 285

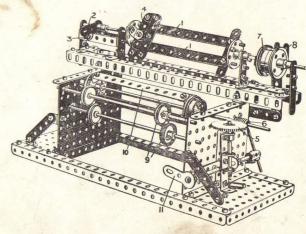


The handwheel 1 operates the pinions 2 and 3; on the spindle of the latter the gun frame 4 is mounted, movement of the wheel 1 elevating the gun. The double bent strip 6 is bolted by an angle bracket to the upper bush wheel 7, the spindle of which passes loosely through the lower bush wheel 8, which is bolted by angle brackets to the cranks 9, a rod 10 joining the cranks to which the front leg of the tripod is secured, the other legs being bolted to a pair of angle brackets secured to a coupling at the top of the front leg. The gun is swivelled horizontally by means of the handwheel 11, on the spindle of which is the contrate wheel engaging the pinion 12 on the spindle of the bush wheel 7.

These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A



## Model No. 287 Linen Winder

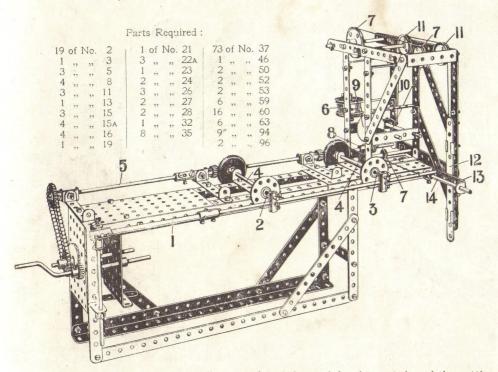


### Parts Required:

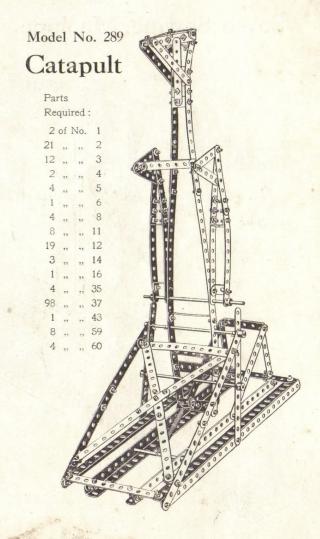
( ( ) )			
6 of No. 2	1 of No. 15	94 of No.	37
2 ,, ,, 3	3 ,, ,, 16	1 ,, ,,	43
12 ,, ,, 5	1 ,, ,, 17	1 ,, ,,	44
4 ,, ,, 8	4 ,, ,, 20	2 ,, ,,	46
11 ,, ,, 10	4 ,, ,, 22	2 ,, ,,	52
2 ,, ,, 11	2 ,, ,, 24	7 ,, ,,	59
16 ,, ,, 12	1 ,, ,, 27	3 ,, ,,	60
1 ,, ,, 13	1 ,, ,, 32	2 ,, ,,	62
2 " " 13A	5 ,, ,, 35	1 ,, ,,	63

In order to disengage the winding frame bars 1 the crank 2 is lifted clear of the stop 3 and drawn back, this action disengaging the end cross strips 4 from the tips of the frame bars 1 and permitting the wound linen to be removed. The gear wheel 5 engaging the worm 6 forms a counter. 7 are the bell pulleys, and 8 the bell striker operated by crank 11; 9 are the guide pulleys for the main linen drums 10.

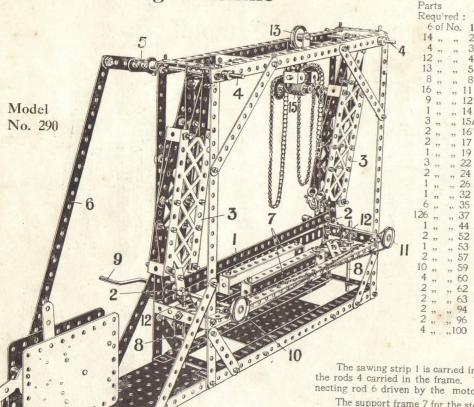
## Model No. 288 Profiling Machine



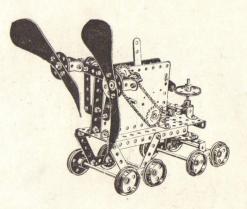
The side shaft 1 carries the follower tool 2 of the medal to be copied, and the cutting tool 3 for the work. The copy and work are rotated by the shafts 4 from the driving shaft 5, and resilient pressure is imparted to the cutting tool 3 by means of a weight 6, the cord of which passes over pulley 7 and is connected to shaft 1. The vertical traverse of the tool is effected by the worm 8 engaging the spur wheel 9, a cord winding on its spindle and passing over pulleys 11 and being connected to the girder strip 12 bolted to the double bent strip 13, which forms a bearing for a rod 14 on which the end of the shaft 1 rests.



## Stone Sawing Machine



## Model No. 291 Velocipede



### Parts Required :

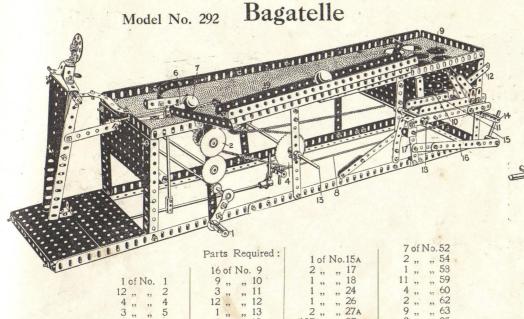
					7	derro				
		2				20	3	of	No.	45
	"	4	3				1	22	"	46
	2.2	5	2							
	"				"				"	
	22				"				"	
	"		-	"	"	71	2	**	"	96

The sawing strip 1 is carried from the short rods 2 in the ends of the swinging frames 3 pivoted on necting rod 6 driven by the motor.

The support frame 7 for the stone blocks to be sawn is raised and lowered as follows: The frame 7 is guided on the vertical rods 8 and raised and lowered by the operation of the crank handle 9 on the end of which is a pulley 10 connected by a cord to another pulley 11. End cords 12 wound on the pulley axles are connected to the support frame 7 and raise or lower it as required.

The pulley block runs upon a rod supported by two  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " bent strips across the upper framework, the top pulley 13 being carried in a cranked bent strip bolted by an angle bracket to the upper hole of a bush wheel, which forms the framework of the pulley block, two double brackets forming the bearings of a rod on which is the pinion 14 engaged by the worm 15.

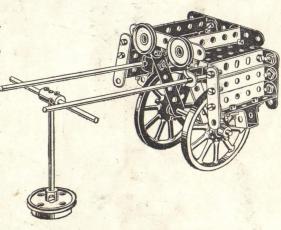
These Models Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A



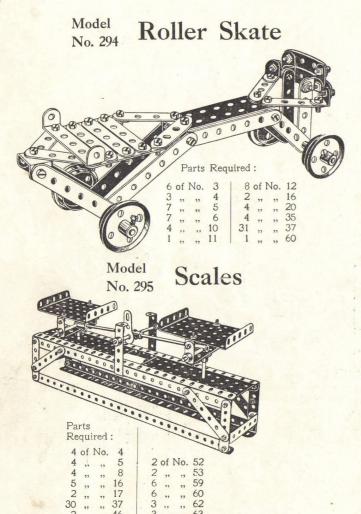
The operating handle 1 drives the gear wheel 2, a sprocket wheel on the spindle being coupled to a sprocket wheel 4. The spindle 5 of this carries a crank made by short rods and coupling, which crank engages at each revolution and pushes back a pusher-bar 6 by means of which the ball is driven forward. A spring cord 8 returns the pusher-rod. After the ball is driven forward, it drops down one of the holes 9 and is led by the guides into the lifting pocket. The ball is held back by a pivoted strip 12 which is caught and pulled down as the pocket 11 descends, permitting the ball to fall out. The pocket is raised by a chain passing over a 2" sprocket at the opposite end of rod 13, which is coupled to another 2" sprocket on spindle 14, which latter carries a rod 15 arranged as a crank coupled by strips 16 to an arm 17 on the pivot 18 of the lifting pocket 11. The ball is lifted by the pocket and deposited into the chute 19, by which it is returned to the pusher-arm 6.

Model No. 293

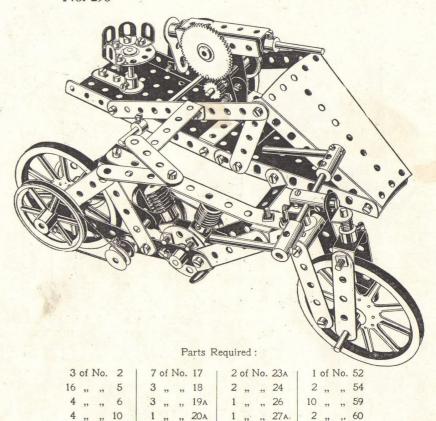
## Jaunting Car



2	of	No.	3	1 of No. 16	40 of No. 3	37
4	,,	12	4	2 " " 17	2 ,, ,,	45
4	"	,,	6	2 " " 19A	1 ,, ,, !	53
14	,,	,,	12	1 ,, 20	4 ,, ,, !	59
2	"	57	13 <sub>A</sub>	2 ,, ,, 22	8 ,, ,,	50
1	,,,	,,,	15	4 ,, ,, 35	1 ,, ,, (	53



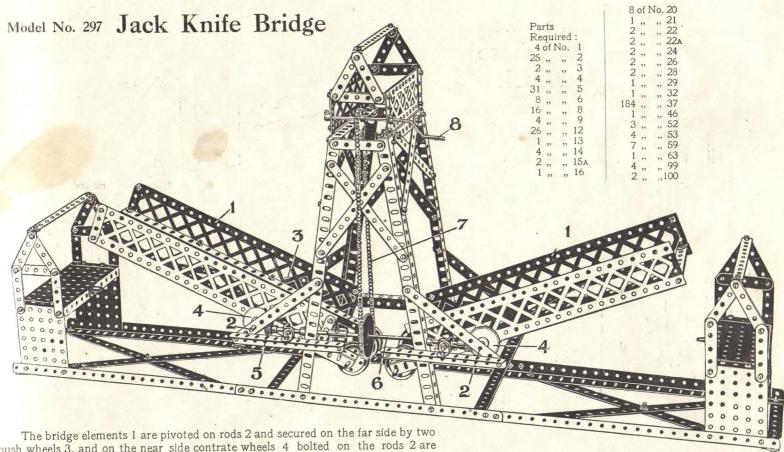
Model No. 296 Armed Motor Cycle



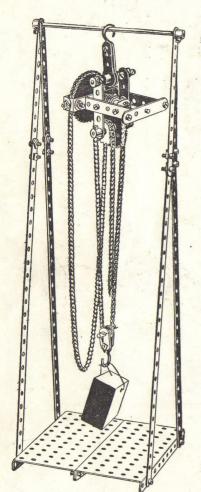
2 ,, ,, 21 2 ,, ,, 32

1 ,, ,, 22

2 " " 15A 1 " " 23



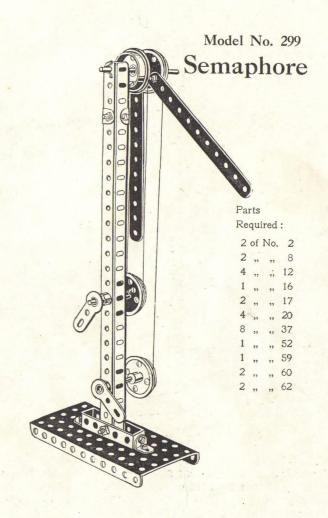
The bridge elements 1 are pivoted on rods 2 and secured on the far side by two bush wheels 3, and on the near side contrate wheels 4 bolted on the rods 2 are engaged by pinions 5 carried on a shaft 6 which is operated by a chain 7 from a sprocket wheel on the crank handle 8. In this way as the crank is rotated the shaft 6 swings the bridge elements 1 simultaneously.

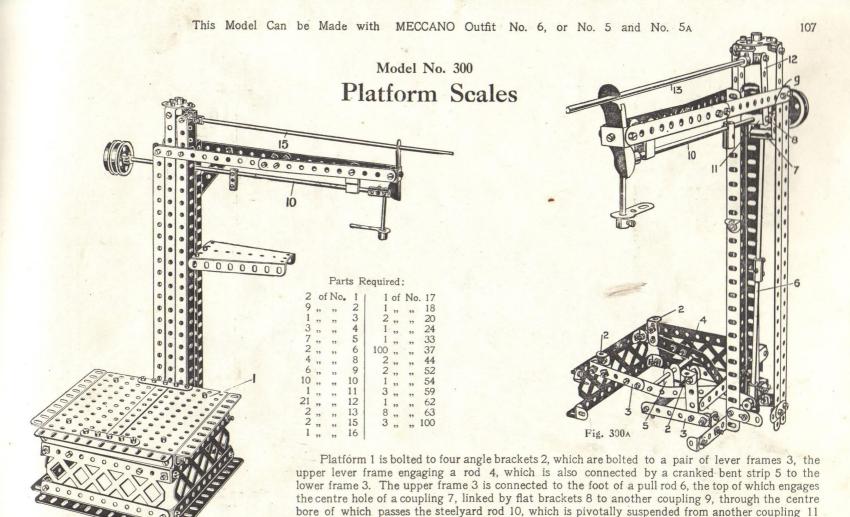


Model No. 298

## Purchase Block

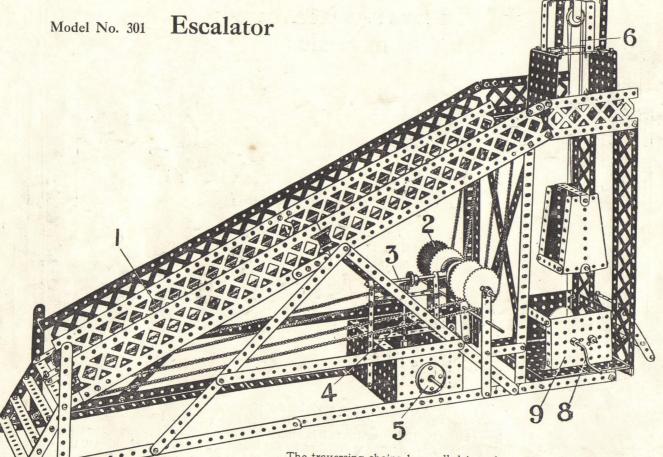
Parts Required: 4 of No. 1 2 ,, ,, 17 1 " " 27A 1 " " 32 2 ,, ,, 35 1 ,, ,, 96





to show the construction.

by strips 12 from the weighing lever 13. Sectional view shows the model slightly dismantled, better

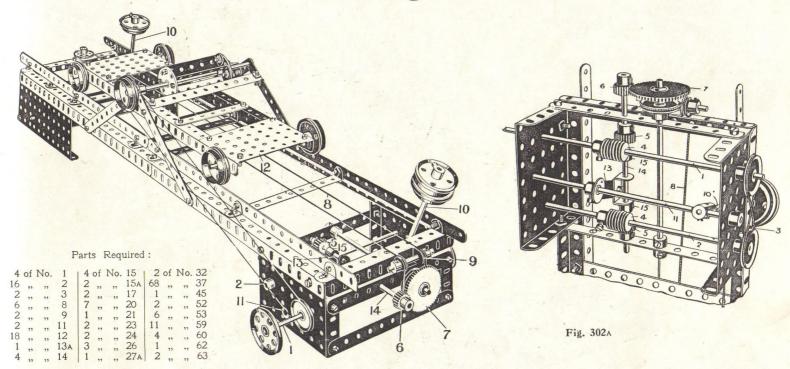


The traversing chains 1 are all driven from the sprockets 2 by a shaft 3 which is itself driven from the vertical rod 4 by a worm gearing operated by the pulley 5. The hoisting cord 6 for the cage 7 is operated from the crank handle 8 by gearing in the box 9. The cage traverses guide cords secured at top and bottom and which pass through the holes in the strips of the cage.

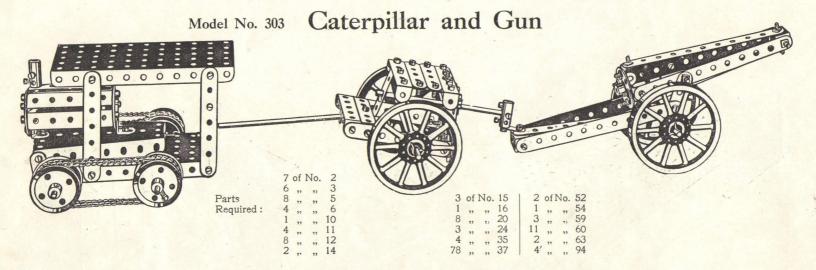
## Parts Required:

8 of No. 1

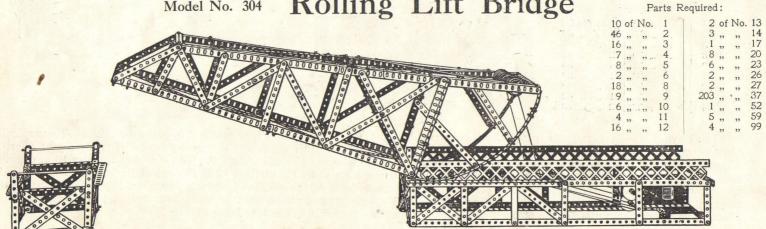
## Model No. 302 Planing Machine

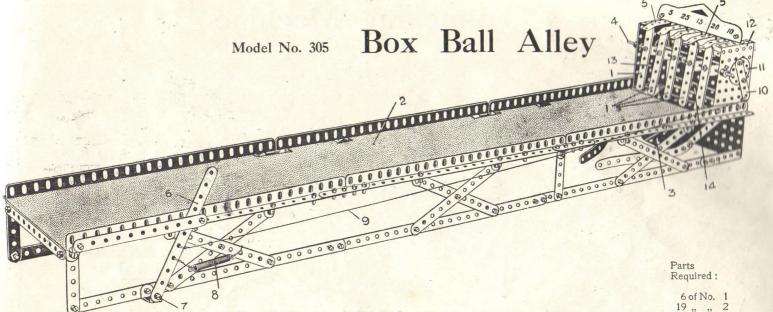


The driving spindle 1 and the spindle 2 are connected by a crossed rope 3, so that they rotate in opposite directions. These spindles carry worms 4, one or other of which engages with one of two pinions 5 on a spindle which also carries a pinion 6 engaging a gear wheel 7, which carries a 1" fast pulley round which the traversing cord 8 passes on to the  $\frac{1}{2}$ " loose pulleys 9. The weighted spindles 10 at opposite ends of the apparatus are pivotally carried on spindles 11, and are engaged by the carriage 12 at the end of its travel. The spindle 11 carries a crank piece 13 to the end of which is bolted a double bracket sliding on the spindle 14, and engages collars 15 thereon, so that as the weighted spindle 10 is pushed over by the carriage the crank 13 disengages one pinion from its worm and engages the other worms and pinion, thus reversing the direction of rotation of the pinion 6, and consequently of the traversing rope 8.



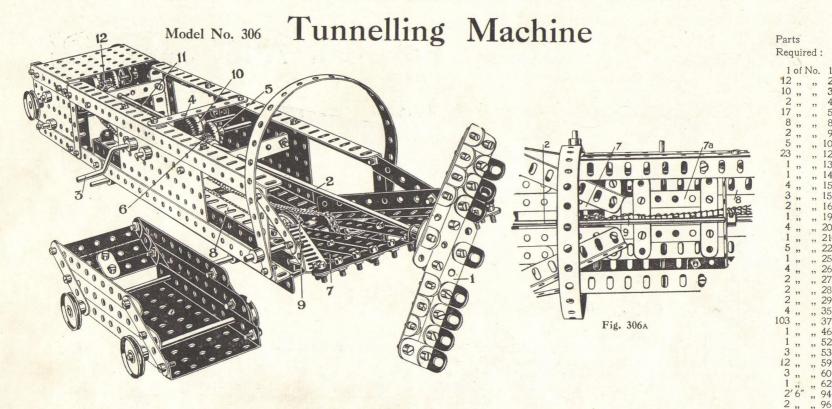






This model gives endless amusement.

The object is to hit one of the strips 1, which have various number values, by means of a ball rolled along the platform 2, the ball after striking and tipping one of the strips being returned by the tray 3 to the player. The strips 1 are pivoted by double bent strips on to a rod 4, so that each strip may swing independently. The upper end of each strip is engaged by strips 5, the ends of which are bent slightly down, as shown, so that while the strips 1 are normally held in the position shown, when one of the strips is struck by the ball it is deflected backward and its upper end snaps outward past the bent end of its strip 5, which thus acts as a spring, the deflected strip being then retained in that position until it is reset. To reset any or all of the strips 1 a handle is formed by a strip 6 pivoted at 7 and controlled by a tension spring 8. A cord 9 connects the strip 6 to a short strip 10 forming a crank and bolted to a bush whee 11 on an axle journalled in the side plates 12. This axle on its interior carries two further bush wheels to which are secured two short strips 13 forming cranks, a long double bent strip 14 being in turn bolted to the strips 13. When therefore the handle 6 is pulled out against the spring 8 the cord 9 rotates the bush wheel 11 and forces out the long double bent strip 14 which pushes out the strips 1 and resets them in their normal positions. During this resetting operation the upper ends of the strips 1 snap back beneath the bent ends of the spring strips 5.



The main boring head 1 is driven by the shaft 2 from the crank 3, on the spindle of which a pinion engages a gear wheel 4 which is fixed on the same spindle as the contrate wheel 5, which is geared with the pinion 6 on the shaft 2. The earth removed by the boring head falls down the slope 7 and is removed by a traversing carriage 7A running on the rails 8 and operated by the chain 9. As the carriage reaches the inner part of its travel it tips by meeting a stop. The carriage is traversed by a contrate wheel engaging a pinion on the shaft 11, another pinion 12 on this shaft engaging one or other of the contrate wheels which form a clutch for reversing the carriage, the contrate wheels spindle carrying a pinion which engages a gear wheel on the spindle of the rear sprocket wheel carrying the chain.

# 307 Model No.

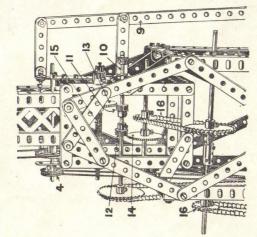
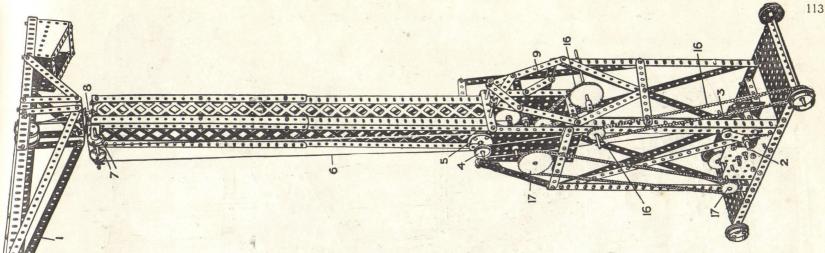


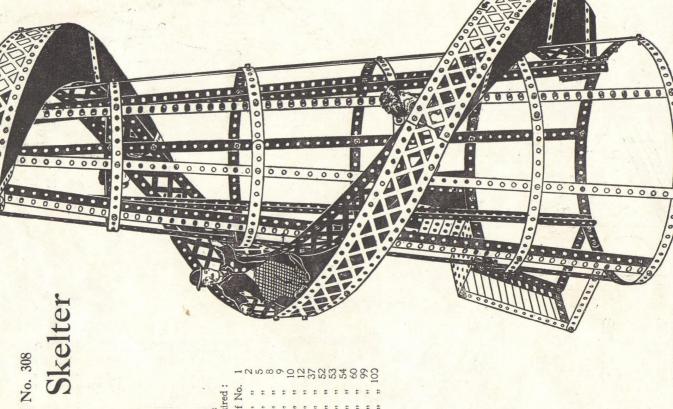
Fig. 307A

24	26	27A	33	35	37	94	45	46	52	54	10	29	3	62	63	35	96
. Š	33	33	33	9.5	99	33	66	66	33	33	53	33	33	33	33		33
	3		66	. 66	33	66	33	23	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	66	
Kequired   1 of	4	3	-	4	139	9	-	I	0	7	1	14	7	1	- (	N	4
e _																9	
	7	3	4	2	ω	11	12	13A	14	15	ACI	16	17	18	83	21	22
	, 2	, 3	4 "	" 5	ω,	,, 11	,, 12	" 13A	,, 14	,, 15	15			,, 18	28		,, 22
irts 1	. 33	33	"	" " 5	66	", 1	,, ,, 12		33	", 15	" I5	66	66	33	66	66	

swinging of the jib I is effected from the handle 2 by means of a cord coupling a pulley 3 to a pulley 4. Round a larger pulley 5 on the same shaft passes a confinuous cord 6 which, after winding round guide pulley 7, passes round a pulley 8 faxed on the central spindle jib or the same. The handle 9 slides the spindle 10 carrying two pinions 11 and 12 so that either the pinion 11 may engage the great wheel 13 or the pinion 12 the great wheel 14. When the pinion engages the wheel 13 the cord 15 is wound on or off the spindle to raise or lower the load, and when the pinion 12 engages the wheel 14 the traversing movement is effected through the chain and sprocket 16. The power is taken from the motor by way of the I' and 2' sprockets II, the latter on the spindle carrying the pinions 11 and 12.



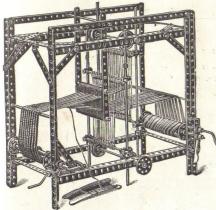
Can be Made with or No. Outfit No. and This Model MECCANO No. Model No. 308



#### Model No. 309

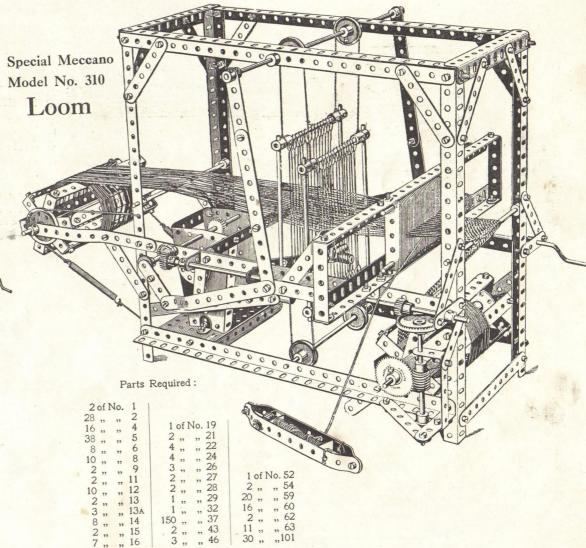
#### Loom

Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A

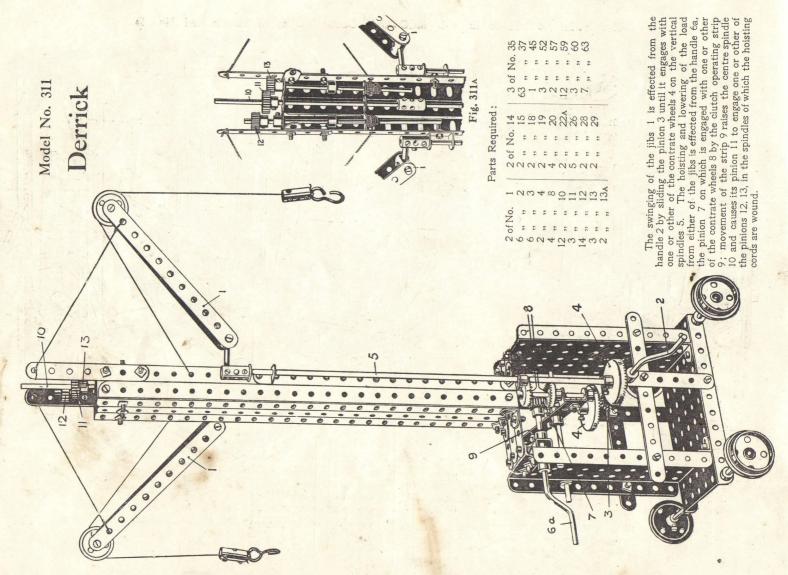


#### Parts Required:

2	of I	No.	1	1	2	of N	No.	19
4	"	"	2		4	99	"	20
2	99	99	3		4 5	99	"	22
13	99	99	4 5		3	22	>>	26
48	99	99	8		1	"	27	32
8 2	"	"	9		1	27	22	33
1	22	99	10		16	"	99	35
3	"	"	12		64	"	"	37
4 2	"	99	13 13A		2	99	"	52
8	"	99	14	-	12	"	"	59
4	22	27	15		8	"	"	63
2	22	"	15A	1				



5A and No. S This Model Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 5, or No.



5 ,, ,, 59

10 ,, ,, 60

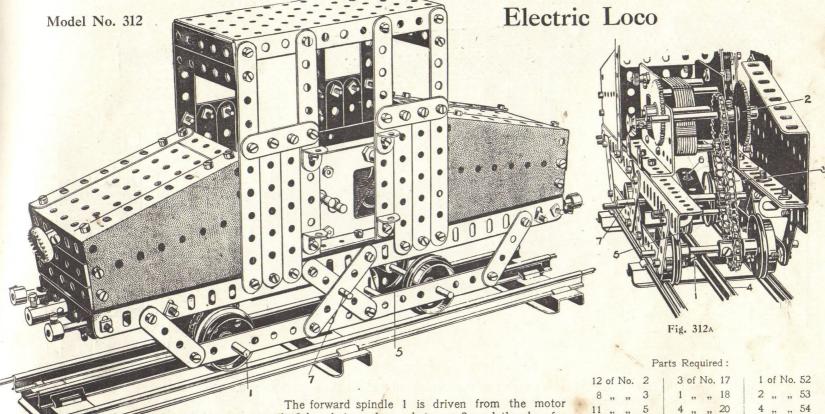
1 ,, ,, 63

1 ,, ,, 22

2 ,, ,, 35

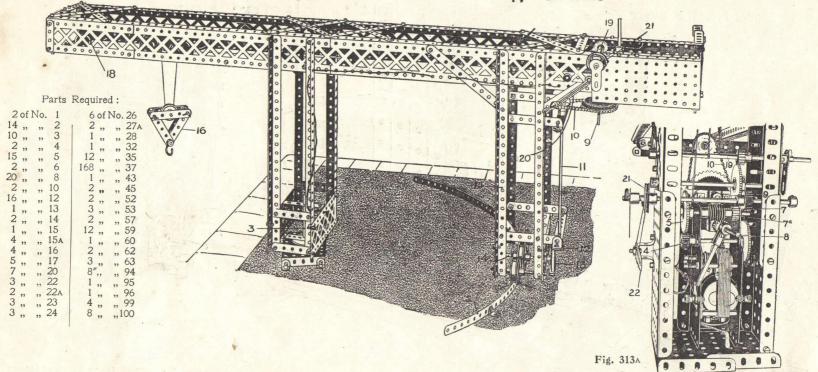
2 .. .. 15A

This Model Can be Made with MECCANO Outfit No. 6, or No. 5 and No. 5A



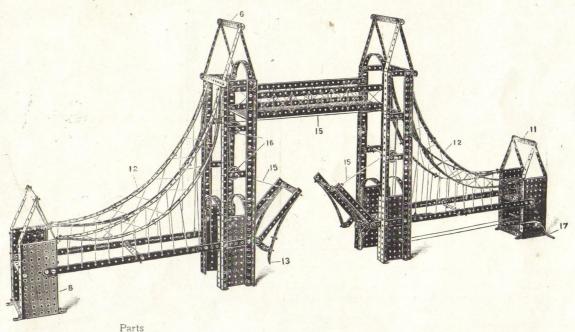
spindle 2 by chain and sprocket gear 3, and the shoe for collecting the current from the live rail 4 is a pulley wheel 5 pivoted on a short rod in a cranked bent strip bolted to a  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " strip 6, which is fastened to a rod 7, from which the strip is insulated. The positive electric wire is led from the strip 6 to the motor terminal, the running wheels forming the negative return of the circuit.

#### Model No. 313 Radial Travelling Crane



The structure of the crane runs on the rear wheels 1 on the circular rail 2 about the central pivot 3. The radial travelling movement is effected from the motor spindle, the pinion 4 of which gears from the secondary wheels 5 with a gear wheel driving a worm 7 which engages a pinion on a vertical spindle 8, at the foot of which is a pinion engaging with a gear wheel on the spindle 9, geared by chain and sprocket wheels 10 to a spindle 11, a pinion 12 on which drives a contrate wheel 13 keyed to the rod 14, on which is the central rolling spindle of the crane leg 15. If a few turns of cord are wound round this central pulley a better bite is obtained on the rail edge 2. The bearings of spindles 8 and 9 are carried in double bent strips secured to transverse strips bolted to the side flanged plates. The traversing mechanism of the carriage which supports the pulley block 16 is effected from the worm shaft 7, a ½" pinion 7a on which drives a ¾" pinion 17, on the spindle of which is a continuous cord which traverses the frame. This cord passes round the pulley 18 at the extreme outer end of the crane jib. The hoisting rope is driven similarly from the pinion 7a, the hoisting cord winding on and off the rod 19. A brake for the spindle of the winding rod 19 is provided by a cord passing round a 1" pulley 21 and connected to a lever 22.

# Model No. 314 Tower Bridge



Parts Required:

22 of No. 1	12 of No. 9	2 of No. 26	2 of No. 43
34 ,, ,, 2	28 " " 12	1 ,, ,, 27	2 ,, ,, 46
12 ,, ,, 3	6 ,, ,, 15	1 ,, ,, 33	8 ,, ,, 52
12 ,, ,, 5	1 ,, ,, 19	9 ,, ,, 35	4 ,, ,, 53
10 ,, ,, 8	6 ,, ,, 22	183 ,, ,, 37	1 ,, ,, 59

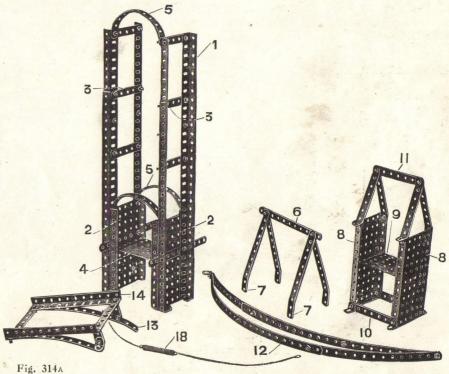
#### Tower Bridge (continued) Model No 314

Begin by making the two main towers, the construction of one of which is shown in Fig. 314A. The four uprights 1 are made of angle girders, connected at their lower extremities by large flanged plates 2 and transverse strips 3. The sides of the tower are connected together by a small flanged plate 4 across the top of which and at the top of the tower are bolted bent 51" strips.

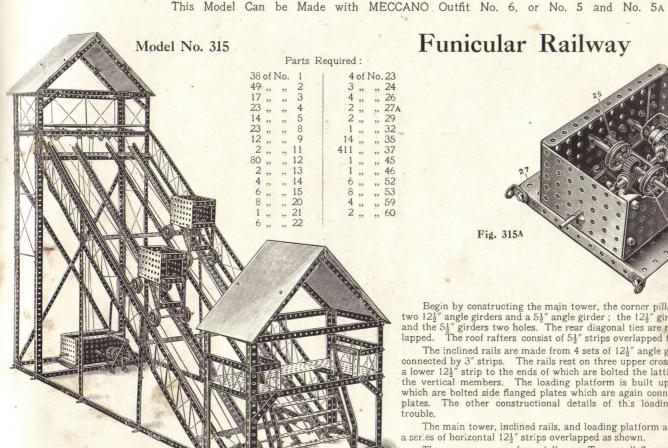
The top gable 6, constructed as shown, is then bolted at its lower edges 7 to the top of the uprights.

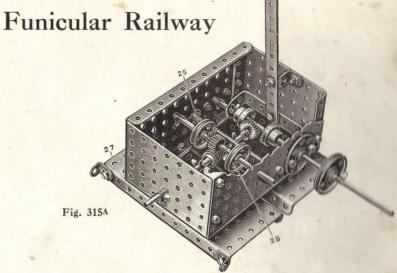
The short end towers, one of which is shown to the right of the figure, are built up from two large flanged plates 8 connected together by a small flanged plate 9 and two 31" strips 10, the gable 11 being then bolted on top.

The catenary member 12 is built up from four curved 123" strips overlapped, the lower member by 12 holes and the upper member by 15 holes, so as to produce a longer sweep in the lower member, and are bolted to the vertical angle girders of the higher towers, and by angle brackets to the shorter towers.



The bascules as illustrated in the left-hand corner of the picture are built up of two 5½" angle girders braced with transverse  $3\frac{1}{2}$  strips, and reinforced with bent  $5\frac{1}{2}$  strips, one of which is provided with a projecting  $2\frac{1}{2}$  strip 13, which bears against the main tower and acts as a stop when the bascules are horizontal. The bascules are hinged by fixing bolts in the end holes 14, and are opened by the cords 15 passing over the guide pulleys 16, and are controlled by the extension spring 18, which normally acts to return them to their closed position. In the right smaller tower is the operating handle 17, on which is secured a 3" pinion meshed with a gear wheel on the spindle, on which the operating cords 15 are wound.





121

Begin by constructing the main tower, the corner pillars of which are made from two 12½" angle girders and a 5½" angle girder; the 12½" girders overlapped three holes and the  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " girders two holes. The rear diagonal ties are made from 124" strips over lapped. The roof rafters consist of 5\frac{1}{2}" strips overlapped five holes.

The inclined rails are made from 4 sets of 12½" angle girders, butted together and connected by 3" strips. The rails rest on three upper crossing 121" angle girders, and a lower 123" strip to the ends of which are bolted the latticed side ralls supported by the vertical members. The loading platform is built up from 51" girder strips to which are bolted side flanged plates which are again connected by two small flanged plates. The other constructional details of this loading tower should present no

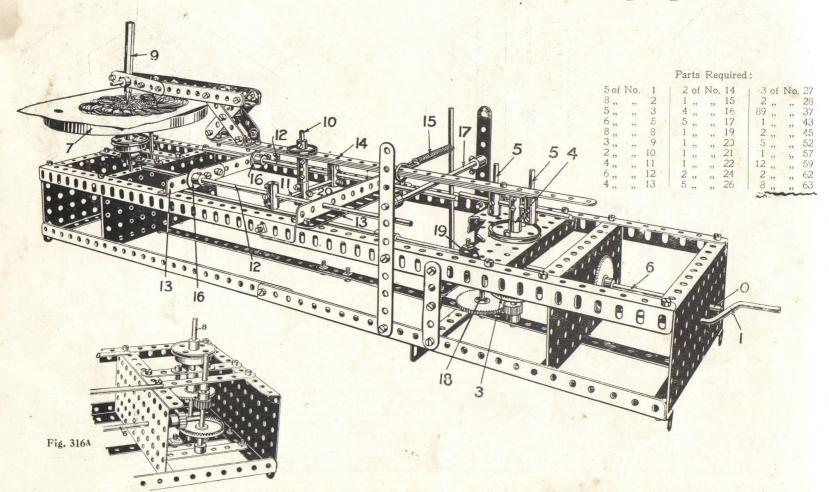
The main tower, inclined rails, and loading platform are now coupled together by a series of horizontal 123" strips overlapped as shown.

The wagons are made as follows: Two small flanged plates are connected top and bottom by 2½" strips. The journals for the front axle are made by two 34" strips bolted inside the flanged plates, the axle being threaded through their lower projecting holes. The rear axle journals are made by carrying down two 31" strips bolted in their

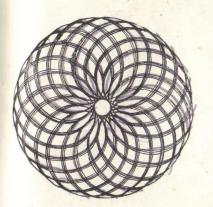
upper holes to the flanged plates, and braced with the diagonal strips to the sides of the wagon. The axle is again threaded through the lowest holes. One end of the operating cord as shown in this view is secured to this rear axle; the other end, after passing round the pulleys is secured to the front axle. The gear box for operating the main hauling shaft is very fully shown in Fig. 315A, the operating cords from the pulleys 25 passing round the pulleys in the upper goar platform.

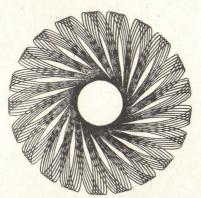
The Gear Box is mounted on two perforated plates 27, the angle brackets on which are bolted to the transverse strips at the base of the tower,

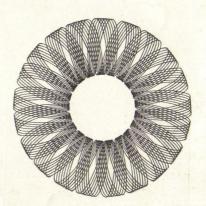
## Model No. 316 Meccanograph

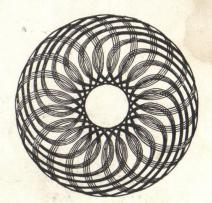


#### Model No. 316 Meccanograph—continued









This is a model of extraordinary interest, and we hope that all Meccano users will make it up for themselves.

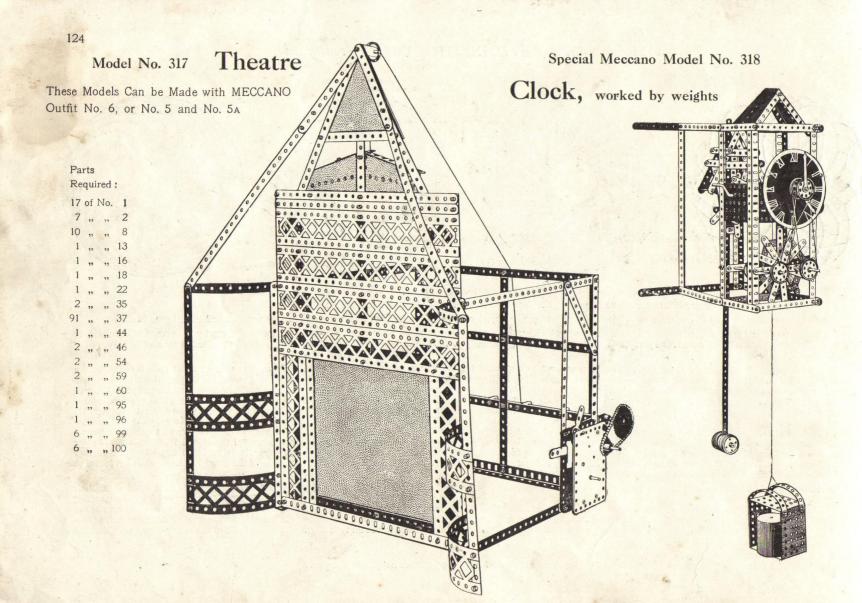
With it an amazing variety of exquisite designs may be made by any boy, by simply fixing a sheet of paper and pencil in position and turning the handle.

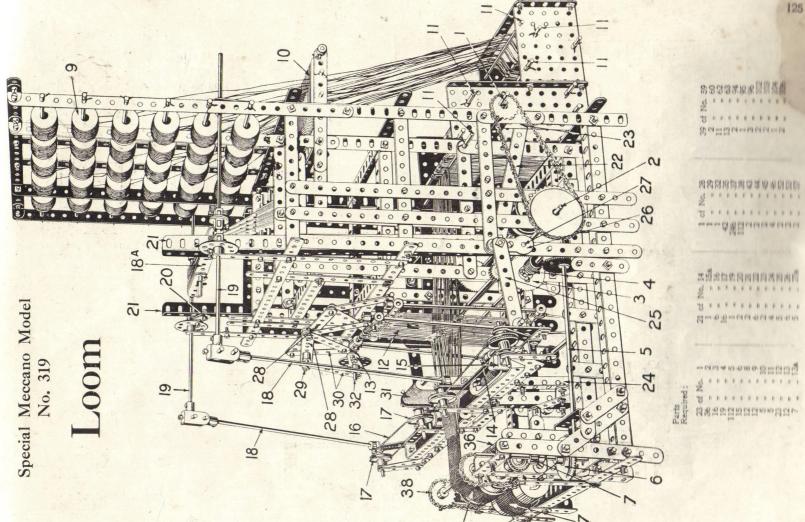
We have reproduced on this page one or two neat designs which have been made with this instrument, and we could supplement these by thousands of others if we had the space, but must content ourselves by saying that there is no limit whatever to the variety and beauty of the designs which can be made by simply varying the adjustments.

The crank handle 1 is geared by a pinion to the contrate wheel 3 on a vertical spindle at 4, which carries a crank mechanism made of short rods 5 connected by couplings. The handle 1 is also geared to, and drives, a secondary shaft 6, by means of which latter the table 7 is rotated. The gearing for driving the table spindle 8 from the shaft 6 is clearly shown in the sectional view. The lever for holding the pencil or pen 9 is pivoted on a rod 10, carried by a coupling from a transverse rod 11, which in turn is connected by couplings to rods 12, which may be sladably adjusted longitudinally in the angle girders 13. The pencil lever 14 is engaged and pressed against the crank mechanism by spring 15 as the crank rod is rotated, and this action causes a transverse movement of the pencil 9 across the table 7 while the latter rotates. If a sheet of paper be secured on the table 7 very beautiful designs in unlimited number may be obtained by varying transversely the position of the coupling on the cross rod 11, and by altering the longitudinal position of the rod 11, or by altering the position of the vertical rod 5 on the horizontal crank rod, so as to obtain different swinging movements of the lever 14. The position of the cross rod 11 may be adjusted by slackening the pinching screws in the bosses of the cranks 16. The lever 14 rides to and fro on the cross rod 17 during the operation of the machine, as described, but the rod 17 may be removed when the lever 14 is operated slidably. Still further designs may be obtained by engaging the pencil lever 14 with one of its own holes threaded over the vertical rod 5, the screws of the cranks 16 being thus left loose, so that the pivot 10 of the lever 14 slides longitudinally.

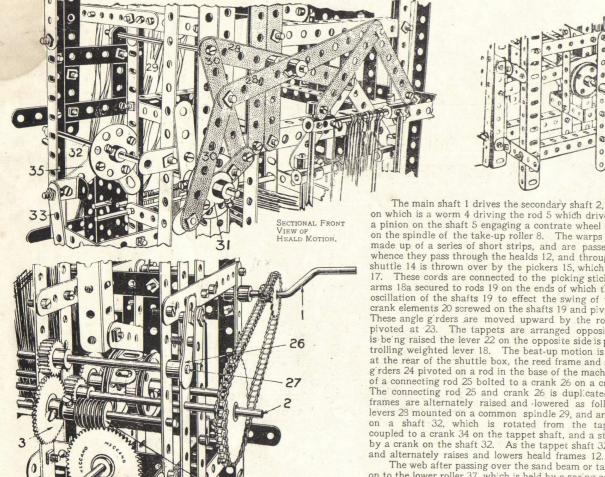
Another series of designs may be obtained by driving a secondary spindle 18 from the spindle of the contrate 3. A bush wheel 19 on the spindle 18 is fitted with a bolt forming a crank pin to engage one end of a strip, the other end of which is pivoted about a bolt passed into the bottom of the coupling 20 and gripped by the pinching screw of the coupling. This connection gives a combined rocking and longitudinal movement to the pencil. The spindle 4 should only protrude 1 above the boss of the wheel forming the bearing in order to enable the crank mechanism 5 to be connected or disconnected without disturbing the general arrangement. When attaching the cranks 16 to the angle girders 13 flat brackets should be inserted between the cranks and the girders to obtain true alignment of the holes in the crank bosses with those in the angle girders.

Care should be taken to see that all the working parts run freely and smoothly, and that the pencil is held securely, and does not press too hard on the paper. In place of the pencil a fountain pen may also be used, which should have a hard nib and a fine point, or a stylographic pen.





#### Loom (continued)



SECTIONAL FRONT

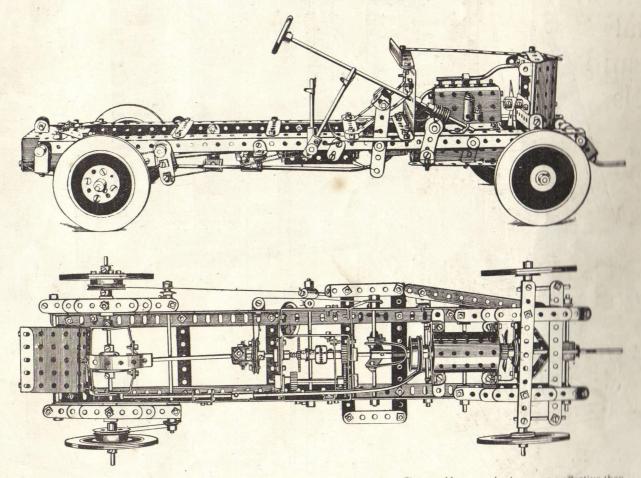
The main shaft 1 drives the secondary shaft 2, which is coupled by gear wheels 3 to a shaft on which is a worm 4 driving the rod 5 which drives the take-up. This is effected by means of a pinion on the shaft 5 engaging a contrate wheel 6, a pinion 7 driving another contrate wheel on the spindle of the take-up roller 8. The warps are led from the creel 9 through a reed 10 made up of a series of short strips, and are passed round rods 11 at the rear of the loom, whence they pass through the healds 12, and through the reed 13 on the take-up roller 8. The shuttle 14 is thrown over by the pickers 15, which are attached to cords 16 passing over pulley 17. These cords are connected to the picking sticks 18, the sticks being swung by weighted arms 18a secured to rods 19 on the ends of which the picking sticks 18 are also attached. The oscillation of the shafts 19 to effect the swing of the picking sticks 18 is effected by gearing crank elements 20 screwed on the shafts 19 and pivotally attached to vertical angle girders 21. These angle girders are moved upward by the rotation of tappets, which engage levers 22 pivoted at 23. The tappets are arranged oppositely, so that when lever 22 at one side is being raised the lever 22 on the opposite side is permitted to fall under the action of its controlling weighted lever 18. The beat-up motion is effected as follows: The reed 13 is carried at the rear of the shuttle box, the reed frame and shuttle box or slay being carried on angle g'rders 24 pivoted on a rod in the base of the machine. The slay is sent to and fro by means of a connecting rod 25 bolted to a crank 26 on a cross shaft 27 driven from the worm shaft 4. The connecting rod 25 and crank 26 is duplicated at each side of the machine. The heald frames are alternately raised and lowered as follows: The heald frames are carried from levers 28 mounted on a common spindle 29, and are rotated by levers 30 from a crosshead 31 on a shaft 32, which is rotated from the tappet shaft 32a by a connecting rod 33 coupled to a crank 34 on the tappet shaft, and a strip 35 bolted to a bush wheel and reinforced by a crank on the shaft 32. As the tappet shaft 32a rotates, therefore, the shaft 32 is oscillated

SECTIONAL REAR VIEW OF LOOM.

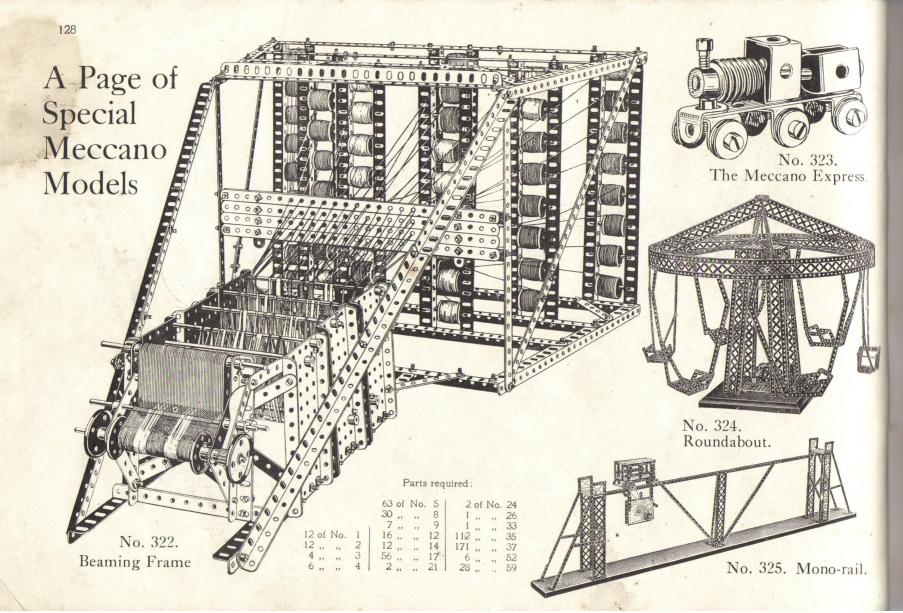
The web after passing over the sand beam or take-up roller 8 is wound round a rod 36 and on to the lower roller 37, which is held by a spring control operated by the sprocket chain 38.

It is to be noted that the sand beam 8 should have a covering of sandpaper to grip the material.

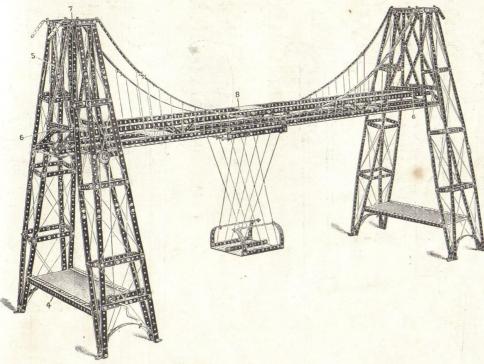
## Special Meccano Model No. 320 Motor Car Chassis



By means of these illustrations any Meccano boy should be able to build his own car. The new Meccano wheels are more effective than the cardboard ones shown. If the model gives you any trouble, send us a line, and we will mail you further illustrations.

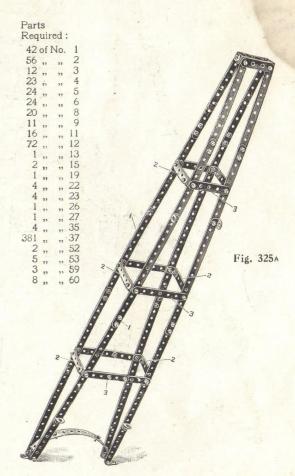


## Model No. 325 Transporter Bridge



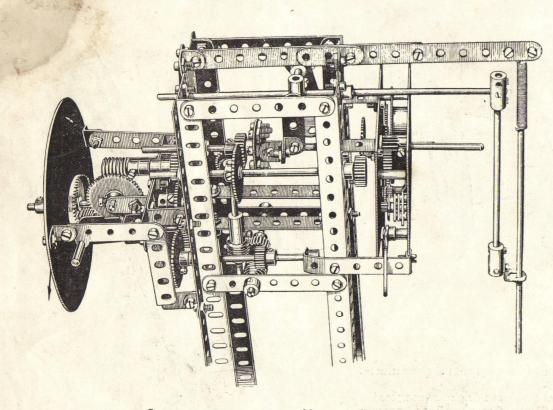
The main girder in this model calls for no particular description, being constructed similarly to that previously described.

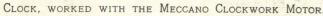
The end towers, Fig. 325A, are each made up of a pair of side girders composed of perforated strips 1 bowed at the centres and distanced by the short strips 2 and transverse strips 3. These side girders are connected at their lower ends by  $12\frac{1}{2}$ " angle girders 4 and at their upper parts by the inclined  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 5, transverse  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " angle girders 6, and upper  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " strips 7. The end flanged plates of the main girder 8 are bolted to the angle girders 6 of the towers.



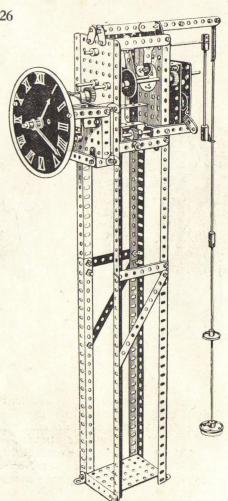
## Special Meccano Model

No. 326



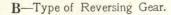


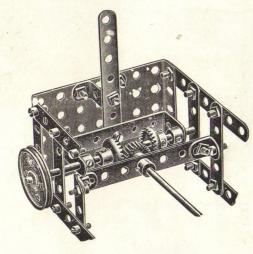
A Meccano Clock which actually works must interest every Meccano boy. We have endeavoured to fully illustrate the movement and adjustments in our reproduction, and we hope every Meccano user will build the model for himself.



Standard Details for use in the Construction of Models on the Meccano Principle

A-A Brake Mechanism suitable for controlling winding or similar spindles.

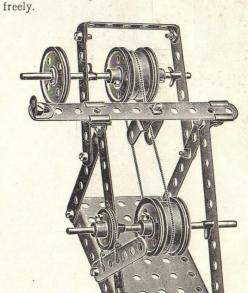




G-Method of operating a fast and loose pulley with a belt drive, one of the flanged wheels on the main shaft being secured whilst the other runs

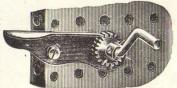
C-Worm and

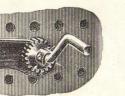
Worm Gear.

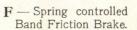


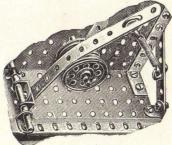
D-Method of locking swivelling connections with double nuts.

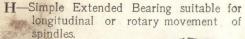
E-Pawl and Pinion or Ratchet Gear: used also as a brake.

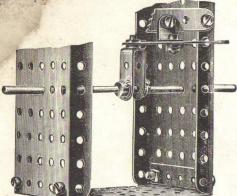




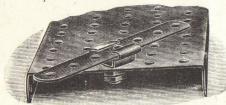








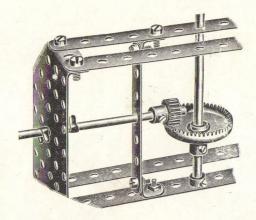
K—Swivel Bearing providing for combined sliding and oscillating movement of a strip.



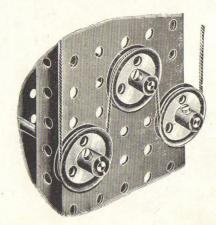
N—Crank formed with  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " pulley wheel and strip, lock-nutted.



I—Gear Connection for coupling two shafts at right angles.



L—Jockey Pulley Arrangement for increasing grip in a driving band.



J-Purchase Pulley.



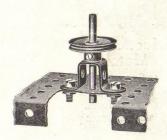
O—Extended bearing for a spindle formed by a double bent strip bolted to a perforated plate.



Q—Overhung support for  $\frac{1}{2}$  pulley. The bolt spindle for the pulley is nutted on each side of the angle bracket.



P—Footstep bearing for a vertical spindle formed by bolting a double bent strip to a perforated plate.



R—Overhung support for larger pulley. The screwed end of the bolt is entered in the wheel boss and nipped by the set screw.



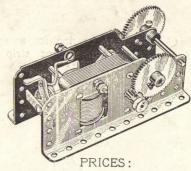
## The Meccano Electric Motor

This is the Meccano Electric Motor—the most powerful and reliable toy electric motor made. It runs Elevators, Sawmills, Lathes, or any other Meccano models. It has been tested to lift 30lbs. dead weight when properly geared. Two or three dry batteries will run it but accumulators are more

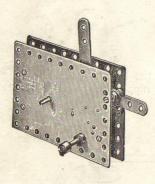
#### The Meccano Spring Motor

THE MECCANO SPRING MOTOR contains its own motive power in a simple and convenient form. It can be built into, and becomes part of, the model it drives.

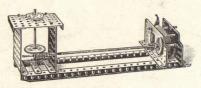
satisfactory. Direct shaft drive; positive and powerful. Interchangeable gearing. It puts action into Meccano models; makes them operate like real machinery. Included as part of outfits Nos. ix, 2x, and 3x.



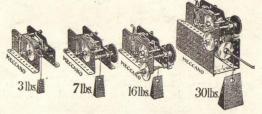
Without reversing mechanism .. 7/6 With reversing mechanism .. 12/6



The No. 1 Meccano Spring Motor may be used in connection with a very large number of Meccano models. It has a stopping and starting motion, and the movement can be reversed. Price 7/6



Showing the application of the Electric motor, to such models as the Roundabout, Maxim Flying Machine, &c.



This illustration shows a combination of gearings built from Meccano parts on to the Electric Motor itself, the drive being direct from the Armature Spindle. Note how a slow drive and substantial lifting power are secured. In this case three dry batteries (approximately four volts) were used.

Just a hint on the use of the non-reversing electric motor. When it is fitted to a crane or an elevator it is a good plan to secure a collar to the shaft, on the inside of the plate nearest the large gear wheel, allowing about ¼in. play. When the load has reached the top the rod may be slid along sufficiently to throw the big gear wheel out of gear with the pinion, thus allowing the load to be released.

# Price List

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# MECCANO IS MORE THAN A TOY

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engineering parts in miniature, and that these parts act in precisely the same way as the corresponding engineering elements would do in actual practice. No other system of model construction could, therefore, be correct. Other toys which attempt the same object by other methods must avail themselves of other constructive elements which are not correct engineering elements. Consequently, though a boy may succeed in building playthings with them, they are merely toys, and nothing else, and his mind, as regards proper mechanical construction and methods, is distorted instead of instructed. He thus learns wrong principles, and when his ambition tempts him to invent or construct more elaborate models he will be stopped by the deficiencies of his non-mechanical system.

No Outfit is genuine unless it bears the trade mark MECCANO